

1874.

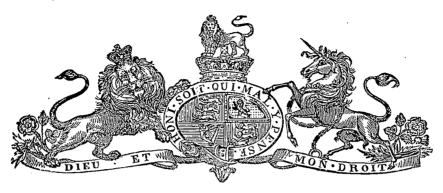
TASMANIA.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

QUEEN'S ASYLUM.

REPORT FOR 1873.

Laid upon the Table by the Attorney-General, and ordered by the House to be printed, July 21, 1874.



QUEEN'S ASYLUM REPORT.

Port Arthur, 20th May, 1874.

Sir,
I have the honor to furnish, by your request, the Annual Report of the Queen's Asylum for 1873.

- 1. The admissions of children during the year were 23, whilst the numbers apprenticed were 44, discharged 13, died 3. The average number was $324\frac{27}{36}$.
- 2. The total expenditure was £4841 14s. 10d., reduced however by £77 16s. 8d., moneys received for maintenance, &c., details of which will be found in the Tables appended; thus making the amount £4763 18s. 2d., and the cost per head of the inmates £14 13s. $4\frac{3}{4}d$.
- 3. The scholastic duties were carried on as heretofore, as also the religious instruction; the several reports upon which being supplied by W. Rule, Esq., the Rev. Canon Hudspeth, M.A., and the Venerable W. J. Dunne, V.G.

These Reports are attached.

- 4. The industrial training of the children was ever kept prominently in view; and, notwithstanding the changes made in the staff of officials in the spirit of economy, the interests of the inmates and their careful supervision were duly protected.
- 5. Towards the close of the year an epidemic of Scarlatina broke out, by which 64 children were prostrated. In one instance the severity of the attack was followed by purpura and death; in a second by convulsions and death also.

A lad about 12 years of age likewise succumbed to disease of the vertebræ of the back. He was received into the Institution in a sickly condition, and laboured under great deformity from extensive curvature of the spine.

6. Owing to the outbreak of Scarlatina the Establishment was debarred the accustomed distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Mrs. Du Cane, and other philanthropists, at the annual prize-giving.

The ceremony, however, was honored by the presence of His Lordship the Bishop of Tasmania, the Ven. W. J. Dunne, V.G., the Rev. Canons Hudspeth and Bromby, the Rev. P. R. Hennebry, and several visitors.

- 7. The usual holidays upon the anniversary of Her Majesty's Birthday, and of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales's, were properly celebrated.
- "Fox's Feast," also, was a day of rejoicing for the children; as were other occasions when amusement and recreation were provided for them by invitation from the charitably disposed proprietors of public entertainments exhibiting in Hobart Town.
- 8. Fewer strangers probably than formerly visited the Establishment during the 12 months; still the entries in the Visitors' Book have had their numbers enlarged during that period, and tend to support the many pleasing records that from time to time have been made in it.

9. The operations of the Farm were continued with unabated vigour, as may be judged by a reference to the Account Current attached.

The Farm has ever formed an integral part of the Queen's Asylum; and it is only of late years that its expenditure has been kept separately.

The balance to credit, therefore, of £557 0s. 3d., if allowed to be calculated as formerly in arriving at the cost per head of the children, would, in place of showing it as £14 13s. $4\frac{3}{4}d$., make it only about £12 9s.

In conclusion, my connection with the Institution having ceased with the termination of the year, I desire thus briefly to summarise the following particulars—(a) that during the period of my superintendence since the commencement of 1865, 344 boys and 280 girls were received into the Asylum;—(b) that 314 boys and 239 girls were apprenticed from it;—(c) that 175 boys and 162 girls were discharged to parents or friends; and (d) that 7 boys and 4 girls died, making totals of 624 admissions and 901 discharges, including deaths.

With so large a number of children annually sent out into the world, is it surprising that a few stray ones should be found? So far, however, as a fair estimate can be formed, a very large majority of the inmates of the Queen's Asylum have become good and useful members of society, notwithstanding the slur that has always been cast upon the unfortunate "Orphan School apprentice."

