TASMANIA

CORRECTIONS AMENDMENT (ELECTRONIC MONITORING) BILL 2020

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CORRECTIONS AMENDMENT (ELECTRONIC MONITORING) BILL 2020

This Public Bill originated in the House of Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

SHANE DONNELLY, Clerk of the House 25 August 2020

(Brought in by the Minister for Corrections, the Honourable Elise Nicole Archer)

A BILL FOR

An Act to amend the *Corrections Act 1997* to enable electronic monitoring of offenders to be a condition of parole

Be it enacted by Her Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Corrections Amendment (Electronic Monitoring) Act 2020.*

2. Commencement

This Act commences on the day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent.

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3. Principal Act

In this Act, the *Corrections Act 1997** is referred to as the Principal Act.

4. Section 72 amended (Release on parole)

Section 72 of the Principal Act is amended by inserting after subsection (5) the following subsection:

- (5A) Without limiting the generality of subsection (5), the Board may impose on a parole order in respect of a prisoner the following conditions:
 - (a) a condition that the prisoner must submit to electronic monitoring, including by wearing or carrying an electronic device;
 - (b) a condition that the prisoner must not remove, tamper or interfere with, damage or disable any electronic device or equipment used for the purpose of the electronic monitoring;
 - (c) a condition that the prisoner must not knowingly permit a person, who is unauthorised to do so, to remove, tamper or interfere with, damage or disable any electronic device or equipment used for the

- purpose of the electronic monitoring;
- (d) a condition that the prisoner must comply with all reasonable and lawful directions, in relation to the electronic monitoring or an electronic device or equipment used for the purpose of the electronic monitoring, that are given to the prisoner by
 - (i) a police officer or probation officer; or
 - (ii) a person authorised by the Director or Secretary to exercise powers in relation to electronic monitoring.

5. Repeal of Act

This Act is repealed on the first anniversary of the day on which it commenced.