

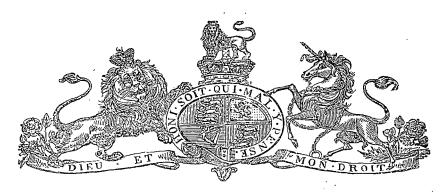
1892.

PARLIAMENT OF TASMANIA.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT:

REPORT FOR 1891.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by His Excellency's Command.



REPORT of the Minister of Education for the Year 1891.

To His Excellency SIR ROBERT GEORGE CROOKSHANK HAMILTON, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Tasmania and its Dependencies.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY.

I have the honor to submit the following Report of the Education Department for the year 1891.

Schools.

Schools were established during the year at Zeehan, Flowery Gully, Mount Nicholas, Lebrina, West Meander, Cradoc, Lymington South, Swan Bay, and Thirlstane, the last two being experimental schools on the half-time system; and the Dromedary, Stoodley, and Reedy Marsh schools were re-opened. The Red Hills school was closed pending the erection of new school buildings. A grant-in-aid was allowed, under special conditions, to a school at Scamander.

Attendance.

The number of distinct scholars who attended during any portion of the year increased from 18,156 in 1890 to 19,207 in 1891, and the average number on the rolls for each month from 12,640 to 13,491. The average daily attendance increased from 8898 to 9680.

The subjoined table gives a general outline of the extension of the means of elementary education during the past ten years, and of the attendance of scholars:—

Year.	No. of Schools.	No. of Scholars on Rolls during the year.	Average No. of Scholars on Rolls from month to month.*	Average Attendance.
1881	175	13,644	9258	6701
1882	181	13,775	9302	6711
1883	183	14,241	9708	7040
1884	191	14,846	10,144	7297
1885	204	15,418	10,531	7465
L886	209	16,014	11,199	7856
1887	215	16,527	11,383	8182
1888	220	17,125	12,002	8730
1889	229	1 7, 949	12,460	8973
1890	240	18,156	12,640	8898
891	244	19,207	13,491	9680

^{*} The names of all children who have not been present at all during the previous four weeks are omitted from calculation in making up the number on rolls for each week, and the mean of the weekly results thus obtained is the average number on rolls for the month.

Age and Classification of Scholars.

The following table, compiled from the Teachers' Returns, gives the age and the classification under the Standard of Instruction of 13,320 scholars on the rolls of State Schools at the end of the year:—

,	Class I.	Class II.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	TOTAL.
		-			,		
Under four years	58						58
Four years	207		• • •			j	207
Five years	551	7					558
Six years	950	65	11				1026
Seven years	1219	286	51	1			1557
Eight years	922	543	202	28		l	1695
Nine years	589	633	459	118	j 9	1	1809
Ten years	293	528	629	290	84	10	1834
Eleven years	128	338	500	483	171	41	1661
Twelve years	55	173	351	410	265	56	1310
Thirteen years	32	92	182	254	249	96	905
Fourteen years and over	15	. 35	85	168	222	. 175	700
TOTAL	5019	2700	2470	1752	1000	379	13,320
Percentage of Scholars	37.68	20.27	18.54	13.16	7.51	2.84	100.00

Inspection and Local Visitation.

There was no change during the year in professional staff. The total number of official visits paid by the Inspectors of Schools for purposes of inspection or examination was 445. In addition to the official visits of the Inspectors of Schools there were 532 visits paid by Members of Boards of Advice, and 1330 by persons not officially connected with the schools, besides 1529 visits of Ministers of Religion for the purpose of giving religious instruction under the provisions of the Act.

Boards of Advice.

The area of the school district of East Devon, which had proved too large to be conveniently supervised from one centre, was subdivided in the latter part of the year into three districts, for which new Boards of Advice were appointed, their head-quarters being fixed at Latrobe, Devonport, and Sheffield. In the constitution of the other Boards no material change has occurred. The general working of the system continues to be satisfactory; but there is still room for considerable improvement in some districts in the enforcement of attendance under the compulsory clauses of the Education Act.

School Fees.

The school fees paid by parents in aid of teachers' salaries during the year amounted to £10,562 12s. 4d., or £736 18s. 5d. more than in 1890, and represents an average payment at the rate of £1 1s. 9d. per scholar, calculated upon the average daily attendance for the year.

Free Scholars.

A Return of the number of children admitted to country schools during the year under free certificates is appended. The sum of £375 19s. was paid by the Department for their instruction; the average number of free scholars, estimated from the quarterly Returns of the teachers, being 965.

Income of Teachers.

The subjoined table gives a summary of the incomes of Head Teachers of State Schools compiled from efficial returns, and subdivided as follows:—(A) Teachers of schools in Hobart and Launceston; (B) other Teachers holding certificates of competency; and (C) uncertificated Teachers.

Only the actual receipts under the head of official income are taken into account in this Return, the estimated annual value of a Teacher's residence not being included.

		MALET	EACHERS.	-		FEMALE	TEACHERS	
A B C	Number of Teachers.	Maximum Income. £ s. d. 831 9 9 287 10 4 205 5 11	Minimum Income. £ s. d. 240 0 0 96 3 10 56 16 9	£ s. d. 507 18 6 160 8 10 100 0 1	Number of Teachers.	Maximum Income. £ s. d. 213 12 8 106 5 0 134 8 7	Minimum Income. £ s. d. 213 12 8 90 18 3 42 0 0	£ s. d. 213 12 8 98 13 4 67 11 2

A further analysis of the Returns gives the following information as to the incomes of Head Teachers classified under the Regulations of the Department:—

	MALE TE.	ACHERS.			FEMALE T	EACHERS.	
	Maximum Income.	Minimum Income.	Average Income.	·	Maximum Income.	Minimum Income.	Average Income.
Class I. Class II. Class III.	£ 831 287 215	£ 221 124 96	£ 451 204 142	Class I. Class II. Class III.(Pro-	£ Nil. 106 213	£ Nil. 90 42	£ Nil. 98 69
Class IV. (Pro- bationers).	205	56	100	bationers).	210	12	

The emoluments of Head Teachers are derived partly from fixed salaries depending upon length of service, attainments as tested by examination, and efficiency in teaching and school management; and partly from school fees. Promotion is given by advancement to higher grades of classification, and by transfer to more important schools.

State School Exhibitions.

An examination in connection with the Exhibitions annually awarded to boys and girls under the age of 12 years was held in the month of June. The following is a list of the successful candidates:—

No.	Name.	Date of Birth.	School.
1 2 3 4 5 6	BOYS. Solomon, Herbert William	12 January, 1880 14 July, 1879 2 April, 1880 4 August, 1880	Longford Battery Point Stanley New Town Invermay Ringarooma
1 2 3 4	Norris; Edith Kate	6 July, 1879 22 July, 1879	Goulburn-street Don Franklin Oatlands

General Expenditure.

The chief heads of Expenditure under the Annual Vote in aid of Primary Education may be summarised thus:—

	\mathfrak{L} s. d.
Salaries and allowances of Teachers, Assistant Teachers, Pupil Teachers, and Paid Monitors	24,898 7 8
Rent of School buildings	275 1 8
Repairs to State School buildings	$1060 \ 15 \ 5$
Repairs and improvements to buildings occupied by the De-	
partment for School purposes	$60 \ 1 \ 6$
School furniture and fittings	272 5 0
Purchases of School requisites (books, maps, &c.)	$420 \ 5 \ 1$
Miscellaneous expenses	$280 \cdot 8 \cdot 4$
Ditto	$292 \ 10 \ 4$
Preparation of plans and supervision of works	657 8 9
State School Exhibitions	$925 \ 16 \ 8$
Model School	$292 \ 6 \ 3$
Allowances to Boards of Advice	2150 5 0
Administration and Inspection	2747 17 0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£34,333 8 8

Erection of Schoolhouses.

The following table gives the particulars of the expenditure of the sum of £6039 3s. 5d. appropriated during the year, and chargeable against Loans Bills, under the provisions of the Education Act, 1885, to the purchase of sites, and the erection and improvement of State School buildings:—

	£	s.	d.
Apsley, additions to residence	123	8	0
Blessington, additions to residence	178	15	0
Blue Tier, residence	172	10	0
Cradoc, additions to residence	47	10	0
Dromedary, residence	205	6	2
Forth, additions to residence	60	5	0
Gardner's Creek, additions to school and residence	102	10	0
Jerusalem, school and residence	655	5	8
Jetsonville, additions to residence	159	9	2
Little Oyster Cove, school and residence	367	11	0
Lymington, North, school and residence	383	2	0
Lymington, South, school and residence	350	15	6
New Town, additions to school	519	4	Ú
Recherche Bay, expended under contract for school buildings	62	8	0
Red Hills, school and residence.	410	13	6
Richmond, alterations to residence	199	1	6
Sandford, additions	20	0	0
Sandhill, site, purchase of	307	0	0
Sandhill, erecting retaining walls and forming entrance	250	0.	0
Sassafras, additions to school	141	3	10
Smithton, school and residence	268	3	1
Sprent, purchase of site	9	0	0
Sprent, residence	293	13	9
Thirlstane, purchase of site	5	19	0
Waratah, additions to school	196	0	0
Zeehan, school and residence	550	9	3
Total	£6039	3	5

The General Report of the Director of Education, and the Reports of the Inspectors of Schools, together with detailed Statements of the year's expenditure and other statistical tables, are appended.

B. STAFFORD BIRD, Minister of Education.

28th May, 1892.

${f A}$ PPENDIX \cdot ${f A}$.

GENERAL REPORT for 1891, by T. Stephens, Esq., M.A., Director of Education.

Hobart, 28th April, 1892.

The general progress during the year has been fairly satisfactory, the most noticeable improvement being in the average daily attendance. The normal rate of increase from year to year under this head is moderate but steady. In 1890, while the ordinary rate of progress was maintained in the number of children brought under instruction, there was a decrease in regularity, the average attendance being actually less than in the preceding year. It is therefore all the more gratifying to be able to report that during 1891 the progress was most marked in the average number on the rolls from month to month, and in the average daily attendance, the latter having increased from 8898 to 9680. The increase is to some extent due to the establishment of small schools in new centres of population; but it also shows that there has been a distinct improvement in regularity of attendance, and this may be put down partly to a better enforcement of the compulsory clauses of the Act, and partly to the increased attractiveness which always follows the development of efficiency in the teaching and management of schools. It is right to mention that the average attendance in many schools was reduced through the prevalence of influenza. Where the teachers were attacked, the work of the school had to be suspended, and 30 were thus closed for periods varying from one to four weeks during the last three months of the year.

While the progress in regard to the number of children under instruction in the State Schools taken collectively is eminently satisfactory, the number of schools in which the attendance is too small to justify their maintenance at the public cost is still a too prominent feature. The number of schools with an average daily attendance of less than 20 was eighty-six, thirty-four of these having an attendance of from 11 to 15, and sixteen an attendance of from 5 to 10 scholars. Many of these are half-time schools, and only as such could they be maintained at all. So long as there is any prospect of an improvement in the condition of these small schools they will no doubt be dealt with as leniently as possible; but some of them can hardly claim to be continued much longer even as half-time schools.

Since the appointment of a Truant Officer for the District of Hobart a considerable number of children have come under notice whose parents have systematically set the compulsory law at defiance for years together. The plea of inability to pay school fees is never heard, it being very well known that free education is easily obtainable by all who need it, and some of the worst instances are those in which the father is in fairly comfortable circumstances. Among the numerous cases in which appeal against the enforcement of the law is made to me personally, there are some in which the only excuse tendered is that the children are beyond control; and this is sometimes too true, being a result of early and long-continued parental neglect. These cases, even in their most favourable aspect, are difficult to deal with. The father may be neglect. These cases, even in their most favourable aspect, are difficult to deal with. a labourer working away from home all day, the mother an invalid, and the children left very much to their own devices as soon as they are able to run about. The father says that he cannot himself take the children to school, and he thinks it hard that he should be fined for their non-attendance: there is, however, no other remedy unless the State interferes and takes entire charge of the children. In many instances an appeal is made for exemption on the ground that employment has been found for the children, and that their small earnings cannot be dispensed with. In such cases there is generally a promise of regular attendance at a night school, but such promises are often made merely as a pretence. Even if they were faithfully kept, the requirements of the Act in regard to minimum weekly attendance would not be met. Where, however, there appears to be a genuine desire to give the child a fair chance of receiving systematic instruction, the case is allowed to stand over for a time, but is carefully watched. The employers of young children are as much to blame as the parents, and the law does not touch them. A half-time system is not popular with employers, but if the employment of boys and girls under the age of 13 were limited by law to a certain number of hours, either in the morning or the afternoon, one great disadvantage would be

The expenditure under the vote in aid of Education increased from £33,352 in 1890 to £34,335 in 1891; and it is worthy of notice that the increase is almost solely under the head of Teachers' Salaries, any excess elsewhere being balanced by a corresponding decrease in other items. This increase is chiefly caused by additions to salaries consequent upon promotion earned by an improvement in efficiency, and should always be hailed with satisfaction as an instance of "payment for results" in its best form. It is, however, much to be regretted that, besides the young teachers newly placed in charge of schools, and consequently still on probation, there is still so great a preponderance of those who have failed from one cause or another to qualify themselves for a certificate of competency. In regard to general conduct and honesty of purpose the State School teachers continue to maintain the high character which has long characterised the service, and though there have been exceptional cases, some of which had to be severely characterised the service, and though there have been exceptional cases, some of which had to be severely dealt with, they are of very rare occurrence. Some teachers have to be cautioned for inattention to official instructions, and in routine business there is considerable room for improvement, much extra work being often thrown upon the Office by a want of care in the preparation of Returns. Out of 245 Annual Returns furnished at the beginning of 1892 only 57 were found to be absolutely correct, and the rest had to This, in some instances, had to be repeated more than once. be returned for revision.