The conduct and bearing of the children in the Establishment, as a rule, have been respectful and proper; and, making allowances for youthful follies and frolics, they performed their several avocations with cheerfulness, and have ever been amenable to sympathy and kind treatment.

Owing to the absence of any provision for teaching trades, the attempt to re-establish them, after being once tried, was never made. Apart from the expense attending it, the fact of the inmates being apprenticed at an age before they could properly master a calling, operated in determining the matter; added to which it is an acknowledged truth that few of those learning trades in an Institution of the kind ever follow them in after life.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. COVERDALE, late Principal.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary.

No. 1.		No. 2.
Admitted Apprenticed Discharged Died Daily Average	23 44 10 3 324 ²⁷⁰	Salaries. £ s. d. £ s. d. Principal and Medical Officer 450 0 0 Clerk and Storekeeper 120 0 0 Head Schoolmaster 148 13 1 Assistant Schoolmaster 120 0 0
Cost per head	£ s. d. 14 13 $4\frac{s}{4}$	Matron, Female School 125 0 0 Matron, Infant School (to 30th April) 30 13 4 Schoolmistress, Senior (to 30th April) 24 4 4 Schoolmistress, Junior 91 13 4 Schoolmistress, Infant School (1st July to 31st Dec.) 35 0 0
Salaries and Allowances Books and Stationery Provisions Fuel and Light Stores Bedding	£ s. d. 1721 2 3 25 17 11 2054 5 3 361 13 11 84 7 6 473 6 5	Cook and Storeman 70 0 0 Carpenter 90 0 0 Drill and Bandmaster 40 0 0 Organist 25 0 0 Nurse, Hospital 36 0 0 General Nurses (2), Laundress (1), Cooks (2) 140 0
Clothing Repairs to Buildings Needlowork Medicines	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	General Servants (2)
Total Expenditure Cash Receipts Net Expenditure	4841 14 10 77 16 8	Rent of House for Principal 60 0 0 Head Schoolmaster, instructing Monitors 7 7 4 Schoolmistress, instructing Monitresses 3 6 8 Moiety of Police Rate 2 1 3
Not tapenment	#100 10 ·2	Bonus to Matron, Infant School
		£1721 2 3

No. 3.

COST of Provisions.

No. 4.

COST of Fuel and Light.

	Children.	Servants.	,	Fuel.	Light.
January. February March April May June July August September October November December	£ s. d. 164 3 5 162 17 2 164 18 4 164 12 7 165 7 3 164 15 4 165 7 8 164 13 9 164 2 7 165 13 8 165 16 3 11 165 16 5	£ s. d. 6 7 11 5 18 4 6 9 4 6 7 3 6 11 0 6 8 1 6 19 11 6 19 11 6 8 4 6 10 0 6 15 4 6 17 9 £78 13 2	January February March April May June July August September October November December	16 10 0 19 19 0 24 19 0 35 6 0 35 6 0 34 3 0 35 6 0 34 3 0 19 19 0	£ s. d. 3 13 0 2 18 4 3 10 6 4 8 4 4 1 7 4 3 9 4 11 4 4 11 9 4 8 1 3 6 9 3 2 10 3 5 8 £46 1 11
Total for Children Total for Servants	1977 12	d. 1	RECAPITU	LATION.	£ s. d.
t	£2054 5	3	Coals, 600,300 lbs., at 23s. per ton Wood, 40,320 lbs., at 8s. per ton Oil, Kerosene, 343 gallons, at	308 4 0 7 4 0	35, 0. 4.
			2s. per gallon	••	34 6 °0 10 6 2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		Candles, Composition, 25 lbs., at 1s. 1d. per lb	. ••	171
			per dozen	••	0 2 8

No. 5.

