

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

SESSION OF 2019 - 2020

(SECOND SESSION OF THE FORTY-NINTH PARLIAMENT)

NOTICES OF MOTION AND ORDERS OF THE DAY

No. 59

WEDNESDAY, 24 JUNE 2020

(*At 11.00 o'clock am*)

NOTICES OF QUESTION

35 Ms *Webb* to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government — With regard to the Premier's Economic and Social Recovery Advisory Council (PESRAC) announced on 30 April 2020, and noting that the National COVID-19 Coordination Commission (NCCC) Chair, Mr Neville Power, stepped aside as Deputy Chairman of the gas company Strike Energy due to perceived conflict of interest concerns:—

- (1) (a) Does the Government have in place a transparent accountability framework for the identification, management and public disclosure of any potential conflicts of interest issues which may arise for both PESRAC members and any advisory staff; and
 - (b) if so, are the details of this accountability framework publicly available?
- (2) Are there any instances since 30 April this year where PESRAC members have:
 - (a) Stepped aside from corporate or other roles due to their PESRAC membership;
 - (b) declared any potential or perceived conflicts of interest in light of any matters arising during PESRAC related activities; and
 - (c) if so, please provide details.
- (3) Are mechanisms in place to protect the commercial interests and intellectual property of submissions received, recognising that PESRAC members may be connected to direct competitors of businesses and individuals making representations to PESRAC?
- (4) What are the remuneration, financial and resourcing package arrangements for each PESRAC member?

(5) What are the estimates of operating costs for PESRAC's support secretariat, including salaries of any seconded departmental or political appointment staffers to the secretariat or to PESRAC members? (asked 3.06.20)

36 Ms *Webb* to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government — Recognising the need to maintain public confidence in Tasmania's transparency and accountability mechanisms during the unprecedented COVID-19 crisis, will the Government please confirm whether any member of the Premier's Economic and Social Recovery Advisory Council, as announced on 30 April 2020, has:

- (1) (a) Made a personal financial or in kind donation to a registered political party and/or candidate for each of the financial years from 2016-17 to 2019-20; and
 - (b) if so, please provide the names of any identified recipients?
- (2) (a) Represented, or held membership of, or was an employee of, any organisation or entity which made a financial or in kind donation to a registered political party and/or candidate for each of the financial years from 2016-17 to 2019-20; and
 - (b) if so, please provide the details of both donor entity and recipients?

- (3) (a) Ever been a registered lobbyist, member and/or employee of a registered lobbyist organisation, on either the Australian Government Register of Lobbyists or the Tasmanian Register of Lobbyists; and
 - (b) if so please provide details?
- (4) (a) Been involved in any business and/or corporate interests which have successfully tendered for any Tasmanian state tenders, grants, commissions, and/or received any other public funding for each of the financial years from 2016-17 to 2019-20; and
 - (b) if so, please provide the contract and funding amount details?

(asked 3.06.20)

37 Ms *Webb* to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government — With regard to the Tasmanian Children's Commissioner serving on the Premier's Economic and Social Recovery Advisory Council (PESRAC), as announced on 30 April 2020:—

- (1) (a) Has the Government received advice regarding the capacity for the Tasmanian Children's Commissioner to meet all responsibilities, obligations and terms of appointment, as an independent statutory officer under the *Commissioner for Children and Young People Act 2016* while also serving as a PESRAC member; and
 - (b) if so, what are the details?
- (2) What are the details of the intended full-time equivalent (FTE) schedule the Children's Commissioner will be expected to fulfil as a PESRAC member?
- (3) (a) Have amendments been made to the Children's Commissioner's contractual arrangements in light of additional membership on PESRAC; and
 - (b) if so, what are the details?

(asked 3.06.20)

- **38** Mr *Gaffney* to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government —
- (1) What is the Government's response to TT-Line (as a GBE) standing down employees due to the pandemic?
- (2) Have any other GBEs stood down employees?
- (3) What is being done to:

(a) assist TT-Line to find alternative work for employees, and/or(b) provide financial support to TT-Line so that they can retain employees?