The erection of new and enlargement of existing school-houses does not keep pace with the demand for more accommodation. By the exercise of strict economy, and by dispensing with all costly and useless ornamentation in planning the buildings, it has been possible to provide for the most pressing wants; but it will be necessary to apply to Parliament for more liberal grants to meet the numerous claims demanding attention both in the two chief towns and in the country districts. The buildings now erected under the

control of the Department are not planned for show but for use. Any suggestions for their improvement are always gladly welcomed, and though mistakes are sometimes made in the execution of contracts, the buildings are on the whole well adapted for their purposes; and if there is a sudden and unexpected development of a new settlement which has not been provided for in the original plans, they are so built as to admit of easy enlargement at a moderate cost.

The most important of the new schools established during the year was that of Zeehan, in the centre of the silver-mining district. There had previously been lengthy correspondence on the subject, but all attempts to secure a suitable site, or to obtain temporary accommodation for a school, had come to nothing; the summer was nearly over; and a personal visit to the settlement, then not very easy of access, became necessary. Proceeding overland so as to take some other special business en route, I met the Inspector of Public Buildings at Strahan by appointment. Mr. Shield has rendered much valuable service to the Department elsewhere in connection with new schools, and with the aid of his practical skill and knowledge of the local conditions, a plan and specification were soon prepared. This was on a Thursday. By mid-day on Friday I had all necessary information ready at Zeehan for intending tenderers, and before night an excellent site had been found, though not without difficulty. On Monday evening I opened tenders from all the principal builders; on the following morning, through prompt attention at head-quarters to my telegram. I was enable to notify the Minister's accentance of the lowest; and work was fairly begun within telegram, I was enable to notify the Minister's acceptance of the lowest; and work was fairly begun within a week. At the present time (April), the Zeehan School has 168 children on the rolls, and an average daily attendance of 101. This is so far satisfactory, but additional schools must be provided for outlying parts of the district as soon as the necessary funds are available, and in the meantime it may be found practicable to supply temporary means of education at West Zeehan for the children who are prevented from attending the new school by the bad state of the main road.

School furniture and fittings of an improved type continue to be supplied where required, to the extent of the provision made in the estimates for such purposes. There is a great want of charts and pictures suitable for purposes of collective teaching, and I hope that ere long this defect may be materially remedied. The new Primers based on the plan adopted at the conference of representatives of the Colonies of Victoria, South Australia, Queensland, and Tasmania, have been published, and a small supply has been sent to each school. It is not to be expected that a new method of teaching reading will be acquired by the majority of teachers without careful study and long practice, and no change should be introduced until it has been thoroughly mastered. I have little doubt that the phonic method of teaching to read will eventually supersede those in which the names instead of the sounds of letters are employed in building up words.

The revision of the Regulations is not proceeding as rapidly as could be desired, but an instalment in the shape of a revised code for the appointment and classification of teachers has been published, and will help to remove the great disparity between the standards of Tasmania and the neighbouring Colonies, which has often laid us open to unfavourable criticism. That the acquisition by teachers of a higher qualification in regard to attainments and efficiency will be attended by an increase in salary may, I hope, be regarded as a matter of course.

In the teaching of Drawing and Singing, especially the former, there is still urgent need for improve It has been notified for many years past that skill in teaching drawing will be a factor in determining promotion, but this prospective advantage must take a more definite shape before any satisfactory improvement can be effected. I hope that the next issue of Regulations will include a provision for special rates of payment for proficiency in teaching a subject which, as I have often urged in my reports, ought to have a place in the regular course of every elementary school.

The Smith Endowment Fund has so increased by annual accumulations of unexpended income, that in 1893 it will be possible to raise the amount of each of the two Exhibitions at the Model School from £40 to £50 a year, and reduce in the same proportion the amount of the allowances granted to the Exhibitioners out of the funds of the Department. The endowment originated in the desire of the late Mr. Philip T. Smith, formerly of Syndal, to give a helping hand to State School teachers of proved merit and aptitude, who had not received the special training necessary to enable them to rise in their profession. This noble gift of £1000 remained unapplied for several years, there being no suitable opportunities of training available, and when the fund was finally transferred to the Minister of Education it had reached the sum of £1700. The whole of the accruing interest has not hitherto been required, and the capital sum of the endowment now amounts to more than £1900 yielding an income of over £100 a year. Each of the endowment now amounts to more than £1900, yielding an income of over £100 a year. Each appointment of a teacher to the office of Smith Exhibitioner would cause some country school to be closed, unless a competent temporary substitute could be provided, or a fresh appointment were made, and delays in filling vacancies must sometimes occur while the necessary arrangements are being made, but the scheme is working well. Though some teachers profit much more than others by the opportunity of acquiring a better knowledge of their business, they all seem to have been greatly benefited by their attendance at the Model School.

The difficulty experienced in attempting to discharge satisfactorily the multifarious duties belonging tothe office of Director continues to be increasingly felt, and the Inspectors of Schools have had a hard task to perform in carrying out the work of inspection and examination over an area far too extensive for two officers. The latter difficulty will be lessened materially by the appointment of an additional Inspector of Schools, which takes effect from the beginning of 1892: for the former it is not at present easy to find a remedy, and it is greatly enhanced by the insufficiency and inconvenience of the accommodation provided for the Education Office.

I have, &c.

APPENDIX B.

ANNUAL REPORT for 1891.

New Town, 4th May, 1892.

SIR

I HAVE the honor to submit to you my General Report for the year 1891.

The districts under my supervision were the same as in the year 1890. The number of State Schools in those districts during the whole or part of the year was 116. One of these received no visit, having been left without a teacher at the time when I was able to visit the neighbourhood. Twenty-six schools were visited only once; all the others received two or more visits of inspection in the course of the year. The number fully examined was 112, comprising 5352 children present at the examinations; of which full reports were rendered for each school separately. The summarised results for the whole are given below. The subsidised schools of Hobart (Ragged Schools, &c.) were also examined and reported on, the number of pupils being 546 in nine separate schools. These are not included in the following summary of results:—

CLASSIFICATION BY TEACHERS.

With numbers examined and numbers and per-centages passed.

	Cla	ss I.	Class II.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Тота
Present at Examination	1347 1347 100	754 736 97·6	1031 996 96·6	972 872 89·7	675 591 87·6	421 327 77 · 7	152 136 89·5	5 3 52

REVISED CLASSIFICATION.

(According to attainments ascertained by examination.)

	Clas	SS I. Div. 2.	Class II.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	TOTAL.
Number Per-centage of Total		718 13·4	1133 21·2	1025 19·2	826 15·4	441 8·2	178 3·3	5352

STANDARDS REACHED.

•	Reading.	Writing.		All three Subjects.		
			Arithmetic.	Number.	Per-centage of Total.	
Not up to full standards of Class I1	967	817	883	1031	19.3	
Up to full standards of Class I1	677	736	776	718	13.4	
Ditto, Class I2	896	1040	1151	1133	21.2	
Ditto, Class II	987	1042	1058	1025	19.2	
Ditto, Class III	793	820	836	826	15.4	
Ditto, Class IV	576	566	467	441	8.2	
Ditto, Class V	329	245	160	157	2.9	
Ditto, Class VI	127	86	21	. 21	. 0.4	
TOTAL EXAMINED	5352	5352	. 5352	5352		

PROGRESS OF PUPILS INDIVIDUALLY.

Number traceable.	Good.	Fair.	Moderate.	Slow or inappreciable.
3052	1152	741	708	451

When these tables are compared with those given for the year 1890, no striking differences are noticeable in the results for the two years:—

,	Year.	
	1890.	1891.
Number of children examined	5172	5352
Percentage below full standards of Class I1	19.9	19.3
Ditto, up to full standards of Class I1, or higher	80.1	80.7
Ditto. Class I2. or higher	67.1	67.3
Ditto, Class II. or higher	47.0	46.1
Ditto, Class III. or higher	29.3	26.9
Ditto, Class IV, or higher	10:3	11.5
Ditto, Class IV. or higher	3.5	3.3
Ditto, Class VI	02	0.4
Number of children whose progress was traceable	3249	3025
Porcenture having made good progress was traceable	39	38
Percentage having made good progress	26	24
Ditto, moderate	20	23
Ditto, slow or inappreciable	15	15

Although a high percentage of the numbers examined "pass" in Reading, the teaching of this subject is far from being generally good. Many teachers seem to be satisfied if children are able to name words readily at sight, without grasping the meaning of what they read, and without the expression calculated to convey that meaning to a listener. Some also appear careless about the correction of vulgarisms in pronunciation. Still it is gratifying to find that really good reading is gradually becoming commoner in the State Schools.

A few show excellent results in Writing, a subject in which Spelling and Composition are taken into account; and on the average the results are fair throughout the schools. In some, however, the children's work on slates needs more of the teacher's attention. Short pencil stubs without holders are in frequent use, to the great hindrance of progress in the early stages of learning to write. As long as children are required to provide themselves with pencils for use in school, there will surely be a large per-centage of them using broken pieces, and severity will be found ineffectual to prevent the breakage of brittle material in boys' pockets. The simple remedy is to have a sufficient supply of pencil holders and pencils as free stock, to be used only in school, every child receiving a short pencil properly sharpened and fixed in a holder, at the beginning, and returning it to the monitor at the end of lessons in the course of which they are required It is needful to insist upon every child in the class receiving one, in order to prevent any doubt as to the number to be returned. The objections sometimes heard, that children would break or steal pencils and holders thus provided for their use, indicate deplorable weakness in management.

Among the three essential subjects, the results in Arithmetic are as usual found the weakest. Rational teaching followed by appropriate exercises is noticeably wanting in many schools. Methods of working sums are shown, but not explained; children are seldom questioned in the course of an arithmetical process so as to be led to understand the meaning of the successive steps by which a desired result is ascertained; and it is not uncommon to find that even the result itself has no meaning to the minds of those who have worked a sum correctly. They can only describe it vaguely as "the answer." For example, I have seen such an exercise as 7564375—125 set for, and worked properly by a class of children, and found them unable, with the whole process still on their slates, to tell me how many times 7564375 contains 125, or how many times 125 can be taken from 7564375. A very prevalent defect in the first stage of children's instruction in Arithmetic is the want of sufficient exercise in counting objects. Without ability in this respect figures have no meaning for them. The neglect of notation is another common defect, although few teachers are found to acknowledge it. Many seem to think that when they have taught their pupils to read and write numbers in figures readily, there is nothing more to be done in notation. They do not realise how this ability may co-exist with a total want of appreciation of the different values given to figures according to their relative positions, and consequently with a complete ignorance of the reason for carrying from one column to the next in addition, why a figure in the lower line of a subtraction exercise is sometimes increased by one, or why care is needed in the placing of the successive lines in long multiplication; and it follows, of course, that without sound instruction and training in these rules there can be no satisfactory knowledge of division or the higher rules.

Among the other subjects of the programme Geography shows the best results, and Elementary Science the poorest. That the latter should be found generally satisfactory is not to be expected under present circumstances. The number of schools in which Drawing is taught more than nominally is still small. In Needlework, as heretofore, the work on the average is satisfactory. In several schools the results are very good.