RETURN of the Number of Children in the Queen's Asylum for Destitute Children, for the Year 1873.

Remaining 1 Jan. 1873.		Admitted	in 1873.	Apprenticed in 1873.		Dischar 18		Died in 1873.		Remainin 187	g 31 Dec. 73.	Average Num- ber throughout the Year.		
м.		ъ. 159	м. 11	F.	м.	F	м.	. 6	м.	F.	м. 165	г. 139	M.	F.
341		23		25 19		13		3		304		$ \begin{array}{c c} 166\frac{112}{365} & 158\frac{158}{365} \\ \hline 324\frac{270}{365} & \\ \end{array} $		

RETURN showing the Ages of the Children remaining in the Queen's Asylum on the 31st December, 1873; how they were maintained; and their Religion.

		AG	ES.		E	OW MAIN	NTAINED	RELIGION.			
	Under 6.	6 to 8.	8 to 12.	Above 12.		Im- perial Go- vernment.	cided	Moiety to each Go- vernment.	testants	Roman Catholics.	Unde- cided.
Males	32	11	87	20	156	2		6	79	.81	
Females	18	9	94	33 .	130	3	- .	7	.; 7 .1	73	
Тотац	50	20	181	53	286	5		13	150	154	

RETURN showing the Expense of the Queen's Asylum, the Amount of Cash Receipts, and the Cost of each Child per annum, for the Year 1873.

	EXPENDITURE.			NET COST OF	COST PER HEAD			
Salaries and Allowances.	Other Expenses.	Total.	CASH RECEIPTS.	INSTITUTION TO GOVERNMENT.	PER ANNUM.			
£ s. d. 1721 2 3	£ s. d.	£ s. d. 4841 14 10	£ s. d. 77 16 8	£ s. d. 4763 18 2	£ s. d.			

RETURN showing Details of Cash Receipts at the Queen's Asylum during the Year 1873.

·	A	moun	t.	Total.		
By Indenture Fees	£ 32 9 4	3. 10 2 5	d. 0 6 0		s. 4	d. 6
Maintenance of Jas. Carns's child	24 0	 14 17	0 9	45 1 3 - 23	17 0 18	6 0 5
				£77	16	8

 ${f No.~~6.}$ NEEDLEWORK performed by the Girls during 1873.

	Made.	Repairs.
Pinafores	424 388 210 104 90	320 46 212 30 196
Sheets Pillow Cases Frock Skirts Towels Shirts Trousers.	127 139 327 16 151 92	100 5 86 488 547
Vests Jumpers Shirts Aprons Socks and Stockings darned	445 296 86	462 350 371 — 579
	2895	3792

VALUE of said Needlework if charged at ordinary Rates.

Dozens.	Pieces.	Articles.	Price.	Amount.
22 219 316	2 1	Sheets, Pillow Cases, &c General Clothing Repairs	6s. per doz.	£ s. d. 3 6 6 65 14 6 15 16 0 84 17 0

No. 7.

WASHING performed by Women and Girls during 1873.

	Pinafores	35,449
	Bathing Dresses	120
	Shirts	11,636
	Socks, pairs	1697
	Cases, Pillow	15,669
	Chemises	10,635
	Stockings, pairs	10,794
	Hoods	2166
	Gowns, Night	7544
	Towels	6778
	Jackets, Girls'	-
	Sheets	12,149
	Blankets	538
	Flannels	1001
ľ	Frocks	318
	Jumpers	. 750.
	Petticoats	380
	Trousers	2292
	Waistcoats	1326
	Jackets	448
		121,690
U		,000

VALUE of said Washing if charged at ordinary Rates.

Dozens. Piece		Articles.	Price.	Amount.			
1057	3	Sheets, Blankets,		£	8.	d.	
9083	7	and Rugs Ordinary	1s. $6d$. per doz.	79 454	5 3	101	
2.00	•		por don	£533	9	51	

RETURN of Sich and Wounded at Queen's Asylum for 1873.