- (4) Have the CEO, Leadership Team and Board Members at TT-Line opted or been required to take reduced salaries and/or hours in an effort to alleviate some of the financial burden that the Company is under?
- (5) As a high portion of employees who have been impacted by the stand downs and call for reduced hours are Tasmanian, what action has been taken by the Government to assist Tasmanian employees?
- (6) The Prime Minister in his address to the National Press Club stated that GBEs were not eligible for Job Keeper as the onus is on the State Government to look after their own employees. What action is being taken to financially support affected TT Line Employees?

(asked 3.06.20)

39 Mr *Dean* to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government —

With regard the COVID-19 restrictions and the reduction in alcohol fuelled violence and anti-social behaviour—

- (1) During the COVID-19 restriction period to date how many serious public place alcohol fuelled assaults have occurred?
- (2) Does the Government support the call by the Police Association of Tasmania for reform of licensing laws particularly with regard changes to early morning trading between the hours of 3.00 am and 5.00 am?

- (3) With the evidence now available, will the Government consider reviewing the late/early morning trading practices of licensed premises?
- (4) The Premier has made reference to improved and increased education in this area:
 - (a) who is it that the proposed education programs will be targeting; and
 - (b) how is the education proposed to be delivered?
- (5) During the financial years 2017/18; 2018/19; and 2019/20 (to date), how many public place assaults, liquor infringement notices or public order incidents have been reported to police in and around the Hobart waterfront where businesses trade well into the early hours of the morning?
- (6) During the financial years 2017/18; 2018/19; and 2019/20 (to date) how many offences/actions have been taken against licensees (staff) regarding the "responsible serving of alcohol" requirements?
- (7) While the Licensing Commissioner approves/issues out of hours permits for early morning trading (1.00 am to 5.00 am):
 - (a) what policing of these permits and licensed premises is undertaken by Licensing Commission Inspectors during this time period; and
 - (b) if not policed, why not?
- (8) During the financial years 2017/18; 2018/19; and 2019/20 (to date) what number of charges have been preferred by Licensing Commission Inspectors within the State?
- (9) During the financial years 2017/18; 2018/19; and 2019/20 (to date), how many charges have been preferred by Licensing Inspectors involving matters between midnight and permit closing periods?
- (10) (a) How many Licensing Inspectors are there;
 - (b) where are they located;
 - (c) what are their hours of duty; and
 - (d) do they have any responsibility at all to police out of hours permits?
- (11) (a) Is there a problem with the licensing legislation in that while the Licensing Commissioner can impose restraints and reduce licensing hours they are overturned whenever an appeal is taken; and(b) if this is the case, what action is taken to remedy the situation?
 - (0) If this is the case, what action is taken to remedy the 14.06(20)

(asked 4.06.20)

40 Ms *Webb* to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government —

With regard to the COVID-19 Disease Emergency:

- (1) What additional or adapted measures have been implemented for providing health care to, and ensuring the physical and mental wellbeing of, voluntary and involuntary clients in Tasmania's mental health facilities?
- (2) What special measures have been implemented in Tasmania's mental health facilities to protect vulnerable patients, such as elderly individuals and those with existing health conditions?
- (3) What measures have been taken in relation to the administration of Treatment Orders under the *Mental Health Act 2013* to:
 - (a) reduce crowding in Tasmania's mental health facilities;
 - (b) ensure physical distancing can be maintained in those facilities; and
 - (c) safeguard health and wellbeing more generally?
- (4) To what extent are the rights of mental health clients under the *Corrections Act 1997* and the *Mental Health Act 2013* restricted as a result of COVID-19?
- (5) What processes and arrangements have been put in place to ensure people with mental illness have a direct voice to decision-makers about the impact of COVID-19 on:
 - (a) their mental and physical health and wellbeing; and
 - (b) the measures being adopted in relation to their treatment and care during the pandemic emergency?
- (6) What impact has COVID-19 had on staff-escorted leave and access to allied health services provided by psychologists and diversional therapists?