A considerable number of the teachers deserve high praise for order, discipline, and general management; while few in these respects fail to reach a passable standard. In the large schoolrooms they labour

under a serious difficulty, both in the maintenance of order and in class teaching, by reason of the excessive depth of the classes in parallel rows of desks, which is too great for the teacher to be properly heard by the children farthest back, or for him to hear their answers, without such an amount of noise as interferes with the work of other teachers and classes in the same room. Desks and seats of the patterns now in use should not be more than three in a group; but economy of floor space, in order that rooms may accommodate the numbers for which they were designed, necessitates an arrangement of desks four and sometimes five deep. The difficulty would be removed if furniture like that of the Board schools in London were used.

Although fewer schools are held in make-shift premises now than in former years, there are still a few for which the erection of suitable buildings is an urgent need. In several also, where the attendance has outgrown the accommodation originally provided, additional classrooms are required. It should never be forgotten that overcrowding is very injurious to the health of teachers and children, and detrimental to school work. The minimum standard (originally adopted by the Committee of Council on Education, and incorporated in the first regulations concerning school buildings in Tasmania), viz., 80 cubic feet of space for each child, compares strangely with the demand of modern hygienists of not less than 800 cubic feet of well-ventilated space for every adult man of average weight. On the assumption that school children with their teachers need on the average at least one-third of this allowance (though one-half would, I think, be nearer a just average), it will be found that none of our schoolrooms provide adequate breathing space, though few are in this respect below or even quite down to the old statutory minimum, which would not here be worth mention, were it not that it is still sometimes quoted in argument against proposals for the extension of school accommodation. Both in old schoolrooms and those recently erected, even the most expensive, ventilation is generally too drastic, fresh air being admitted in strong currents directly on the heads of teachers and children, to their serious discomfort, and often to the injury of their health. It is to be regretted that in the planning of buildings less study and expense should be devoted to sanitation and comfort than to mere outward appearance. Where money is to spare, it would be better to spend it in improving and enlarging accommodation than in the erection of a useless tower, or the multiplication of ornamental gables and roof intersections for the sake of effect.

As I took occasion to remark in my Report for the year 1888, "It seems to be now considered unnecessary to refer proposed plans of school buildings to Inspectors of schools," who are thus in a position to criticise them only when mistakes that may have been made are practically irremediable. Likewise, as in the adoption of plans, so in the selection of a site for school buildings, the Inspector is often left ignorant of what has been decided till after the school has been opened for use; and where such reticence at head quarters extends to the temporary or permanent closing of a school, as it generally does, he occasionally finds his intentions frustrated and his time wasted in a tour of inspection.

The work of establishing new schools has hardly kept pace with the growing wants of the country districts; and expressions of dissatisfaction are often heard on that account, especially from those whose claims have been acknowledged, but have been left from year to year unsatisfied. It has been generally understood that special legislation had removed all the difficulties which formerly prevented or retarded the transfer of sites for school purposes to the Minister of Education. Yet such difficulties are still heard of as causes of delay, beside that usually credited to the Survey Department.

I have, &c.

J. RULE, Senior Inspector of Schools.

The Hon. the Minister of Education, Hobart.

APPENDIX C.

ANNUAL REPORT for 1891.

Launceston, 23rd March, 1892.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to present my Report for the year 1891.

The whole of the Island having been under the supervision of two Inspectors, my district comprised, as it did last year, all that part which lies north of Campbell Town, excepting Conara, Cleveland, and Epping. That district contained in all 125 schools (exclusive of the Girls' Industrial School, Launceston), all of which have been duly inspected and examined, most of them having been visited twice at least, although the exceptional pressure entailed by so large a district rendered it absolutely necessary in some cases to make one visit suffice for both inspection and examination, and in some instances full detailed results of examination could not be noted.

The number of children examined was 4970, and the number whose marks are available for tabulation was 4663.

The following tables exhibit the results of examination in the three essential subjects, Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic:—

Table A.

Showing the Teachers' Classification.

	Cla	Class I.		Class III	Class IV	Class V	Class VI.	TOTAL.
	Div. I.	Div. II.	Class 11.	Ciuss III.	Oluss I V .	01435	January 121	
Average Age No. examined Passed in three subjects Percentage on total of each class	1107	yrs. ms. 7 9 741 687 93	yrs.ms. 9 4 1007 945 94	yrs. ms. 10 · 5 850 773 91	yrs. ms. 11 8 606 442 73	yrs. ms. 12 3 261 220 84	yrs. ms. 13 2 91 64 70	4663

							Three S	Subjects.
				Reading.	Writing.	Arithmetic.	Number.	Percentage on Total.
Not beyon	nd Clas	s I, I	Division 1	1127	1130	1141	1061	22.7
Qualified	to be in	ı Cla	ss I, Division 2	745	728	727	849	18.2
"	,,	22	IÍ		1002	1036	1022	21.9
. 22	"	"	III	822	960	931	937	20.1
"	12	"	IV	606	508	502	483	10.4
"	"	22	V	261	261	256	247	5.3
"	"	"	VI	87	74	70	64	1.4
			Totals	4663	4663	4663	4663	100.0

The general results of the year's work in essential subjects do not, when taken as a whole, compare unfavourably with those of last year, and a large amount of good solid work has been done, whilst in some cases conspicuous improvement has been noted. The most satisfactory work examined was that of Classes II. to IV. inclusive. In Class V. the average of bare passes was high, but comparatively few stood high in the class; whilst in Class VI. the results were as a whole meagre, though a few did some creditable work. In country districts the older boys and girls are so frequently required for home duties, and the attendance (in the 6th Class especially) is so small and so irregular, that few teachers have any chance of doing steady and progressive work in the two upper classes. Only 24 per cent. of the schools in my district have any 6th Class at all.

In Reading, a weak point in most cases is the conspicuous absence of expression, much of the work under this head being fairly satisfactory in point of pronunciation &c., but decidedly wanting in vivacity and emphasis. In a few cases, however, marked improvement has been noted. The quality of the Writing is very varied. In some schools this work is a conspicuous and creditable feature throughout, indicating careful and uniform attention on the part of the teacher, whilst in others the children are left far too much have apparently failed to observe that writing requires not only practice on the part of the child, but also instruction on the part of the teacher of which I feet in the child, but also instruction on the part of the teacher, of which I fear in some cases too little is given. In Arithmetic I should like to see the blackboard used more freely. An examination of the time table has sometimes shown me that whilst ample time is allowed for practice by the children, too little time is available for instruction by the teacher. Arithmetic cards, now so commonly used, are open to grave abuse. When such cards are used teachers should always note some at least of the errors made in the working of the sums, and should take some opportunity, either then or afterwards, of explaining such errors to the whole class. The number of schools in which English History is taught satisfactorily is still very small, much more general attention being given to Sacred History, although as a general rule the work done in this subject is fragmentary and wants clearness of outline. In Grammar there is in many cases ample room for improvement. Much of the work done consists in parsing merely, and in terms which I often find are not clearly understood by those who use them. The essential principles require to be more fully, clearly, and frequently explained than I find to be the case. The instruction given is sometimes addressed to a few advanced pupils in a class, instead of being carefully and patiently adapted to the most ignorant, who are thus left hopelessly behind. The quality of the work done in Geography is fairly maintained. The Object Lesson is a part of the programme which in the majority of schools receives but scant attention Object Lesson is a part of the programme which in the majority of schools receives but scant attention, and cases have been noted in which teachers have failed altogether to realise the educational value of such a lesson. If teachers would keep a large note-book for preserving under appropriate headings such facts as their reading and observation might supply, the thing would soon have a vital interest for themselves, and would in that case become interesting to the children. If such a note-book were kept for permanent use, and fresh additions made from time to time, it would soon become a very valuable aid in giving this lesson.

Drill is badly wanted in some of my schools, and the teachers would gain immensely in school management if they would take this matter in hand. The drill need not be very advanced, but it should be habitual and thorough as far as it goes. Too little attention is often paid to the attitudes and movements of children in school. Classes often stand in irregular lines, or sit at work in a lounging manner, or move noisily when there is a change of work. Some teachers appear to think that they have no time for this part of the programme, whereas they have within their reach no more efficient means of economizing time and getting as much work as possible into it.

As a general rule I have found the schools swept and clean, though I have had occasionally to report instances of neglect. There is often, however, ample room for improvement in the condition of the walls, rafters, windows, &c., all of which require a periodical outlay not covered by the ordinary cleansing allowance. Some teachers set a commendable example in inspecting hands, boots, &c. before the work begins, a practice which might be followed by others with marked advantage, the teacher himself of course setting the children an example in his own person.

The out-offices do not in many cases receive from teachers that frequent and careful attention which the importance of the matter demands. It is quite a rare thing to find any provision in the shape of ashes or dry earth. In some of the larger country schools the fortnightly cleansing of the pans contracted for is too infrequent. If ashes, &c. were plentifully used, and the pans were not allowed to go so long without attention, the work of cleansing would not be so difficult and objectionable, and it would no doubt be easier to obtain the services required for that purpose, though several cases have come under my notice in which teachers have found it impossible to get anyone to do the work under any conditions.

It is a rare thing to see in a school in my district such a thing as a wall picture, the walls being as a general rule very bare and unattractive. Large pictures of animals, plants, mechanical appliances, &c. should be exceedingly useful. Some of my teachers have procured such pictures for themselves, and have expressed themselves highly gratified at the interest evoked and the assistance afforded by them.

The appointment of a Truant Officer for Launceston will no doubt have the effect of materially increasing the attandance at the State Schools, and the opening of a Free School will somewhat relieve the pressure that must result; but the need of the projected school at South Launceston becomes daily more apparent, and it is to be hoped that in the near future a good school will also be erected in the part of the city towards Trevallyn.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. MASTERS, Inspector of Schools.

The Honorable the Minister of Education.

APPENDIX D.

RETURN showing Analysis of Expenditure on account of Vote "In aid of State Schools," for the Year ended 31st December, 1891.

PARLIAMENTARY VOTE, &c.				Disbursements.	
-	£	s. c	ı.	£ s. d. £ s.	d.
Vote in aid of State Schools under the Education		_	_	Salaries and Allowances of Teachers; viz.—	
Department	,800	0	0	Teachers' and Assistant Teachers'	
Depôt	335		9	Salaries	
Excess on Vote	021	3	7	Teachers' Allowances for instruction of Free Scholars	
		/	/	Travelling Allowances to Teachers of	
				Half-time Schools	
	. /	/		Paid Monitors' Salaries 686 7 8	
				Allowances for instruction of Pupil	
	/			Teachers	
/				Schools 7 4 0	
				24,898 7	8
				Rent of School Buildings	8
	•			of the Government 60 1	
				School Furniture and Fittings 272 5 Purchase of School Books and	0
			1	Requisites	1
				Supervision of Works and preparation of Plans	
. /	٠		}	of Plans	9
			Ì	Miscellaneous—Charged directly against Schools; viz.—	
<u> </u>	•			Cleansing Closets	
/.				Cleaning School-rooms 117 14 0 Survey Fees 23 10 3	
	•			Teachers' Travelling Expenses 65 5 7	
				Gas 1 4 9 Transport Furniture, &c. 8 12 0	
		•	-	Water Rates, St. Leonard's 1 5 0	
	•		1	Needlework Material, Murray-street 3 9 11	
				Fuel	
/					4
/			•	Indirect Charges; viz.— Transport, School Materials 70 8 7	
			- 1	Advertising 39 16 6	
				School Registers	
			- [Survey Fees, &c	
			l	Clerical Assistance	
				Store Labour	
				Examinations	
			}	Collecting information regarding	
<i>'</i>				neglected Children, Launceston . 4 0 0 Petty Expenses 9 5 11	
√		——	-	292 10	4
£27,1	156	8 4	4	£27,156 8	
			<u>.</u>		<u> </u>
				•	

APPENDIX E.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of "Repairs to State Schools," the Property of the Government, for the Year ended 31st December, 1891.

Parliamentary Vote	£ 1000	<i>s.</i> 0	0	Repairs and improvements to School	£	s.	d.
Excess on Vote	60	19	Э	Buildings and Ground	1060	15	5
				,			
:	£1060	15	5		£1060	15	5
		:_					

APPENDIX F.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of Exhibitions for the Year ended 31st December, 1891.

,	£	s.	d.]	£	3.	d.
Parliamentary Vote— Exhibitions for Boys	400	0	0	Disbursements— Exhibitions for Boys	345	16	8
Exhibitions for Girls Boarding Allowances to Country	270	0	0	Exhibitions for Girls	200	0	0
Exhibitioners	520	0	0	ExhibitionersBalance	380 264		0 4
_				2444			
•	E1190	0	0		£1190	0	0
	 =		_				=

APPENDIX G.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of Model School, for the Year ended 31st December, 1891.