CLASS 1.—ZYMOTIC DISEASES.	CLASS 3.—LOCAL DISEASES.
Order 1.—MIASMATIC DISEASES.	Order 1.—Diseases of the Nervous System.
Hives 1	Conjunctivitis 2 Odontalgia 2
Infantile Fever 39 Common continued Fever 5	Convulsions 1
Carbuncle 2	Ophthalmia 2 Total Order 1 7
Boil 1 Diarrhœa 1	Order 3.—Diseases of the Respiratory System.
Parotitis 163	Laryngitis 1
Scarlatina 64	Bronchitis 1
Catarrh 4 Quinsy 3	Pneumonia 1 Total Order 3 3
Total Order 1 284	Order 4.—Diseases of the Digestive Organs.
Order 3.—Dietic Diseases.	Ephemeral Fever 33
Purpura 1	Constipatio 2 Jaundice 6
Scurvy 1	Total Order 4 41
Total Order 3 2	Order 7Diseases of the Locomotive System.
Order 4.—PARASITIC DISEASES.	Caries of Vertebræ 1
Scabies 29 Lumbrici 12	Synovitis 2 Morbus Coxarius 1
Tinea Capitis 1	Total Order 7 4
Total Order 4 42	Order 8.—Diseases of the Integumentary System.
Total Class 1 328	Eruptio 17
	Pernio 5 Eczema 9
CLASS 2.—CONSTITUTIONAL DISEASES.	Total Order 8 31
Order 1.—DIATHETIC DISBASES.	Total Class 3 86
Anœmia 2	
Tumor 2 Total Order 1 4	CLASS 5.—VIOLENCE. Order 1.—Accident or Negligence.
	Contusions 4
Order 2.—TUBERCULAR DISEASES.	Concussions 2
Scrofula 1 Abscess 13	Cuts 6 Scalds 2
Total Order 2 14	Total Order 1 14
Total Class 2 18	Total Class 5 14
Total Class 2 - 10	Total Chass D 14
GENERAL TOTAL	446
·	446
GENERAL TOTAL ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S Bt. £ s. d. £ s. d.	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. Ctr. £ s. d. £ s. d.
GENERAL TOTAL ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S Dt. £ s. d. £ s. d. Salaries.	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. Ctr. £ s. d. £ s. d. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0
GENERAL TOTAL ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S Bt. £ s. d. £ s. d.	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. Ct. £ s. d. £ s. d. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0 Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s
GENERAL TOTAL ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S Int.	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. Ctr. £ s. d. £ s. d. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0 Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s
GENERAL TOTAL	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. CTr.
GENERAL TOTAL ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S Bt. £ s. d. £ s. d. Salaries. Farm Overseer 120 0 0 Gardener, &c. 93 12 0 Ploughman 78 0 0 Labourer 52 11 9 Ditto 65 0 0 Farm Boys 10 8 0	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. CTr.
GENERAL TOTAL	## CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## #
GENERAL TOTAL ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S Bt. £ s. d. £ s. d. Salaries. Farm Overseer 120 0 9 Gardener, &c. 93 12 0 Ploughman 78 0 0 Labourer 52 11 9 Ditto 65 0 0 Farm Boys 10 8 0 Miscellaneous. Seeds—5 lbs. Turnip seed, 7s. 6d.; ½ ton	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. Ct. £ s. d. £ s. d. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0 Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s
GENERAL TOTAL	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. CTr. £ s. d. £ s. d. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0 Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s
GENERAL TOTAL	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. St. d. £ s. d. £ s. d. Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s
GENERAL TOTAL	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. CTr. £ s. d. £ s. d. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0 Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s
### GENERAL TOTAL	## CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### ## CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #
### GENERAL TOTAL ### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S ### \$\frac{\mathbb{E}}{\mathbb{E}} \text{ f. d. £ s. d. £ s. d. } \frac{\mathbb{E}}{\mathbb{S}} \text{ s. d. } \frac{\mathbb{E}}{\mathbb{E}} \text{ s. d. } \frac{\mathbb{E}}{\mathbb{S}} \text{ s. d. } \frac{\mathbb{E}}	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ###
### GENERAL TOTAL ### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the ORPHAN S ### Salaries. Farm Overseer	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0 Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s
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### GENERAL TOTAL ### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the Order Salaries ### Salaries ### Salaries ### Salaries 120 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. CT.
### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the Order Series Farm Overseer 120 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	## CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ##### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ##### CHOOL FARM, for the Year 1873. ##### CHOOL FARM, for the Year 1873. ######### CHOOL FARM, for the Year 1873. ###################################
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### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the Order Series Farm Overseer 120 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ###################################
### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the Order Series 120 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ###################################
### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the Order Series Farm Overseer 120 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. #### CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. ###################################
### ACCOUNT CURRENT of the Order Series 120 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	CHOOL FARM, New Town, for the Year 1873. Cr. £ s. d. £ s. d. Milk supplied Institution, 74,064 pints, at 2d. 617 4 0 Butter ditto, 1126½ lbs., at 1s