- (7) (a) How many COVID-19 tests have been carried out in Tasmania's mental health facilities; and
 - (b) what have been the results for staff and patients?
- (8) (a) What sanitation and social distancing measures have been implemented in Tasmania's mental health facilities; and
 - (b) to which facilities do these measures apply?
- (9) (a) What measures have been taken to minimise the impact of restrictions on visits to Tasmania's mental health facilities; and
 - (b) have opportunities for video communication between patients and their families and friends been provided?
- (10) What measures are in place to minimise the physical and psychological harm of any COVID-19 related isolation measures that have been in place?
- (11) What has been the impact of the COVID-19 emergency period on the Mental Health Official Visitors Program's ability to:
 - (a) check on the treatment of patients in mental health facilities; and
 - (b) receive complaints from patients?

(asked 4.06.20)

41 Ms *Webb* to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government —

With reference to the formal State of Emergency declared by the Government on 19 March 2020 under section 42 of the *Emergency Management Act 2006 (the Act)* due to the presence of COVID-19 in Tasmania:—

- (1) How has the Tasmanian Disaster Resilience Strategy 2020-2025 informed or influenced the state's response to the COVID-19 pandemic?
- (2) Noting the Tasmanian Emergency Management Arrangements (TEMA) is required under section 32 of the Act and that pandemics are identified as a potential 'emergency' or 'disaster' for which the state needs to be prepared:
 - (a) what is the status of the TEMA;
 - (b) how was TEMA implemented; and
 - (c) how has it informed the state's response to the COVID-19 pandemic?
- (3) What is the status of the current Special Emergency Management Plan and the associated State Recovery Plan that is described by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (DPAC) Office of Security and Emergency Management (OSEM) as a "broad, scalable framework for recovery that can be tailored to meet the needs of each emergency event and affected community", and which details the state's Recovery Governance Framework?
- (4) (a) Was the state's Recovery Governance Framework, as outlined on the OSEM website, implemented in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; and
 - (b) how was it implemented?
- (5) (a) What is the membership of the State Recovery Committee, Chaired by the State Recovery Advisor, who the Premier informed the Parliament on 30 April 2020 has been appointed to that legislated role under section 24A of the Act; and
 - (b) what COVID-19 related work has that committee undertaken?
- (6) Has the State Recovery Advisor provided, or been asked to provide, advice to the Premier on:
 - (a) any future appointment of a State Recovery Coordinator; and/ or
 - (b) the establishment of a Recovery Taskforce, as provided by section 24B of the Act?
- (7) (a) Is the Premier's Economic and Social Recovery Advisory Council (PESRAC) intended to fulfil the role of the Recovery Taskforce; and
 - (b) will PESRAC operate instead of, or in parallel to, the Recovery Taskforce and the Act's Recovery provisions?
- (8) Will the Chair of PESRAC fulfil the role of the State Recovery Coordinator as specified under section 24D of the Act, and which is also provided for under TEMA and the DPAC State Recovery Plan?

- (9) What advice has the Government sought or received regarding:
 - (a) the implementation of the Recovery Taskforce and State Recovery Coordinator role in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic, and
- (b) any implications of establishing PESRAC as an alternative or parallel process?

(asked 4.06.20)

ORDERS OF THE DAY

- 1 Building and Construction (Regulatory Reform Amendments) Bill 2020 (No.21) Second reading
- 2 Premier's Address Resumption of Debate (Ms *Howlett*) on the Question proposed on 18 and 19 March and 4 June 2020 That the Address be noted.
- **3** Police Offences Amendment (Repeal of Begging) Bill 2019 (No. 49): Second reading.
- 4 Marine-Related Incidents (MARPOL Implementation) Bill 2019 (No.37): Second reading.
- 5 Neighbourhood Disputes About Plants Amendment Bill 2019 (No.35): Second reading.
- **6** Justice Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments Bill 2019 (No.39): Second reading.
- 7 Police Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments Bill 2019 (No. 44): Second reading.
- 8 Brickmakers Point Landslip Bill 2020 (No. 15): (under suspension of standing orders) Adjourned Debate (Mr *Finch*) on the Question proposed on 25 March 2020 That the Bill be now read the Second time.
- 9 Sentencing Amendment (Assaults on Off-Duty Police) Bill 2018 (No. 6): Second reading.
- **10** Justice Legislation (Mandatory Sentencing) Bill 2019 (No. 57): Second reading.
- **11** Workplaces (Protection from Protesters) Amendment Bill 2019 (No. 54): Second reading.
- 12 Consideration of the following Message from the House of Assembly —

