FACT SHEET

Racing Regulation and Integrity (Consequential Amendments) Bill 2024

The Racing Regulation and Integrity (Consequential Amendments) Bill 2024 is ancillary to the Racing Regulation and Integrity Bill 2024.

It is made for the purpose of consequently amending several Acts upon the commencement of the Racing Regulation and Integrity Bill 2024 and the repeal of the Racing Regulation Act 2004.

The Acts that it amends all contain references to old legislation which need to be updated to reflect the new legislation.

These are:

Animal Welfare Act 1993

Annulled Convictions Act 2003

Anzac Day Observance Act 1929

Dog Control Act 2000

Gaming Control Act 1993

Judicial Review Act 2000

Justices Rules 2003

Racing (Tasracing Pty Ltd) Act 2009

Workers Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1998

The Bill is in the nature of machinery or administrative legislation. Two changes facilitate the repeal of the *Racing Regulation Act 2004*, the removal of the Director of Racing, and its allocation of integrity and welfare functions to the newly created Tasmanian Racing Integrity Commissioner and Tasracing Pty Ltd.

1. Dog Control Act 2000

The Racing Regulation and Integrity (Consequential Amendments) Bill 2024 reassigns the power of the Director of Racing in section 18A of the *Dog Control Act 2000* (to approve a program in respect of the training and assessment of greyhounds for suitability to be without a muzzle when not on a premises at which the dog is usually kept) to Tasracing.

2. Gaming Control Act 1993

The Bill empowers the Tasmanian Liquor and Gaming Commission to furnish the Tasmanian Racing Integrity Commissioner (rather than the Director of Racing) with information that has been furnished to the Commission by the holder of a Tasmanian gaming licence for the purpose of ensuring the probity of a gaming activity, and other purposes as determined by the Commission.