On the 24th instant, at the request of the Bishop, I examined in Holy Scripture and the elements of Christian faith and practice the Children of the Queen's Asylum, who are instructed in religious knowledge under the supervision of the Rev. Canon Hudspeth. The boys and girls in the several classes were fewer than in former years, the whole number of the inmates of the Asylum being, as I was informed, considerably reduced, and the prevalence of scarlet fever having also withdrawn many from the Examination.

The answers given to my questions were, on the whole, very satisfactory, and better than would probably have been given by children of the same age in other schools. In the instruction imparted daily by the teachers, and the careful oversight as well as personal teaching bestowed by Mr. Hudspeth, the children of the Asylum enjoy greater opportunities of improvement in religious knowledge than the generality of children elsewhere; and, as a consequence, they know more and answer more accurately. I have pleasure in recording my opinion that, while the proficiency of the classes which I examined is of course chiefly owing to the careful and conscientious instruction which they have received from their former teachers, the master and mistress appointed during the present year are manifesting an equal degree of zeal and intelligence in imbuing the children with a knowledge of sacred truths. I do not think that the answers of the boys and girls in the highest classes were better than formerly; but I saw fewer specimens of remarkable ignorance in the lower classes; and the answers of the younger children, and of those who had been admitted most recently, were generally somewhat better than they used to be.

ARTHUR DAVENPORT.

Mayfield House, 31st December, 1873.

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d (E.C. ..

HAVING been requested to examine this year the Catholic Children of the Queen's Asylum as to their attainments in religious knowledge, I have the honor to report that I devoted Tuesday, the 23rd instant, to that object, examining the boys in the forenoon and the girls in the afternoon.

The First Class of Boys consisted of four monitors and seven others. The former presented as subjects for examination the "Historical Catechism," and "Butler's Catechism." Their answering was excellent throughout. The others presented a portion of the "Historical Catechism," and the whole of "Butler's Catechism." One alone of these boys, viz. Berry, answered very well; the others only fairly.

The Second Class, numbering ten boys, had for subjects of examination the "Historical Catechism," and ten pages of "Butler's Catechism;" but, with the exception of two boys, viz. Neaves and Hartford, whose answering was very good, they answered but very indifferently.

The answering of the Third Class, consisting of twelve boys, who presented as subjects for examination "Butler's Catechism" to page 42, and "Small Catechism" to page 26, together with certain "Prayers," was better, and more intelligent than that of the Second Class. As to the Fourth Class, which counted nineteen boys, they intelligently answered questions from "Butler's Catechism" to page 24, and from "Small Catechism" to page 26, and recited accurately the prayers which they are under an obligation to know.