MR PRESIDENT,

The House of Assembly having agreed to the following Resolution, begs now to transmit the same to the Legislative Council, and to request its concurrence therein —

Resolved, —

That the the House of Assembly refers to the House Committee the matter of non-Government Members' access to 'Parliamentary Counsel' and that the matters pertaining to the location within Parliament House and access arrangements to the Parliamentary Counsel be a matter to be determined by the Committee and reported to both Houses

House of Assembly, 31 July 2019

SUE HICKEY, Speaker".

- **13** Public Health Amendment (Prevention of Sale of Smoking Products to Under-Age Persons) Bill 2018 (No. 45): Adjourned Debate (Mr Dean) on the Question proposed on 6 August 2019 That the Bill be now read the Second time. (*Private Member's Bill*)
- 14 Adjourned Debate (Ms Forrest) on the Question proposed on 17 March 2020 -
- (1) That the Legislative Council notes:
 - (a) Australia (with the exception of Western Australia), has an approach to poker machine policy and regulation that is significantly different to virtually all similar countries globally, resulting in Australia having:
 - (i) a disproportionately high number of poker machines per capita;
 - (ii) a typical style of poker machine that is regarded as 'high intensity'; and
 - (iii) a comparatively high level of harm due to the use of poker machines.

- (b) Poker machines typically in use in Australia are designed and programmed to include features that increase the likelihood of addiction, with evidence suggesting that normal use of Australian poker machines is likely to cause addiction in one in six users, these features relate to:
 - (i) spin speed;
 - (ii) bet limits;
 - (iii) maximum jackpot;
 - (iv) near misses;
 - (v) losses disguised as wins; and
 - (vi) return to player.
- (c) It is possible to modify the design and programming features of poker machines to decrease the likelihood of addiction, and such modifications would have little impact on the recreational use of poker machines by Tasmanians.
- (d) The impact of harm caused by poker machine use on Tasmanian health and mental health services, family support services, welfare services, criminal justice system, domestic violence services, housing and homelessness services, productivity and level of unemployment, is not currently measured and monitored by the Tasmanian Government so as to effectively inform policy development and regulation relating to poker machines.
- (e) Data available on poker machine use indicates:
 - (i) at least 23,000 Tasmanians are in at-risk groups (low, moderate and problem gambling);
 - (ii) one in three Tasmanians personally know someone with a serious problem with gambling on poker machines;
 - (iii) 79 per cent of Tasmanian Gamblers Help clients have poker machines as their primary form of gambling; and
 - (iv) 40-60 per cent of the money taken by poker machines comes from people addicted to the machines or are classified as at-risk.
- (f) The Social and Economic Impact Study (SEIS) 2017 notes limitations to the collection of accurate and reliable data in Tasmania on:
 - (i) the use of poker machines, including accurate frequency and expenditure; and
 - (ii) employment figures related to poker machines in hotels and clubs.
- (g) To date, the Tasmanian Government has not released and made available for public scrutiny and discussion, modelling on the social and economic impact of the proposed new poker machine licensing arrangements to be introduced in Tasmania in 2023.
- (2) The Legislative Council calls on the Tasmanian Government to undertake and publicly release modelling on the social and economic impact of the proposed new poker machine licensing arrangements to be introduced in Tasmania in 2023.

15 Report of the Legislative Council Government Administration Committee 'A' Short Inquiry Process Report on Services and Supports Available to Tasmanians not Eligible for the NDIS. Consideration and noting. (Ms *Forrest*)

16 Partition Bill 2019 (No. 2): Second reading.

NOTICES OF MOTION

- 1 Mr *Dean* to move That the Report of the Integrity Commission No. 4 of 2017: An investigation into allegations of misconduct in the Fox Free Taskforce and Fox Eradication Program, be considered and noted.
- 2 Mrs *Hiscutt* to move That the Council approve, in accordance with subsections 11(7) and 12(4) of the *Public Account Act 1986*, additional Recurrent Services and Works and Services expenditure in 2018-19 for the purposes detailed in the Section 19 Return for the June Quarter 2019.
- 3 Ms *Rattray* to move That the Tasmanian Irrigation Annual Report 2018-2019 be considered and noted.