Th. 17	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Parliamentary Vote	550	0	O	Disbursements—			
				Salaries and Boarding Allowances to			
•				Students	242	6	3
				Salary Head Master	50	0	0
				Balance	257	13	9
							
•	£550	0	0		± 550	0	0
•		==	==			_=	_

APPENDIX H.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of Allowances to Boards of Advice, for the Year ended 31st December, 1891.

Parliamentary Vote	£ 2500	0	<i>d</i> . 0	Disbursements Balance		s. 5 15	<i>d</i> . 0 0
	£2500	0	0		£2500	0	0

APPENDIX I.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of Administration and Inspection of Schools for the Year ended 31st December, 1891.

		£	5.	d.		£	s.	d.
Parliamentary Vote—	Salaries	2365	0	.0	Disbursements—			
\$	Stationery & Stores	60	0	0	Salaries	2265	0	0
•	Travelling Expenses				Stationery and Stores	54	19	0
	of Director of Edu-				Travelling Expenses of Director of			
	cation and Inspec-				Education and Inspectors of Schools.	418	18	5
	tors of Schools	400	0	0	Forage Allowance	8	19	7
3	Forage Allowance				Balance	127	3	0
	_							
	j	£2875	0	0		£2875	0	0
•	=			_	ı	====	_	_

APPENDIX J.

NIGHT SCHOOLS FOR MALES.

RETURN of Number of Scholars under Instruction in Night Schools, showing amount of Fees paid by them, and the Payments made by the Education Department on account of their Instruction, between the 1st January and 31st December, 1891.

N. 64 4 6 6 6 1 - 1	Amount paid by	Amount paid by	Λ	umber of Children	under Instruction	n.
No. Situation of School.	Department.	Scholars.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.
Parkham Jerusalem		£ s. d. 10 15 6 2 14 6	•••	15	16 12	•••
	7 4 0	13 10 0	***	15	28	

APPEN

RETURN of STATE Schools in operation

Bellower Bellower					<u>. </u>	·					í		1		_	,	<u> </u>
Bathurst-street	No.		SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Days the School was open during the	Nu distin on	ct Sch the Ro	olars olls	of S	cholar Rolls d	s on uring			aily	and sist	As-	Feac and I	hers Paid
Cararago Company Com	2 3 4 5	HOBART	Battery Point Goulburn-street Macquarie-street Murray-street (Free School)	227 225 231 ½ 225 ½	487 334 273 161 203 225	366 287 258 109 178 188	853 621 531 270 381 413	322 247 187 115 128 139	238 201 181 75 107 106	560 448 368 190 235 245	242 196 151 84 80 94	171 151 135 54 66 70	413 347 286 138 146 164	3 3 1 1	3 2 2 1 4 3	4 2 1 2 -	4 4 3 2 1 1
Beacons Beaconsfield 2334 150 118 208 94 79 173 60 150 125 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1		LAUNCESTON . $\Big\{$	Charles-street		496 150	298 124	7.94 274	340 97	196 73	536 170	256 71	139 51	395 122	1 -	4 3	3 - -	15 4 1
BOTHWELL Bothwell			Beaconsfield	214	150 11	118 19	268 30	94 9	79 13	173 22	69 8	56 10	125 18	1	1	3	
**Black Prish(*) 882 12 88 20 77 6 12 5 8 8 1 - -	11	Bothwell		2213				١,		'						-	1
BUCKINGHAM Company C	13 14 15 16 17 18 19		*Black Brush (b)	82 ⁷ 146 104 209 230½ 231 226	12 17 7 17 12 49	8 20 6 11 16 61 24	20 37 13 28 28 110 43	7 10 4 10 10 35 14	5 14 4 8 15 42 18	12 24 8 18 25 77 32	5 7 3 7 7 25	3 11 3 5 12 33 14	8 18 6 12 19 58 25	}1	- 1 1 2 1		- - - - 1
BUCKINGHAN New Town 220\frac{1}{2} 200 134 340 146 96 242 116 73 180 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-		TOTAL		195	189	384	134	136	270	94	102	196	3	7	-	1
Campbell Town 231	22 }	BUCKINGHAM {	New Town	$226\frac{1}{2}$	206	134	340	146	96	242	116		189		1 1 -	- 1 -	
CAMPBELL Cleveland 231\frac{1}{2} 30 12 42 20 0 20 18 8 20 1 - - -			· •											_	2	1	. 2
Carnaryon	25 (26 (Cleveland *Conara	$231\frac{1}{2}$ $117\frac{1}{2}$	30 10 13	12 19 13	42 29 26	20 5 7	9 11 8	29 16 15	18 4 4	8 7 6 —-	26 11 10	1 } 1	- - -	-	- - -
Carnaryon Carn	201	,	• .	75		Ì							ĺ	,	2	-	-
Clarence Bellerive Cambridge 234\frac{1}{3} 29 20 49 18 15 33 13 12 25 1 1 -	29 (30 (CARNARVON	*Long Bay S Koonya (c)	$110\frac{1}{2}$ $202\frac{1}{2}$	11 29	7 22	18 51	8 19	7 17	15 36	6 16	5 14	11 30	, -	1 -	1	- - -
Clarence Cambridge Clarence Cl														_	1	1	-
Brookhead 231½ 26 29 55 17 19 36 12 14 26 1 1 -	33 34 } 35	CLARENCE {	Cambridge	$\begin{array}{c c} 234\frac{1}{2} \\ 232\frac{1}{2} \\ 219\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	29 20 15	20 13 15	49 33 30	18 15 13	15 10 12	33 25 25	13 12 7	12 9 9	25 21 16	_1	1	- 1	
Brookside 231\frac{1}{2} 29 24 53 23 18 41 19 13 32 1 - - -			Тотац		117	104	221	87	75	162	59	52	111	2	5		_
Total 369 361 730 247 248 495 166 164 330 9 10 1 1	38 39 40 41 42 } 43 44 45 46	DELORAINE	Brookside Chudleigh Deloraine Dunorlan Golden Valley Mole Creek Parkham Rubicon Bridge	231½ 197 227½ 230½ 228 226 231½ 233	29 42 99 49 29 22 19 23 16	24 40 89 53 29 31 16 15 11	53 82 188 102 58 53 35 35 27	23 30 61 32 19 14 15 15 12	18 27 60 38 16 17 14 12 9	41 57 121 70 35 31 29 27 18 30	19 21 38 20 10 10 11 12 4 9	13 19 38 25 9 11 9 10 6	32 40 76 45 19 21 20 22 10	1 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 1 1	- 1 - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -
			TOTAL		369	361	730	247	248	495	166	164	330	9	10	1	1

^{*} Half-time Schools.

[†] Half-time with Maryborough, in Hamilton District.

⁽a) Closed in May.

⁽b) Opened in February.

⁽c) Re-opened in January.

⁽d) Opened in June.

DIX K.
between the 1st January and 31st December, 1891.

Aid granted during the Year ended 31st December, 1891.													
Amount paid to Teachers of all Classes in Salaries and Allowances.	Rent of School Buildings.	Repairs to School Buildings	Repairs to	School Furniture and Fit- tings.	School Books, Maps, and Requisites.	Miscel- laneous.	TOTAL.	School Fees.	Average amount of Government aid per annum for each scholar in dally attendance.	No.			
£ s. d. 662 6 0 758 15 6 368 12 6 279 5 0 404 12 6 295 0 0	£ s. d-	£ s. d. 13 7 5 5 3 9 2 14 3 6 15 7 17 14 7 10 3 6	£ s. d.	£ s. d. 15 12 0 3 0 6 0 16 0 8 8 0	£ s. d. 10 2 1 5 6 8 9 10 6 3 18 4 4 13 2 3 14 11	£ s. d. 5 12 9 46 16 3 17 12 9 10 0 0 17 9 11 42 12 0	£ s. d. 707 0 3 816 2 2 401 10 6 300 14 11 452 18 2 351 10 5	£ s. d. 545 5 6 401 2 6 338 11 10 147 6 9 - 183 10 2	£ s. d. 1 14 2 2 7 0 1 8 1 2 3 7 3 2 1 2 2 10	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.			
2768 11 6	-	55 19 1		27 16 6	37 5 8	140 3 8	3029 16 5	1615 16 9	2 0 7				
564 11 6 155 15 9	38 0 0	97 5 6	_ _	11.	7 14 4 1 1 0	-	669 11 4 194 16 9	604 7 0 142 16 11	1 13 11	7. 8.			
720 7 3	38 0 0	97 5 6		-	8 15 4	_	864 8 1	747 3 11	1 13 5				
345 3 10 47 1 9	-	5 17 6 -	- -	-	3 1 5 3 13 1	0 12 0	354 14 9 50 14 10	147 5 11 19 13 11	2 16 9 2 16 5	9. 10.			
392 5 7	_	5 17 6	_	-	6 14 6	0 12 0	405 9 7	166 19 10	2 16 9				
151 6 6	_	18 10 0	-	-	0 11 7	_ !	170 8 1	82 13 2	2 11 8	11.			
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	0 13 1 -	2 13 0	124 7 10 79 9 1	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 8 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 9 \\ 13 & 8 & 3 \end{array} \right\}$	5 8 2 3 1 1	12. { 13. { 14.			
58 19 9 43 0 6 93 1 9 41 7 3 122 7 9	- 10 0 0 - 25 0 0	9 2 6 27 17 6	1 - 1 - 1	7 10 8 1 12 0	0 8 0 0 9 6 1 12 5 0 15 2 0 17 11	2 8 6 - - 4 15 6	61 16 3 53 10 0 111 7 4 71 12 0 153 1 2	4 7 8 13 9 1 24 17 6 71 6 10 20 14 6 39 15 10	5 3 0 2 16 4 1 18 5 2 17 3 5 13 5	15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20.			
559 7 10	35 0 0	37 0 0	_	9 2 3	4 16 2	9 17 0	655 3 8	223 10 5	3 6 10				
56 13 .4 377 14 6 75 2 3	- - -	26 16 2 -	, –	27 12 6 -	1 3 6 6 18 2 0 14 7	- - -	57 16 10 439 1 4 75 16 10	27 10 8 240 8 6 1 0 0	2 12 7 2 6 6 7 11 8	21. 22. 23.			
509 10 1		26 16 2		27 12 6	8,16 3	_	572 15 0	268 19 2	2 11 10				
166 4 0 90 0 0 } 84 10 0	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 1 - 1	$ \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 7 & 7 \\ 0 & 11 & 6 \\ 5 & 0 & 8 & 2 \\ 0 & 7 & 6 \end{vmatrix} $	-	167 11 7 90 11 6 85 5 8	$ \begin{bmatrix} 78 & 18 & 4 \\ 33 & 6 & 7 \\ 11 & 3 & 6 \\ 11 & 12 & 0 \end{bmatrix} $	2 9 3 3 9 8 4 1 2	24. 25. { 26. { 27.			
340 14 0	- .				2 14 9	-	343 8 9	135 0 5	2 19 9				
\ 63 12 4 94 12 11 72 0 0	19 15 0 - -	 - -	- - -	0 16 0	$\left\{\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 7 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \\ 0 & 13 & 4 \\ 0 & 5 & 9 \end{array}\right.$	- 1 6 0 1 3 0	83 16 3 96 12 3 74 4 9	\begin{cases} \{ \ 1 & 11 & 8 \\ 5 & 10 & 8 \\ 25 & 2 & 9 \\ 26 & 5 & 11 \end{cases} \]	4 18 7 3 4 5 3 18 2	{ 28. 29. 30. 31.			
230 5 3	19 15 0		-	0 16 0	1 8 0	2 9 0	254 13 3	58 11 0	3 17 2				
142 2 9 105 0 0 63 6 0 44 16 9 40 0 0	- - - -	- - - 16 0 0	· –	11111	2 2 5 0 13 7 0 10 4 0 9 7 0 19 6	0 6 0	144 5 2 105 19 7 63 16 4 45 6 4 57 16 6	46 0 5 26 15 6 23 19 10 15 9 6 20 6 0	4 0 2 4 4 9 3 0 9 2 16 8 4 9 0	32. 33. 34. 35. 36.			
395 5 6	-	16 0 0		_	4 15 5	1 3 0	417 3 11	192 11 3	3 15 2				
111 0 0 96 0 0 99 6 4 174 6 0 142 3 0 116 1 0 108 0 0 65 16 0 112 16 9 50 12 0 23 6 8	5 0 0	14 7 0	7 18 0	- - - - - - - 2 13 0	0 18 10 0 15 8 0 15 0 3 14 11 0 19 4 0 8 6 1 3 7 0 8 0 0 9 6 0 4 11 2 17 1	0 2 9 - - - 0 11 0	111 18 10 96 15 8 100 1 4 178 3 8 148 2 4 116 9 6 123 10 7 66 4 0 113 17 3 50 16 11 36 14 9	27 7 0 36 4 7 46 17 0 74 16 11 62 15 11 3 15 0 31 3 4 22 8 0 8 18 6 10 17 2 4 18 3	4 6 1 3 0 6 2 10 0 2 6 11 3 5 10 6 2 7 5 17 8 1 2 5 5 3 6 5 1 8 1 18 8	37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47.			
1099 7 9	5 0 0	14 7 0	7 18 0	2 13 0	12 15 4	0 13 9	1142 14 10	330 1 8	3 9 7				