The Girls were ranged in four classes, as the Boys, but in different order, their fourth class consisting of those who were most advanced in age, and in knowledge, and diminishing in both downwards to the first class. Twelve Girls stood up for examination in the Fourth Class, and presented for subjects "Church History from the time of the Apostles to the end of the Thirteenth Century," "Historical Catechism," and "Butler's General Catechism." To mostly all the questions put to them accurate replies were promptly and intelligently made. Throughout an examination which embraced a great portion of Bible and Ecclesiastical history they acquitted themselves very well indeed; and I think it due to them to say that, in my experience at Sunday schools and parochial examinations, I have never found any children better posted in the principles of their religious duties, and the manner in which they ought to be practised.

The answering of the Third Class, in which also twelve girls were examined, and which had for subjects the "Historical Catechism," and "Butler's General Catechism," was exceedingly good, approximating in accuracy and intelligence, as nearly as possible, to that of the fourth class.

The Second Class, in which eight girls were examined, answered very intelligently the several questions put to them from "Butler's General Catechism;" and the First Class, which was composed of the smallest children, were, nearly all of them, able to answer questions touching the principal mysteries of religion, and could recite their prayers devoutly and correctly.

On the whole I was much pleased with the sensible manner in which the answers were made throughout the examination,—a manner which proved that it was not by rote or mere exercise of the memory they were given, but that the intellect was trained to examine and understand the subjects in which they were examined,—and I have much pleasure in complimenting their pastor and teachers upon the excellent system of teaching those children which they must have followed, and upon the very efficient and praiseworthy manner in which they have discharged their important duties.

The Prizes I have awarded as follows:-

Boys: (Monitors).—Alfred: Holbrook, 1st; James Holbrook, 2nd; William Allen; 3rd; William Gardener, 4th. First Class—William Barry, 1st. Second Class—Thomas Neaves, 1st; Edward Hartford, 2nd. Third Class—James Thomas Smith, 1st; John Jones, 2nd; Charles Gurnin, 3rd. Fourth Class—Thomas Allen, 1st; William Gurnin, 2nd.

GIRLS.—Fourth Class—Susan Allen, 1st; Theresa Conway, 2nd. Third Class—Mary Ann Parker, 1st; Matilda Revel, 2nd; Sophia Baker, 3rd. Second Class—Mary Baker, 1st; Elizabeth Harper, 2nd First Class—Susan Conway, 1st; Geeilia Regan, 2nd; Margaret Stokes, 3rd.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

WILLIAM J. DUNNE, Vicar-General.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary.

Battery Point, Hobart Town, 31st December, 1873.

SIR

I have the honor to report to you concerning my examination of the Queen's Asylum Schools, held on the 22nd, 23rd, and 24th instant.