- 4 Mr *Dean* to move That the Department of Police, Fire and Emergency Management Annual Report 2018-2019 be considered and noted.
- 5 Ms *Forrest* to move That the Legislative Council notes:
- (1) Family violence is evidenced by any of the following types of conduct committed by a person, directly or indirectly against that person's spouse or partner:
 - (a) economic abuse;
 - (b) emotional abuse;
 - (c) intimidation;
 - (d) breaching any existing orders relating to Family Violence;
 - (e) assault (including sexual assault);
 - (f) threats;
 - (g) coercion;
 - (h) verbal abuse;
 - (i) abduction;
 - (j) stalking; or
 - (k) an attempt to do any of those things.
- (2) The Government's ongoing commitment to the prevention of family violence with Premier Gutwein holding the portfolio of Minister for the Prevention of Family Violence;
- (3) The need for a whole of Parliament, non-partisan, whole of government approach to:
 - (a) raising awareness of family violence and violence against women in all settings and challenge attitudes that promote the status quo;
 - (b) the consideration of further law reform to promote and support the safety of victims, predominantly women and children;
 - (c) provide whole of community, evidence based, appropriate and targeted education programs in all areas of the Tasmanian community that;
 - (i) support gender equality;
 - (ii) increase awareness and understanding of the need for cultural change;
 - (iii) improve accountability mechanisms; and
 - (iv) reduce the stigma and silencing of those who have experienced family violence;
 - (d) promote gender equality awareness and training in workplaces;
 - (e) provide adequate resourcing to support the victims of family violence, predominantly women and children, to access;
 - (i) safe shelter,
 - (ii) financial support;
 - (iii) social support;
 - (iv) access to justice and legal aid; and
 - (v) psychological and therapeutic support;
 - (f) provide support for and access to evidence based programs for perpetrators to modify behaviour; and
 - (g) role-modelling of respectful relationships.
- (4) The important role of police and emergency services as first responders to incidents of family violence and domestic abuse.
- **6** Ms *Forrest* to move —
- (1) That the Legislative Council notes:
 - (a) The World Health Organisation has declared 2020 as the International Year of the Nurse and Midwife;
 - (b) Nurses and midwives make a significant contribution to all areas of health care, wellness promotion and illness prevention, often working in challenging circumstances;
 - (c) Nursing and midwifery care is predominantly provided by women;
 - (d) Nurses and midwives constitute more than 50% of the health workforce in many countries;
 - (e) The world needs 9 million more nurses and midwives if it is to achieve universal health coverage by 2030;

- (f) In remote areas, nurses and midwives are often the first and only point of care in their communities;
- (g) Strengthening nursing and midwifery will assist in promoting and achieving the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDG's) 5 (Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls) and 8, (Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all), and support other SDG's; and
- (2) That the Legislative Council recognises, highly values and thanks all Tasmanian nurses and midwives for their hard work, dedication and commitment in all areas of practice.

7 Ms *Rattray* to move — That the Government Businesses Scrutiny Committee 'B' 2019 Report be considered and noted.

8 Mr *Dean* to move — That the 'Review of the effectiveness of electronic monitoring as a condition for perpetrators in Family Violence Orders, under section 16 (3)(c) of the Family Violence Act 2004'report be considered and noted.

9 Ms *Forrest* to move — That the Legislative Council supports the establishment of a comprehensive inquiry conducted by suitably qualified and independent experts into the contributing factors which led to the recent Covid-19 outbreak in North West Tasmania.

10 Ms *Forrest* to move —With regard to the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on Tasmania, the Legislative Council acknowledges:—

- (1) The significant economic impact on the State;
- (2) The need for a non-partisan, inclusive approach to economic recovery in the State;
- (3) The opportunity to re-think how the State budget and economy is managed and prioritised in the future; and
- (4) The need to initiate a review of fiscal sustainability, to prioritise future spending and establish a funding plan to manage the State's finances into the future.