					,		EO				_					
No.	SCHOOL DISTRICT.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	No. of Daysthe School was open during the Year.	distir	imber ict Sch the R g the	iolars olls	tì	ge Nu cholar ne Rol g the	s on ls		rage D endan	ce.	and sist	ant a	Pupil Teacher and Pai Monitor	rs id
48) 49 50 51 > 52 53 54	DEVON, EAST.	*Green's Creek	$ \begin{array}{r} 183 \\ 37\frac{1}{2} \\ 227\frac{1}{2} \\ 220\frac{1}{2} \\ 211\frac{1}{2} \\ 230 \\ 225 \end{array} $	37 17 97 19 37 48 42	20 73 19 29 41 57	57 37 170 38 66 89 99		14 16 40 15 17 26 37	38 28 101 28 39 54 65	14 7 42 8 13 18	8 10 27 11 9 17 25	22 17 69 19 22 35 43	1 1 - 1	2 - 1 2 1		. 1
55 56 57 58 59 60	KENTISHBURY	Barrington Nook Paradise Sheffield Stoodley (b) West Kentish	$\begin{array}{c} 231 \\ 220\frac{1}{2} \\ 221\frac{1}{2} \\ 229\frac{1}{2} \\ 173 \\ 224 \end{array}$	297 44 21 14 106 17 19	26 33 22 89 15 22	70 54 36 195 32 41	28 18 9 77 9 13	165 18 24 14 66 6 19	46 42 23 143 15 32	18 15 6 55 6	12 19 9 45 4 13	10 22	2 -	6 2 1 2 1 1 1 7	- - 1	1
61) 62 63 64 65 66	MERSEY	TOTAL Barrington Junction Devonport, East Devonport, West Don Melrose Spreyton Total	226 231½ 226½ 229 226½ 231½	221 17 59 62 30 22 10	18 38 40 42 21 13	35 97 102 72 43 23	10 37 32 17 14 6	12 25 19 28 12 12	51 45 26 18	23 12 10	9 16 11 20 10	34 32	1 1 1	- 1 2 1 - 1		
67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	DEVON, WEST	Abbotsham Forth Kindred North Motton Penguin Pine Road (°) Sprent Sulphur Creek Ulverstone	230 225 234 228 229½ 210 232½ 227 231½	43 57 41 17 75 16 33 23 63	45 37 38 15 64 12 41 23	88 94 74 32 139 28 74	34 36 30 12 49 11 25	35 24 24 9 46 7 91 16 41	69 60 54 21 95 18 56 27	30 25 18 8 33 7 19	29 17 14 6 28 5 23	59 42 32 14 61 12 42 16	1 1 - 1 - 1	- - 1 1 1 1		1 1 1
76] 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	EMU BAY	Burnie Cam Road Flowerdale (d) Jacobs' Boat Harbour (e) Romaine Somerset Waratah Wynyard	227 232 184 <u>1</u> 166 232 230 <u>1</u>	368 117 15 17 24 23 31 113 91	107 17 14 32 22 34 105	224 32 31 56 45	78 11 7 14 16 20 72	233 72 12 4 18 17 20 59 46	150 23 11 32 33 40 131	58 8 5 11	54 9 2 14 12	112 17 7	1 - i-	5 1 1 1 - - 1 2	- - 	1
84 85 86 87	EVANDALE	TOTAL Blessington Evandale Lymington, N White Hills	218½ 228 231 223	431 15 81 25 27	22 102 25 31	37 183 50 58	10 65 20 19	18 75 22	28 140 42 42	14 16	13 55 16 18	22 106 30 34	6 1 1 1 1 	6 - 2 - 1		- 3 - 1 - -
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97	FINGAL	Avoca Cornwall *Falmouth *German Town Fingal Gray Mangana Mathinna Mount Nicholas (') St. Mary's	232 236½ 114 115 228½ 215 227½ 233 191½ 230	31 27 18 11 53 12 46 57 22 39	34 42 12 17 51 14 33 43 22	65 69 30 28 104 26 79 100 44	24 22 11 10 40 10 39 43 12	26 28 7 11 40 11 25 31 10	50 50 18 21 80 21 64 74 22	15 16 8 8 27 6 35 28	17 21 5 9 23 6 23 20 6	32 37 13 17 50 12	1 1 - 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1		
98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110	FRANKLIN, NORTH	Total Castle Forbes Bay Chitty's Road Cradoc (*) Franklin Gardner's Creek Geeveston Lower Longley Lymington, S. (h) Mountain River Port Cygnet Surges Bay Upper Huon Victoria Wattle Grove	491	316 40 18 13 80 26 72 22 16 18 73 21 17 51 17	30 13 15 71 28 51 19 13 13 55	70 31 28 151 54 123 41 29 31 128 36 41	30 14 10 61 25 62 18 14 13 53	228 23 8 10 55 23 42 16 12 10 20 47 13	466 53 22 20 116 48 104 26 23 90 26 36 93 23	20 10 7 50 21 52 13 10 8 35 13 11 30 5	158 17 5 7 44 18 36 12 9 6 23 9 14 29 7	330 37 15 14 94 39 88 25 19 14 58 22 25 59 12	8 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 - 6	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -		1111111111

^{*} Half-time Schools.

(b) Closed in January, February, and September. (c) Closed in April. (d) Closed in April and May.

Pagambar, apared in Mayob. (1) Opened in Japuary. (E) Opened in Japuary. (h) Opened in Opened i

oetween the 1	Aid granted during the Year ended 31st December, 1891. Amount raid to Repairs to Repair to Repairs to Repair to Repa													
	Aid	granted durin	g the Year end	led 31st Dec	cember, 1891.		<u>. </u>		nount ment nnum holar tend-	ı				
Amount paid to Teachers of all Classes in Salaries and Allowances.	Rent of School Buildings.	Repairs to School Buildings the property of the Govern- ment,	Repairs to School Buildings not the property of the Govern- ment.	School Fur- niture and Fittings.	School Books, Maps, and Requisites.	Miscel- laneous.	Тота 1	School Fees.	Average an of Govern aid per ar for each sc in daily at ance.	N 0.				
£ s. d. 72 0 6 167 0 0 78 5 0 66 8 0 90 0 0 117 0 0	£ s. d.	£ s. d. - 67 0 8 - 12 14 6 5 8 6	£ s. d. 	£ s. d. 13 1 6	£ s. d. 0 7 0 3 5 10 2 1 3 0 16 4 0 10 9	£ s. d. 0 5 0 - 0 10 0 - 0 7 0	# s. d. 106 10 10 236 1 11 79 11 4 66 18 9 102 14 6 134 16 0	$ \begin{cases} £ s. d. \\ 22 16 3 \\ 2 14 6 \\ 90 17 3 \\ 23 18 4 \\ 31 8 0 \\ 40 4 5 \\ 60 18 9 \end{cases} $	£ s. d. 2 14 7 3 8 5 4 3 9 3 0 10 2 18 8 3 2 8	48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54.				
590 13 6	-	85 3 8	17 11 0	24 3 6	7 19 8	1 2 0	726 13 4	272 17 6	3 4 0	1				
107 5 0 90 0 0 70 0 0 208 0 0 40 6 8 96 0 0	7 1 8	1 6 10 - - - 16 18 0		-	0 16 3 0 16 2 1 4 3 1 14 10 - 0 10 0	0 2 0 - 2 8 0	109 8 1 90 18 2 78 5 11 212 2 10 40 6 8 113 8 0	22 17 3 36 5 0 14 8 2 95 3 9 4 4 0 32 8 0	3 12 11 2 13 6 5 4 4 2 2 6 4 0 8 5 3 1	55 56. 57. 58. 59. 60.				
611 11 8	7 1 8	18 4 10	-	-	5 1 6	2 10 0	644 9 8	205 6 2	3 1 1					
72 0 0 108 0 0 177 4 4 112 10 0 72 0 0 50 1 6	- - - -	-		- - - - -	0 5 2 1 1 0 0 16 6 1 9 11 0 6 10 0 12 0	0 2 0	72 5 2 109 3 0 178 0 10 113 19 11 72 6 10 50 13 6	17 3 9 43 2 4 67 10 8 41 0 8 21 10 3 14 10 1	4 16 4 2 9 7 5 4 9 3 11 3 3 12 4 3 18 0	61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66.				
591 15 10		-	-	_	4 11 5	0 2 0	596 9 3	204 17 9	3 15 6					
170 16 9 127 0 0 98 13 9 47 5 11 131 14 3 42 8 4 108 0 0 63 0 0 159 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1	13 5 0 8 0 0 19 17 6 - - 23 9 6	-		1 3 4 0 16 2 0 9 6 0 6 1 1 6 5 0 11 8 1 3 7 0 15 10 1 6 6	3 10 0 0 11 0	185 5 1 139 6 2 119 11 9 47 12 0 133 0 8 43 0 0 132 13 1 63 15 10 160 6 6	68 3 3 41 12 2 29 15 6 15 17 0 45 11 4 7 10 9 34 4 9 24 15 11 70 7 1	3 2 10 3 6 4 3 14 9 3 8 0 2 3 7 3 11 8 3 3 2 3 19 9 2 19 5	67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74.				
947 19 0	-	64 12 0	-		7 19 1	4 1 0	1024 11 1	337 17 9	3 1 9					
145 10 9 50 0 0 33 6 8 75 16 8 58 10 0 82 2 0 136 19 4 139 14 7	15 0 0 10 0 0 10 0 0	0 5 0 - - - - - 14 19 6 33 12 0	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	0 16 6 0 6 2 0 2 9 1 2 0 2 6 9 1 5 4 2 13 7 2 2 5	2 6 0	146 12 3 67 12 2 33 9 5 86 18 8 71 7 9 93 7 4 154 12 5 175 9 0	122 15 7 14 15 4 6 13 4 26 16 10 20 15 7 36 11 11 118 4 4 104 11 0	1 6 2 3 19 4 4 15 8 3 9 7 3 2 1 3 6 8 1 12 7 2 4 5	76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82.				
722 0 0	35 0 0	48 16 6	-	-	10 15 6	12 17 0	829 9 0	451 3 11	2 2 11					
72 0 0 158 13 0 92 2 9 108 0 0	9 10 0	•_ - -	- - -	7 18 6	0 17 8 2 4 0 2 16 6 0 9 4	3 1 6 1 4 0	72 17 8 160 17 0 115 9 3 109 13 4	21 0 3 88 18 3 31 13 4 57 8 9	3 6 3 1 10 4 3 16 0 3 4 6	84. 85. 86. 87.				
430 15 9	9 10 0	-	-	7 18 6	6 7 6	4 5 6	458 17 3	199 0 7	2 7 10	00				
90 0 0 89 0 10 66 7 3 102 12 6 56 15 5 124 11 6 135 7 3 62 0 0 124 17 6	8 0 0	- - - - - - - 58 4 11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	0 13 4 0 14 7 2		90 13 4 89 15 5 75 0 3 { 103 17 11 57 1 1 126 10 6 135 10 9 65 4 7 183 15 8	20 18 3 38 12 2 8 10 0 8 0 0 109 5 11 12 1 0 65 15 1 57 18 5 16 6 8 60 16 1	$\left.\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97.				
851 12 3	8 0 0	58 4 11		-	9 12 4		927 9 6	398 3 7	2 16 3					
96 2 6 51 14 0 60 8 9 240 11 0 63 7 6 180 3 3 75 0 0 12 10 0 40 16 6 124 17 5 71 2 6 36 13 4 155 14 6 40 0 0	10 0 0	2 16 0 0 10 0 2 16 6 10 5 0 17 8 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 8 6 	0 14 8 0 6 6 3 3 5 2 1 5 2 1 2 1 18 9 0 14 0 0 5 1 0 11 7 0 6 3 0 3 6 2 1 10 0 4 6	4 18 3 0 16 0 - - - 0 19 0	97 5 8 66 18 9 66 8 2 256 16 3 65 8 8 184 18 6 75 14 0 30 12 4 51 6 7 125 9 0 89 16 3 36 16 10 157 16 4 40 4 6	28 1 6 15 16 6 14 18 6 187 2 0 19 18 0 99 10 4 30 2 0 3 4 0 12 5 8 70 17 0 31 8 10 23 4 5 59 12 8 5 9 6	2 12 7 4 9 3 4 14 10 2 14 8 1 13 7 2 2 0 3 0 7 1 12 3 3 13 4 2 3 3 4 1 8 1 9 6 2 13 6 3 7 0	98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109.				
1249 1 3	10 0 0	33 16 0		27 3 10	18 17 6	6 13 3	1345 11 10	551 10 11	2 11 8					
		dr. a.		L										