- 1. There were presented for examination 260 children; viz.—119 in the Boys' School, 81 in the Girls', and 60 in the Infants': of those usually attending 13 were absent from sickness, or other causes.
- 2. In the Boys' School the classes are composed of pretty nearly the same individuals as last year; at few have been discharged, a few promoted to be monitors, and there has been a small influx into the Second Class from the Infants' School. With these exceptions each class is exactly as it was a year ago, and might therefore be expected to pass a better examination; but, excepting a fair amount of elementary geography, acquired by the fourth and fifth, there is really no improvement—while the boys have been growing a year older, their knowledge has virtually remained stationary; for, as a set-off to the geography, their arithmetic has seriously deteriorated, and their writing is less careful and accurate than formerly. There has been an attempt to add grammar, as well as geography, to the programme of instruction; but the results, are not worth mentioning. The Monitor Class has been taught a few elementary processes in fractions, but with little success; they show no knowledge whatever of principles, without which any amount of skill in the merely mechanical arrangement of figures is of no value as an arithmetical training. Abundant practice is also necessary in the application of principles and processes to common affairs; but this has evidently been neglected.
- 3. In the Girls' School the classes compare favourably with those presented last year, although the regular promotions from class to class have been going on as usual. The arithmetic is rather better, the writing from dictation and the reading are nearly as good, and the copy writing is quite as good as last year's results. The upper girls have also been taught a little geography; but the attempt to teach grammar has been as futile here as in the Boys' School. There has been no attempt at the higher arithmetic; but the Fifth Class girls made easy work of sums in the compound rules in which the boys entirely failed.
- 4. In the Infants' School the Second (or higher), Class is fully as well forward as that of last year in writing, but not so good in arithmetic; while their reading, although pretty accurate and fluent, is somewhat less intelligent, and sensibly more blatant. Upon the whole the class is in a very fair state. The same can hardly be said of the First (or lower) Class; of whom only sixteen are learning to read monosyllables, while twenty-three, with an average age of 5½ years, and an average school attendance of 1 year 4 months, have not yet passed beyond the alphabet. The writing of the upper First is not up to the standard, but their arithmetic is pretty fair. The lower First have not yet begun to write at all. This is a mistake in infant school management; for unless the children are gradually brought on in the First Class to recognise and form the script characters, their fair progress is retarded in the second. Gallery lessons have been made an important feature in this school during the last six months; but the principal result has been to cram a few of the children with a parrot-like knowledge of words to which they can attach no real meaning, and with which they make ludicrous mistakes when the stereotyped questions are put to them out of their usual sequence. Historical facts and dates, with hard scientific terms, are rather indigestible for the infant mind. A knowledge of familiar things, imparted in language as simple as possible, a training in accurate observation, and a clear expression of their own simple thoughts, are the benefits infants ought to receive from gallery lessons.
- 5. An appendix is subjoined to this report, showing the numbers in the various classes and their average ages; but I am unwilling to comment on the information there supplied, as I find in the lists for the Boys' School such discrepancies as indicate carelessness in their preparation. For the same reason I have not prepared a table of the children's average number of years in school; but in estimating their progress I have had to refer to former years' lists for each child's name. It is a matter of surprise that in the Boys' School the teacher should have evinced an unwillingness to furnish me with the information I required.

6. After what I have already written, it is hardly necessary to state in plain terms that the schools as a whole are not yet doing their proper work, and that under existing circumstances they are not likely to succeed in doing it. They need to be completely reorganised; but the organisation must depend to a great extent upon the character that the Government may deem appropriate for the Institution to assume. The mixed system of education for boys and girls is the best: if their school is well organised and under trained and experienced teachers, it is beneficial to both sexes, both intellectually and morally; and considering the children's destitution with regard to healthy home influences, it is peculiarly applicable to the Orphan Asylum Schools; but it must not be attempted under the Monitorial system, or without a well-trained and experienced teacher at the head of the establishment.

I have the honor to be.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

JAMES RULE.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary.

APPENDIX to Mr. Rule's Report on the Queen's Asylum Schools, 31st December, 1873.

err 4.00	BOYS.				GIRLS.				INFANTS.				TOTAL.			
CLASS.	No. in Class.	Per cent. of whole School.		ruge ge.	No. in Class.	Per cent. of School.		erage ge.	No. in Class.	Per cent. of School.		rage gė.	No.in Class.	Per cent. of Schools.		rage jes.
I.	16	13-11	13·11 yrs.		7	7.77	yrs. mts. 9 10		38	62.29	yrs. mts. 5 10		61	22:34	yrs.	mts.
II.	23	18.85	9	9	25	27.78	9	10	23	37.70	7	6	71	26.01	9	0
m.	46	37-7 0	11	10	40	44-44	11	4	—	_	-	- :	86	31.50	11	8
IV.	28	22.95	11	10	13	14·45	12	8	_	-	-	-	41	15.02	12	1
v.	9	7-3 8	12	9	5	5•56	13	11	-	_	-	-	14	5·13	13	2
OTALS	122		11	4	90		11	. 2	61		8	1	273	,	10	7