11 Ms *Forrest* to move —With regard to the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on Tasmania, the Legislative Council acknowledges:—

- (1) The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly impacted the people of Tasmania with many losing their jobs and curtailed the personal freedoms of all;
- (2) The Government's response has reduced the spread and impact of the virus;
- (3) The death of 13 Tasmanians and offers our sincere condolences to the families and friends of these Tasmanians; and
- (4) Recognises changes in response to the pandemic in the following areas:—
 - (a) opportunities to work from home;
 - (b) flexible work hours and places;
 - (c) free childcare;
 - (d) greater focus on housing those who are homeless;
 - (e) developing different ways to identify and respond to domestic abuse and violence;
 - (f) greater use of tele-health services; and
 - (g) community support and connection with vulnerable and elderly members of the community.

12 Ms *Webb* to move —That Statutory Rules 2019, No. 63, Fisheries (Abalone) Amendment Rules 2019 dated 23 September 2019 made under the *Living Marine Resources Management Act 1995* and laid upon the Table of the Council on 19 November 2019, be disallowed as provided by Section 47 of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1931*.

D.T. PEARCE, Clerk of the Council.

PAPERS ISSUED

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Notice Paper No. 58

SUMMARY OF BILLS

Read First Time

Bill No. 6 of 2018 Bill No. 2 of 2019 Bill No. 35 of 2019 Bill No. 37 of 2019 Bill No. 39 of 2019 Bill No. 44 of 2019 Bill No. 54 of 2019 Bill No. 57 of 2019 Bill No. 21 of 2020	Sentencing Amendment (Assaults on Off-Duty Police). Partition (<i>pro forma</i>). Neighbourhood Disputes About Plants Amendment. Marine-Related Incidents (MARPOL Implementation). Police Offences Amendment (Repeal of Begging). Justice Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments. Police Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments. Workplaces (Protection from Protesters) Amendment. Justice Legislation (Mandatory Sentencing). Building and Construction (Regulatory Reform Amendments)	
Second Reading Debate Adjourned		
Bill No. 45 of 2018 Bill No. 15	Public Health Amendment (Prevention of Sale of Smoking Products to Under-Age Persons). Brickmakers Point Landslip.	
Agreed to by Both Houses		
Bill No. 15 of 2018	Corrections Amendment (Prisoner Remission) (Act No.32 of 2019).	
Bill No. 40 of 2018	Gas Industry (Act No.1 of 2019).	
Bill No. 41 of 2018	Gas Safety (Act No.2 of 2019). G_{22} (Gaussian equation) (Act No.2 of 2010)	
Bill No. 42 of 2018 Bill No. 43 of 2018	Gas (Consequential Amendments) (<i>Act No.3 of 2019</i>). Mental Health Amendment (<i>Act No.8 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 47 of 2018	Justice and Related Legislation (Marriage Amendments) (<i>Act No.7 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 51 of 2018	Security and Investigations Agents Amendment (Act No.9 of 2019).	
Bill No. 52 of 2018	Supreme Court Civil Procedure Amendment (Act No.14 of 2019).	
Bill No. 57 of 2018	Energy Co-ordination and Planning Amendment (Act No.4 of 2019).	
Bill No. 58 of 2018	Community, Health, Human Services and Related Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Act No.13 of 2019).	
Bill No. 59 of 2018	Land Acquisition Amendment (Act No.31 of 2019).	
Bill No. 60 of 2018	Litter Amendment (Act No.30 of 2019). $E_{act} = (A_{act} N h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h $	