			1				.027	0) .) 1 A 1	ES	ОНОС	פענ	.,. (per		_
No.	SCHOOL DISTRICT.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	No. of Daysthe School was open during the Year,	Nu	mber of the Roy the	iolars olls	of S	age Nu cholar colls d e Yea	s on iring		rage D endan	aily ce.	and sists	hers As- ant hers	reacl	hers Paid
112 113 114 115 116 117	FRANKLIN, SOUTH	Dover Hastings Ida Bay Raminea Recherche Southport	$\begin{array}{c} 232 \\ 232 \\ 235\frac{1}{2} \\ 233\frac{1}{2} \\ 199 \\ 230\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	Boys. 40 28 16 43 26 20	33 62 14 23	Total 73 90 30 66 37 45	29 23 9 29 18	Girls 27 45 8 17 7	Total 56 68 17 46 25 32	Boys. 22 15 7 25 14 10	22 31 7 14 5	Total 44 46 14 39 19 21	м. 1 1 - 1 -	F. 1 1 1 1 1		r. - - -
118) 119 120 121	George Town	George Town Lefroy Lower Piper's River Low Head	221 224 216 227½	37 106 14 23	9 16		80 8 17	3 11	38 150 11 28	93 15 65 6 12		24 122 9 19	1 1 - 1	1 1 1 -	1 1 1 1	- 3 - -
122 123 124	GLAMORGAN {	TOTAL Glen Gala Lisdillon Swansea TOTAL	222 230½ 232	180 10 9 36 55	137 12 17 33 62		8 30	28	18 24 58			7 16 43	- - 1	1 1 1	-	3
125 126 127	GLENORCHY	Bismarck (a)	152 225½ 232	28 13 48	15 27	43 40	20 9	12 21	32 30	15 5	8 12	23 17 40	1 - 1	- - 1	1. 1.1	- - 1
128 <u>}</u> 129 \$	GREEN PONDS {	TOTAL Constitution Hill	229½ 230	89 17 49	84 32 48	49	12		118 37 68	. 8	39 18 24	80 26 48	2 - 1	2 1 2	_ _ 1	1 1 1
130 131 132 133 134 135 136	HAMILTON	TOTAL. Ellendale Fentonbury Hamilton † Mary borough Native Tier (b) Ouse Rocky Creek	236	66 17 23 42 14 19 12 16	22 21 53 11 19 20	39 44 95 25 38 32 30	15 15 33 10 17	12 42 9 13 13	34 27 75 19 30 24	9 9 21 8	10 9 28 8 7 9	16 19	- 1 †1 -	1	1 - - - -	2 1 - 1 - -
137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144)	Kingborough	TOTAL Garden Island Creek *Gordon	232 114 114½ 227½ 230 230 230¼	143 12 11 21 43 30 18 25 28	22 9 19 40 27 19 22	34 20 40 83 57 37	8 6 14 33 22 12 21	14 6 14 31 20 15	22 12 28 64	6 4 10 20	19 11 10 14	155 9 20 39 25 18 32 20	 - }	5 1 - 1 1 1	1	2 - - 1 - 1
145) 146 147 148 } 149 150 151 }	Longford	Bishopsbourne Cressy Iveridge Longford Pateena Perth Upper Liffey (c)	232 231 230½ 234 229 231½	26 57 30 140 15 53 26	9 68 27 77 19 51	35 125 57 217	19 40 22 103 12 45	6 53 21	266 25 93 43 160 26 89 32	93 15 30 16 78 9 34 11	85 39 15 42 12 37 11	178 19 69 31 120 21 71 22	 	- 1 1	- 1 - 2	- - - 1 -
152 } 153 }	Macquarie {	Strahan	229	347 36 70		75	20	19	3 9	13	12	25	_	1	_	1 - 1
154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162	New Norfolk	TOTAL	$\begin{array}{c} 235\frac{1}{2} \\ 218 \\ 183\frac{1}{2} \\ 231\frac{1}{2} \\ 232\frac{1}{2} \\ 235\frac{1}{2} \\ 93\frac{1}{2} \\ 137 \\ 202 \\ \end{array}$	106 14 55 21 35 14 138 4 18 17	18 46 30 34 12 103 7 17 15	32 101 51 69 26 241 11 35	12 47 21 27 10 102 3 11 13	15 38 26 27 9 79 4 14	27 85 47 54 19 181 7 25 23	6 32 13 18 6 74 3 7	10 24 15	73 16 56 28 37 12 130 6 16 13 314	- 1 1 - 1 }1	1 2 1 1 2 -	- - - - 1 - -	1 - - 1 - -

^{*} Half-time Schools.

[†] Half-time with Bluff, in Brighton District.

⁽a) Closed January to April. (b) Closed November and December. (c) Closed April to June. (d) Opened in September. (e) Closed January to March. (f) Closed in August.

between the 1st January and 31st December, 1891-continued.

	A	id granted dur	ing the Year e	ended 31st 1	December, 1891	l.			ount num olar end-	
Amount paid to Teachers of all Classes in Salaries and Allowances.	Rent of School Buildings.		Repairs to School Buildings not the property of the Govern- ment.		School Books, Maps, and Requisites.	Miscel- laneous.	Total.	School Fees.	Average amount of Government aid per annum for each scholar in daily attendance.	No.
£ s. d. 145 5 0 110 8 9 50 0 0 104 6 4 43 12 0 74 0 0	£ s. d. - - - -	£ s. d. - 2 10 0 4 5 0 -	£ s. d. - - - 7 10 0	£ s. d. - - 4 9 0 - -	£ s. d 1 1 0 1 15 1 - 0 11 9 0 1 1 0 5 1	£ s. d. - - - 3 2 6	£ s. d. 146 6 0 112 3 10 52 10 0 113 12 1 54 5 7 74 5 1	£ s. d. 60 1 11 59 5 11 16 15 5 38 11 7 18 3 9 30 15 6	£ s. d. 3 6 6 2 8 9 3 15 0 2 18 3 2 17 2 3 10 9	112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117.
527 12 1		6 15 0	7 10 0	4 9 0	3 14 0	3 2 6	553 2 7	223 14 1	3 0 5	•
88 5 9 161 15 0 54 14 2 63 0 0	` 	10 6 0 86 9 6 - -	10 0 0	- - -	0 11 6 1 1 9 0 5 0 0 10 6	- - - -	99 3 3 249 6 3 54 19 2 73 10 6	23 12 1 71 5 11 11 2 1 28 6 0	4 2 8 2 0 10 6 2 2 3 17 5	118. 119. 120. 121.
367 14 11	-	96 15 6	10 0 0	-	289	-	476 19 2	134 6 1	2 14 10	
111 3 3	10 0 0	- - -	7 10 0	- - -	0 3 7 0 19 11 0 12 6	- - -	64 6 11 62 11 8 111 15 9	8 0 2 16 14 6 53 3 2	9 3 10 3 18 2 2 12 0	122. 123. 124.
219 8 4 48 10 3	10 0 0	_	7 10 0	3 8 2	1 16 0	. –	298 14 4 52 9 6	77 17 10	3 12 4 2 5 8	125.
139 9 3	-	0 17 9	-		0 11 1 0 7 0 1 6 11	- - 	41 4 9 140 16 2	11 15 6 23 11 11 40 8 9	2 8 6 3 10 5	126. 127.
227 19 6 90 18 0	-	0 17 9	-	3 8 2	2 5 0	-	234 10 5	75 16 2	2 18 8	128.
141 7 9	<u>-</u>		-		0 11 6	-	91 9 6 142 11 1	17 13 3 39 7 7	3 10 4 2 19 5	129.
232 5 9	-	-		-	1 14 10	-	234 0 7	57 0 10	3 3 3	100
55 0 0 67 10 10 162 13 9 85 17 0 33 6 8 70 0 0 57 15 0	10 0 0	9 15 0 - - 5 5 11	-	-	0 12 6 0 10 6 - 0 18 9 0 6 0 0 14 0 0 1 6	-	55 12 6 77 16 4 162 13 9 86 15 9 43 12 8 75 19 11 57 16 6	18 19 1 12 0 3 71 13 6 9 16 8 17 16 2 24 18 9 14 7 4	2 18 6 4 6 6 3 6 5 3 18 10 2 5 11 4 4 5 3 12 3	130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135.
532 3 3	10 0 0	15 0 11	-		3 3 3	-	560 7 5	169 11 9	3 12 4	
40 0 0 0 84 0 0 147 11 9 99 10 3 90 0 0 85 0 0 61 0 6	15 0 0	- - 38 4 0 - - -	5 0 0	0 4 6	0 6 0 0 9 6 0 16 2 0 16 8 1 2 11 0 8 0 0 10 11 0 1 10	1 0 0	40 10 6 85 5 8 186 12 5 120 13 2 91 8 0 85 10 11 61 2 4	12 19 0 { 6 18 11 } { 13 8 8 } 61 5 10 19 3 7 22 5 0 34 15 10 22 16 6	2 14 0 2 18 9 4 15 8 4 16 6 5 1 7 2 13 6 3 1 1	137. { 138. } 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144.
607 2 6	-	38 4 0	5 0 0	0 4 6	4 12 0	1 0 0	671 3 0	193 13 4	3 15 5	
72 3 3 136 15 0 112 11 9 237 19 0 65 5 6 148 13 9 68 8 9	-	22 15 0 2 10 0 -	- - - - -	-	- 0 19 8 0 14 0 2 19 1 0 9 6 1 9 0 0 10 8	-	94 18 3 137 14 8 115 15 9 240 18 1 65 15 0 150 2 9 68 19 5	26 3 2 93 9 7 36 9 11 157 8 11 26 1 3 77 18 10 11 6 4	4 19 11 1 19 11 3 14 8 2 0 2 3 2 7 2 2 4 3 2 8	145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150.
841 17 0	-	25 5 0	-	-	7 1 11		874 3 11	428 18 0	2 9 6	
47 10 0 52 6 2	<u>-</u>	7 4 6		45 13 6	1 3 0 10 6 11	4 13 10 35 14 8	53 6 10 151 5 9	29 5 9 24 14 2	2 2 8 3 3 0	152. 153.
99 16 2	-	7 4 6	-	45 13 6	11 9 11	40 8 6	204 12 7	53 19 11	2 15 11	
52 3 3 130 0 0 78 16 0 155 5 0 60 0 0 256 7 0 111 0 0 { 52 4 7	25 0 0 - - - -	- - - 10 0 6 - - 52 15 6		0 12 0	0 11 4 1 17 1 0 15 2 0 17 0 0 7 3 3 14 10 0 6 5 0 3 0	0 12 0 0 12 0 - - 0 7 0 0 19 0 1 11 11	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15 19 2 42 7 2 15 9 10 51 5 0 11 11 0 152 3 4 2 15 6 1 10 6 6 16 13 0	3 6 8 2 16 3 2 16 10 4 4 5 5 0 7 2 1 8 5 2 1 8 4 3	154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162,
895 15 10	25 0 0	62 16 0	-	0 12 0	8 13 11	4 1 11	996 19 8	318 10 6	3 3 6	

No.	SCHOOL DISTRICT.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	No of Days the School was open during the Year.	Nu distinc	he Ro	olars ils	of Sc	ge Nui holari lolls d e Year	on uring		age Da endand	ily e.	and sist:	As-	Pup Feach and P Monit	ers aid
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172	OATLANDS	*Antill Ponds *Tunbridge Inglewood Jericho Mount Seymour Oatlands Parattalı Rhyndaston Tunnack Whitefoord	120 117 232½ 238 197½ 222 222½ 200½ 229 228½	9 24 13 18 28 75 37 18 23 15 360	Girls, 17 15 9 19 18 53 43 11 23 23	26 39 22 37 46	5 18 11 16 19 60 30 15	Girls. 11 12 8 15 15 42 34 9 18 17	rotal 16 30 19 31 34 102 64 24 37 27	8 11 15 42 12 14 8 150	Girls. 9 10 5 11 11 29 22 6 13 14	13 24 13 22 26 71 44 18 27 22	1 1 1 1 1	- 1 - 1 1 1 1		r. - - - 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
173] 174 { 175 } 176 177]	PORTLAND	Blue Tier Gould's Country Pyengana St. Helen's Weldborough	231½ 233½ 233½ 233½ 225 232	16 13 17 61 25	12 18 14 53 33 ————————————————————————————————	31 31 114 58	10 15 37 22	8 13 12 34 29	22 23 27 71 51	7 13 23	5 11 11 22 22 22 71	15 18 24 45 39	1 1 1	1	-	- - 1 -
178 179 180 181 182 183	RICHMOND	Campania Dulcot Jerusalem (a) Kangaroo Valley Richmond Upper Tea Tree		34 10 58 12 46 14	59 20 51 16	23 117 32 97 30	36 36 11		43 20 73 20 77 24	5 25 5 31	10 9 27 7 32 9	29 14 52 12 63 17	1 - 1 -	1 1 1 - 1 4		- 1 - 1 -
184 185 186 187 188 189	RINGAROOMA, EAST	TOTAL Boobyalla (b) Branxholm Derby Gladstone Moorina Ringarooma	165½ 230 226½ 233 222½ 229	174 10 26 61 22 23 41	185 20 49 9 22 38	15 46 110 31 45	9 24 37 17	5 14 33 7 14 30	14 38 70 24 31 59	7 18 29 14 11 23	4 8 25 7 10 23	11 26 54 21 21 46	1 1 1 1 1	1 - - 1 1		- 2 - - -
190 191 192 193	RINGAROOMA, WEST	TOTAL Ellesmere Jetsonville Springfield West Scottsdale TOTAL	226 229 <u>1</u> 232	183 106 23 27 13 169	22 21 14	181 45 48 27	70 20 16 9	46 20 16 11	40	52 15 11 6	77 32 15 10 7 64	179 84 30 21 13	2 1 1 -	1 1 - 1	-	2
194	Ross	Ross	2181	48	36	84	43	33	76	34	25	59	1	1	-	1
195 196 197 198 199 200 201	RUSSELL	Black River Forest *Irish Town *Smithton Montagu Rocky Cape Stanley	226½ 230½ 115 119 228½ 231 227	25 43 17 12 23 6 73	32 9 13 24 10 42	75 26 25 47 16 115	30 11 8 17 6 54	25 5 8 21 8 34	37 55 16 16 38 14 88	20 8 6 12 4 43	15 17 3 5 15 25	26 37 11 11 27 9 68	} 1 1 2	1 1 1 1	-	- - - -
202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216	Selby	Bangor Hadspen Invermay Karoola Lebrina (c) Lilydale Lisle Newnham Patersonia Ravenswood St. Leonard's St. Michael's St. Patrick's River Underwood Young Town	235± 230± 230± 218± 228± 222 232 234 214± 250 231± 222 234± 211± 222	23 16 240 26 50 11 18 28 53 13 13 24 37	27 25 125 24 20 57 19 27 19 51 19 23 29	50 41 365 50 46 107 31 38 90 47 104 32 28 47	17 13 147 20 17 39 10 7 14 23 43 10 10 20	19 23 65 19 17 42 14 18 8 12 35 16 13 17 22	39 34 81 24 25 22 35 78 26 23 37 49	14 10 104 14 13 27 6 6 10 17 30 8 8 14	85 14 18 45 13 13 27 7 12 6 8 25 10 10 12 16	28 28 28 149 27 26 54 13 16 25 55 18 18 26 38	11 3 11 - 1 - 1 1	1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1

^{*} Half-time Schools.

⁽b) Closed January to April.

⁽c) Opened in January.

between the 1st January and 31st December, 1891—continued.

		Aid granted d	uring the Year	ended 31st	December, 189)1.			unt ent um olar nd-	
Amount paid to Teachers of all Classes in Salaries and Allowances.	Rent of School Buildings,	Repairs to	Repairs to School Buildings not the property of the Govern- ment.	School Fur-	School Books, Maps, and Requisites.	Miscel- laneous.	Total,	School Fees.	Average amount of Government aid per annum for each scholar in daily attendance.	No.
# s. d. 89 10 9	£ s, d.	£ s. d. - 6 0 0 - 10 10 0 10 5 0 9 8 0	£ s. d. 3 0 0	£ s, d.	£ s. d. 0 5 3 0 11 10 0 3 6 0 12 3 0 12 4 1 14 3 0 18 0 0 6 3 1 5 1 0 4 6	£ s, d. 0. 2 0 0.17 0 0.7 0 0.7 0 0.6 0	£ s. d. 94 6 10 46 3 6 74 5 6 82 1 10 173 17 9 103 10 0 54 9 6 96 19 7 67 4 3	£ s. d. { 9 18 5 20 10 4 24 15 0 26 0 10 17 8 5 52 4 6 37 9 9 4 2 7 17 17 3 14 4 3	£ s. d. 2 10 11 3 11 1 3 7 6 3 3 2 2 9 0 2 7 1 3 0 6 3 11 10 3 1 1	163. 164. 165: 166. 167. 168. 170. 171. 172.
723 7 0 54 0 0 63 0 0 67 10 0 128 19 3 120 0 0	3 15 0	36 3 0 - - 6 5 0 9 0 0	3 0 0	21 16 6	6 13 0 0 18 11 0 7 0 1 2 0 2 9 7 0 15 6	1 19 0 - 1 5 0 -	792 18 9 54 18 11 63 7 0 76 2 0 140 8 10 124 10 6	18 3 11 22 17 6 32 8 11 41 14 7 42 1 5	2 16 8 3 13 3 3 10 5 3 3 5 3 2 5 3 3 10	173. 174. 175. 176. 177.
111 16 9 55 19 3 122 6 0 47 14 10 178 4 9 51 17 3	3 15 0	15 5 0 - 2 3 6 - 1 15 0 45 6 0	-	7 15 6	5 13 0 0 9 5 0 5 10 2 11 4 1 12 2 2 11 11 0 9 5	1 5 0 1 6 0 	459 7 3 113 12 2 56 5 1 184 16 4 49 7 0 207 15 2 97 17 8	29 3 6 0 17 6 49 5 9 16 7 0 70 12 11 32 9 8	3 5 2 3 18 4 4 0 4 2 11 10 4 2 3 3 5 11 5 15 2	178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183.
567 18 10 37 19 2 63 0 0 97 1 2 81 0 0 120 0 0 108 0 0	21 0 0	49 4 6 	1 12 6	32 19 0	8 0 1 0 10 0 0 13 7 1 8 4	1 11 0 - 1 10 0 - -	659 13 5 37 19 2 84 10 0 155 15 5 104 6 1 120 0 0 115 3 4	198 16 4 6 10 9 32 10 8 62 15 6 18 2 4 25 15 5 53 9 10	3 10 7 3 9 0 3 5 0 2 17 8 4 19 4 5 14 3 2 10 1	184. 185. 186. 187. 188.
507 0 4 145 0 6 123 1 9 81 1 0 64 7 10	34 0 0	70 19 3 - - - -	1 12 6 - - - -	8 18 0	2 11 11 0 11 10 0 17 6 0 9 1 0 15 9	1 10 0	617 14 0 164 17 0 133 19 3 81 10 1 65 3 7	199 4 6 69 0 11 31 17 0 25 11 8 10 5 1	3 9 0 1 19 3 4 9 4 3 17 8 5 0 3 3 0 2	190. 191. 192. 193.
413 11 1 152 10 3	10 0 0	-	-	8 18 0	1 14 6	-	445 9 11 154 4 9	85 10 0	2 12 3	194.
98 13 0 137 18 4 93 0 0 96 0 0 50 0 0 145 12 3	-	. I	- - - -	-	1 0 0 1 2 4 { 0 4 3 } 0 4 6 } 0 8 0 - 1 6 9	1 4 0 - 0 7 0 1 5 0 2 9 0	99 13 0 140 4 8 93 8 9 96 15 0 51 5 0 149 8 0	20 4 3 57 11 8 {4 14 6 {5 3 9 40 5 2 11 10 0 89 1 6	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201.
621 3 7 54 0 0 122 0 0 358 9 5 110 7 6 50 0 0 162 10 6 40 0 0 60 0 0 60 5 3 51 7 9 131 0 0 81 0 0 60 0 0 70 0 0 90 10 0		22 10 0		15 7 6	4 5 10 0 5 0 1 2 6 3 0 8 0 9 6 3 16 7 2 2 6 0 4 3 0 6 0 0 19 1 0 6 0 1 3 8 0 4 6 0 6 3 0 18 5	5 5 0 	630 14 5 76 15 0 123 2 6 363 10 1 110 17 0 69 18 1 164 13 0 40 4 3 60 6 0 61 4 4 52 13 9 133 8 8 81 4 6 60 6 6 70 6 3 91 8 5	228 10 10 23 6 1 30 9 4 184 9 11 16 3 0 30 7 6 57 16 9 17 19 5 24 4 5 14 3 6 30 5 4 43 18 8 19 13 7 21 2 9 21 4 3 46 11 3	3 6 9 2 14 10 4 7 11 2 8 9 4 2 1 2 13 9 3 1 0 3 1 10 3 7 0 3 16 6 2 2 2 2 8 6 4 10 3 3 7 0 2 14 1 2 8 1	202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215.
1501 10 5	_	24 10 0	-	16 7 6	15 11 5	1 19 0	1559 18 4	581 15 9	2 17 11	

RETURN of STATE SCHOOLS in operation

No.	SCHOOL DISTRICT.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	No of Days the School was open during the Year,	distin	mber et Sch the Re g the	olars olls	of the	Schola	during		rage I tendar		and sist	As-	Pu Tead and Mon	chers Paid
217) 218 219 220 221 222 223 224	SORELL	Bream Creek Dunalley Forcett Kellevie Nugent Orielton Sorell Wattle Hill	196 230½ 234 231½ 224 228 232 227½	Boys. 28 24 23 40 12 6 54 17	12 15	46 39 48 73 24 21 102	80ys. 20 21 18 30 9 5 41	11 10 19 28 9 11 40	37 58 18 16 81	15 16 15 24 6 3 27	7 16 21 7 6 26	22 23 31 45 13 9	1 - 1 - 1	1 1 1 1 1	-	1 1 -
225 } 226 } 227 }	Spring Bay . }	TOTAL Bucklaud Spring Bay Woodsdale TOTAL	224½ 230½ 232	204 9 19 20 48	21 15	24 40 35	8 14 17	12 15 12	29	6 9 16	10 10 11	16 19 27	- 1 1	1 1 -	_ - -	3 - - -
228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240	WESTBURY	Bracknell Bridgenorth Carrick Exton Fern Bank Frankford (a) Glengarry Hagley Reedy Marsh (b) Rose Vale Westbury Whitemore Winkleigh	$\begin{array}{c} 231\frac{1}{2} \\ 221\frac{1}{4} \\ 229\frac{1}{4} \\ 229 \\ 221 \\ 183 \\ 234\frac{1}{4} \\ 2167 \\ 221 \\ 230\frac{1}{4} \\ 230\frac{1}{4} \\ 230\frac{1}{4} \\ 233 \\ 233 \\ \end{array}$	32 15 38 47 16 15 25 39 11 18 72 30 32	41 10 32 38 14 20 22 28 7 9 52 18	73 25 70 85 30 35 47 67 18 27 124 48 44	22 13 31 30 7 13 20 21	33 10 27 28 11 16 20 15 6 7 39 12	55 23 58 58 18 29 40 36 15 22 89	17 6 23 18 6 11 13 16 7	26 9 20 19 8 13 12 4 4 28 8	43 15 43 37 14 24 26 28 11 15 66 24 26	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 - 1 - 2
241 { 242 }	South Longford	*Steppes (c)	63 48	390 7 3	8	15	276 5 2	6	11 9	5	5	10	}		-	- -
243	FURNEAUX GROUP	TOTAL	197½	10 33	17 31		7 27	13 21	20 48				l i		-	-
244	FINGAL	†Scamander(f)		9 10,372	9 8835	÷	8 7251	<u> </u>	15 18,491				_ 173	_ 203	30	- 68

^{*} Half-time Schools.

[†] School under a male teacher receiving grant in aid.

⁽a) Closed in November and December. (b) Re-opened in May. (c) Closed July to November. (d) Closed July to December. (e) Closed in March and April. (f) Opened in June.

between the 1st January and 31st December, 1891—continued.

	A	lid granted du	ring the Year	ended 31st	December, 189	1.	·		nount nment nnum cholar ttend-
Amount paid to Teachers of all Classes in Salaries and Allowances.	Rent of School Buildings,	Repairs to School Buildings the property of the Govern- ment.	Repairs to School Buildings not the property of the Govern- ment.	School Fur- niture and Fittings.	School Books, Maps, and Requisites.	Miscel- laneous.	Tota L.	School Fees.	Average amount of (tovernment aid per annum foreach scholar in daily attendance.
£ s. d.	£ s, d,	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s, d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
67 0 0 82 7 3 62 19 9 114 18 11 41 11 0 50 19 9 122 5 0 41 13 4		-	- - - - - -	1 13 4	0 7 1 0 9 6 0 11 6 0 14 4 0 1 10 0 5 11 1 3 6 0 5 9	1 17 0 0 11 0 0 8 0 	67 7 1 84 13 9 65 4 7 116 4 3 42 0 10 51 5 8 123 8 6 44 3 7	24 12 3 23 1 4 22 4 0 36 10 4 11 6 6 7 3 6 68 3 10 11 0 2	3 1 2 217. 3 13 7 218. 2 2 1 219. 2 11 8 220. 3 4 8 221. 5 14 0 222. 2 6 6 223. 4 18 2 224.
583 15 0		-	-	1 13 4	3 19 5	5 0 6	594 8 3	204 1 11	2 18 0
49 0 5 96 0 0 81 0 0	-	- - -	<u>-</u> -	- - -	0 10 0 0 14 10 0 13 4	4 0 0	53 10 5 96 14 10 81 13 4	9 3 6 22 10 6 28 17 6	3 6 10 225. 5 1 10 226. 3 0 5 227.
226 0 5		_	~	-	1 18 2	4.00	231 18 7	60 11 6	3 14 9
110 15 0 46 6 10 120 7 0 124 7 6 73 14 3 61 16 3 109 5 9 108 0 0 33 6 8 76 1 6 155 16 0 109 18 0 124 19 9		15 0 0	1 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	4 0 0 0 - 0 18 0 0 12 0	1 10 3 0 7 7 2 0 11 1 8 2 0 5 0 0 12 6 1 5 8 0 18 8 0 5 4 0 6 0 1 11 1 0 9 0 1 2 9	0 11 0 3 5 10 0 6 0	112 5 3 46 14 5 122 7 11 130 6 8 77 5 1 62 8 9 111 15 5 109 10 8 33 12 0 76 7 6 172 7 1 110 7 0 126 4 6	45 17 1 11 6 3 41 8 7 51 18 10 10 14 2 14 4 0 22 17 3 40 1 6 2 0 0 11 12 4 65 6 7 32 17 8 23 9 9	2 12 2 228. 3 2 3 229. 2 16 11 230. 3 10 5 231. 5 10 4 232. 2 12 0 233. 4 5 11 234. 3 18 2 235. 3 1 1 236. 5 1 10 237. 2 12 3 238. 4 11 11 239. 4 17 1 240.
1254 14 6	-	15 0 0	-	5 10 0	12 2 11	4 4 10	1291 12 3	353 14 0	3 11 0
55 3 4		<u>-</u>	-	3 7 0	$\left\{\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \end{array}\right.$	2 5 9 5 19 6	69 3 11	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 13 & 0 \\ 2 & 7 & 6 \end{array} \right\} $	3 12 10 \ \ \ 241.
-	-		-	-	_	-	_	-	-
120 0 0	_	-	_	-	0 18 5	-	120 18 5	4 0 0	3 18 0 243.
16 13 4							16 13 4	6 1 0	1 10 4 244.
24,891 3 8	275 1 8	*1044 13 7	60 1 6	272 5 0	275 8 6	280 8 4	27,099 2 3	10,562 12 4	2 14 0

^{*} Exclusive of £16 1s 10d. spent on property at Lansdowne Crescent.

APPENDIX L.

EXHIBITIONS.

RETURN of the Number of Candidates sent up for Examination since the establishment of the System, with particulars as to Marks gained, &c. (1860—1891 inclusive.)

	0901	1961	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1000	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.†	1875.	1870	3.‡	187	77.	187	78.	18	79.	188	30.
No. of Candidates presented		31 8	30 1	4 16	16	15	37	37	33 20	15	18	22	13	12		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls. 2			ll .		Воув.	Girls 7
No. to whom Exhibitions were awarded		3	4	4 €	4	.6	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	1	6	1	6	3	6	5	6	4
No. qualified for award*		3	5	4 7	5	6	4	5	17 18	3 11	12	18	10	9	5	6	1	11	1	15	3	20	5	14	. 4
No. of marks obtained by Senior Exhibitioner	6	34 69	96 67	9 685	784	720	923 90	10	947	992	973	1055	942	1031	934	1008	613	1012	1016	1105	969	1031	828	952	763
Average No. of marks obtained by Candidates awarded Exhibitions	5	76 64	41 60	2 646	690	510	814 8	9	871	901	876	1002	852	923	742	892	613	877	1016	976	813	931	681	885	38 3
	188	81.	188	S2.	188	33.	188	1.	1885.	1	886.		1887.		1888	. 1	889.	18	890.	18	891.	,	тот	'AL.	
No. of Candidates presented	Boys.		1 - 1		Boys.	irls.		irls. E	Boys. Gir		rs. Girl	s. Bo	ys. Girl	s. Boy	ys. Girl		s. Girls	s. Boy	s. Girls	<u> </u>	s. Girls	- 11	ys. Gi	rls. T	Total
No. of Candidates presented	Boys. 24	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	irls.	Boys, G	irls. E	30ys. Gir 21 1	ls. Box	rs. Girl	s. Boy	ys. Girl	s. Boy	ys. Girl	ls. Boy	s. Girls	Boy:	s. Girls	Boy	s. Girls	- 11	78. Gi	rls. T	
	Boys. 6	Girls.	Boys. 20	Girls.	Boys. 6	irls.	Boys, G	irls. E	30ys. Gir 21 12	ls. Box	78. Girl 3 4	s. Boy	ys. Girl 2 _ 8 6 _ 8	Boy 10	ys. Girl 0 7	ls. Boy 1	s. Girls	s. Boys	s. Girls	Boy 1	s. Girls	62 18	ys. Gi 27 10	rls. T 05 %	732
No. to whom Exhibitions were awarded	Boys. 24 6	Girls. 7 3 3	Boys. 20 6	Girls. 12 3	Boys. 6 6 8	Firls. 7 2 2	Boys, G 22 6 12	irls. E	30ys. Gir 21 19 6 9	ls. Boy 2 2 6 6 1 1 1	78. Girl 3 4 3 1	s. Boy	ys. Girl 2 _ 8 6 _ 8	Boy 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	ys. Gir. 0 7 6 4 7	ls. Boy 7 1	s. Girls 2 3 6 2 7 2	Boys	s. Girls 5 4 6 2	Boy 1	8. Girls 8 5 6 4 3 3	62 18 32	ys. Gi 27 10	rls. T 05 %	732 230

[•] In 1866 the standard required to qualify for an Exhibition was fixed at 600 marks.
† Prior to 1874 the Exhibitions were open to Candidates up to the age of 13.
‡ Prior to 1876 the Exhibitions were open to boys only.

APPENDIX M.

RETURN of Children admitted under Free Certificates, and the Payments made for their Instruction, for the Year 1891.

No.	School.	Total Sum paid.	Average Quar- terly Attendance.	No.	School.	Total Sum paid.	Average Quar- terly Attendance.
		£ s. d.				£ s. d.	
1	Charles-street, Laun-			63	Bismarck	$2 \ 0 \ 3$	6.00
j	ceston	929	20.00	64	Glenorchy	4 9 3	12.25
2	Frederick-street, ditto		20.75	65	Constitution Hill	5 18 0	13.00
3	Beaconsfield		12.25	66	Green Ponds		4.33
4	Bothwell	5 11 6	13.00	67	Fentonbury	0 17 6	5.50
5 6	Bagdad	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4·00 4·00	68 69	Hamilton	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9·25 3·75
7	Broadmarsh Elderslie	$\begin{bmatrix} & 0.19 & 9 \\ & 3 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$	8.25	70	Maryborough Kingston	0 11 9	1.25
8	North Bridgewater	3 1 9	7.25	71	Little Oyster Cove	3 10 3	9.75
9	Old Beach	1 7 3	2.50	72	Sandfly Basin	1 0 6	3.00
10	Pontville	$\frac{1}{2}$ 7 9	5.00	73	Bishopsbourne		1.00
11	New Town	10 7 9	$20 \cdot 25$	74	Iveridge		2.75
12	Ridgway	3 2 3	14.00	75	Longford	7 4 0	18.75
13	Campbell Town	14 4 0	31.00	76	Pateena	0 5 6	2.00
14	Conara and Epping	0 4 6	3.00	77	Perth	5 8 9	10.00
15	Carnarvon and Long			78	Upper_Liffey	2 5 6	5.75
_	_ Bay	0 17 0	6.00	7 9	Back River	2 3 3	6.00
, 16	Koonya		5.25	80	Lachlan	0 16 0	7.00
17	Bellerive		6.75	81	New Norfolk	7 7 0	20.50
18	Rokeby	3 6 0	6.50	82	Uxbridge	1 17 3	6.00
19 20	Sandford		12·75 6·00	83 84	Antill Ponds Tunbridge	0 13 6	2·66 · 3·00
20 21	Chudleigh Deloraine	_	21.00	85	Jericho	1 13 3	4.00
22	Dunorlan		11.25	86	Mount Seymour		7.25
23	Golden Valley	8 1 0	25.25	87	Oatlands	4 17 0	13.25
24	Parkham	_	12.50	88	Rhyndaston		9.00
25	Rubicon Bridge		9.50	89	Tunnack	_	4.50
26	Tongataboo		2.25	90	Whitefoord	1 8 9	2.33
27	Green's Creek	0 5 6	3.00	91	St. Helen's		17.00
28	Northdown		5 33	92	Campania		8 25
29	Devonport, West		8.00	93	Dulcot		4.25
30	Spreyton	0 1 6	1.00	94	Jerusalem		14.25
31	Abbotsham		7.00	95	Richmond	6 0 9	11.50
32 33	Forth		9.75	96	Upper Tea Tree		4.00
34	Kindred North Motton	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8·50 6·66	97 98	Ellesmere	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6·75 5·75
3 4 35	Penguin	5 0 6	13.25	99	Springfield		3.00
36	Burnie	3 0 9	8.66	100	Scottsdale, West		7.00
37	Somerset		2.00	101	Ross	T .	10.50
38	Wynyard		5.00	102	Black River		4.50
39	Evandale		11.66	103	Stanley	2 12 3	5.50
40	Lymington, North	2 2 9	4.25	104	Karoola	276	5.20
41	Cornwall		4.50	105	Lilydale		7.00
42	German Town		6.00	106	Patersonia	0 5 3	1.00
43	Gray		4.00	107	Ravenswood		2.75
44 45	Mangana	4 11 6	8.25	108	Dunalley	1 7 3	2.50
45 46	Mathinna St. Mary's	3 7 3 4 17 6	9.25	109	Forcett	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10.75
40 47	Castle Forbes Bay	0 2 6	10·75 2·00	110 111	Nugent	1 11 0	8.25
48	Chitty's Road		3.50	112	Nugent Orielton	0 19 9	5·25 3·00
49	Cradoc		4.00	113	Buckland		9.00
50	Franklin		11.00	114	Bracknell		9.66
51	Gardner's Creek		9.75	115	Bridgenorth	3 3 6	8.00
52	Geeveston		5.75	116	Carrick	4 7 0	10.00
53	Mountain River		2.75	117	Exton	3 12 6	8.50
54	Port Cygnet	1 15 9	6.50	118	Fern Bank		3.50
55	Victoria	2 14 6	5.00	119	Frankford	1 16 3	4.66
56	Dover	1 5 0	2.25	120	Glengarry	1 5 9	4.75
5 7	Hastings	2 8 9	6.25	121	Rose Vale		2.00
58 50	Raminea		3.25	122	Westbury	8 16 0	21.50.
59 .	George Town	4 5 9	10.00	123	Whitemore		3.75
60	Lefroy		18.50	124	Winkleigh	4 19 9	10.75
$\begin{array}{c} 61 \\ 62 \end{array}$	Lisdillon	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8.00	4	}	£975 10 £	064.70
ش	Swansea	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1 0.00	1		£375 19 6	964.70