Bill No. 61 of 2018 Bill No. 63 of 2018	Forest Practices Amendment (<i>Act No.25 of 2019</i>). Criminal Code and Related Legislation Amendment (Child Abuse) (<i>Act No.29 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 64 of 2018	Electricity Supply Industry Restructuring (Savings and Transitional Provisions) Amendment (<i>Act No.24 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 65 of 2018	Registration to Work with Vulnerable People Amendment (Act No.18 of 2019).	
Bill No. 66 of 2018	Short Stay Accommodation (Act No.12 of 2019).	
Bill No. 3 of 2019	Electoral Amendment (Act No.5 of 2019).	
Bill No. 4 of 2019	Motor Accidents (Liabilities and Compensation) Amendment (Act No.6 of 2019).	
Bill No. 5 of 2019	Criminal Code Amendment (Bullying) (Act No.34 of 2019).	
Bill No. 6 of 2019 Bill No. 7 of 2019	Fruit and Nut Industry (Research, Development and Extension Trust Fund) Repeal (<i>Act No.35 of 2019</i>). Workers Rehabilitation and Compensation Amendment (Presumption as to Cause of Disease) (<i>Act</i>	
DII NO. 7 01 2019	No.11 of 2019).	
Bill No. 9 of 2019	Consolidated Fund Appropriation (Supplementary Appropriation for 2018-19) (Act No.10 of 2019).	
Bill No. 10 of 2019	Disability Services Amendment (Act No.17 of 2019).	
Bill No. 11 of 2019	Greater Hobart (Act No.21 of 2019).	
Bill No. 12 of 2019	Health Miscellaneous Amendments (Act No.15 of 2019). $P_{i} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left(1$	
Bill No. 14 of 2019 Bill No. 15 of 2019	Right to Information Amendment (Applications for Review) (<i>Act No.26 of 2019</i>). Biosecurity (<i>Act No.22 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 16 of 2019	Disposal of Uncollected Goods (<i>Act No. 2 of 2020</i>).	
Bill No. 17 of 2019	Local Government (Highways) Amendment (<i>Act No.28 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 19 of 2019	Vehicle and Traffic Amendment (<i>Act No.37 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 20 of 2019	Workers Rehabilitation and Compensation Amendment (Act No.23 of 2019).	
Bill No. 21 of 2019	Appropriation Bill (No. 1) (Act No.19 of 2019).	
Bill No. 22 of 2019	Appropriation Bill (No. 2) (Act No.20 of 2019).	
Bill No. 23 of 2019	Government Procurement Review (International Free Trade Agreements) (<i>Act No.27 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 24 of 2019	First Home Owner Grant Amendment (<i>Act No.16 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 25 of 2019 Bill No. 26 of 2019	Roads and Jetties Amendment (Validation) (<i>Act No.39 of 2019</i>). Roads and Jetties Amendment (Works in Highways) (<i>Act No.38 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 26 of 2019 Bill No. 27 of 2019	Magistrates Court (Criminal and General Division) (<i>Act No.43 of 2019</i>).	
Bill No. 28 of 2019	Magistrates Court (Criminal and General Division) (<i>Act No.43 of 2019</i>). Magistrates Court (Criminal and General Division) (Consequential Amendments) (<i>Act No.44 of</i>	
2	2019).	

Bill No. 29 of 2019	Restraint Orders (Act No.47 of 2019).
Bill No. 30 of 2019	Civil Liability Amendment (Act No.33 of 2019).
Bill No. 31 of 2019	Historic Cultural Heritage Amendment (Act No.36 of 2019).
Bill No. 32 of 2019	Public Works Committee Amendment (Act No.42 of 2019).
Bill No. 33 of 2019	Genetically Modified Organisms Control Amendment (Act No.40 of 2019).
Bill No. 34 of 2019	Legal Profession Amendment (Validation) (Act No.41 of 2019).
Bill No. 36 of 2019	Justice Legislation Amendment (Organisational Liability for Child Abuse) (Act No.48 of 2019).
Bill No. 38 of 2019	Place Names (Act No. 1 of 2020).
Bill No. 41 of 2019	Public Sector Superannuation Reform Amendment (Act No.52 of 2019).
Bill No. 42 of 2019	Burial and Cremation (Act No.50 of 2019).
Bill No. 43 of 2019	Dog Control Amendment (Act No.53 of 2019).
Bill No. 45 of 2019	Poisons Amendment (Act No.51 of 2019).
Bill No. 46 of 2019	Inland Fisheries Amendment (Royalties) (Act No.46 of 2019).
Bill No. 47 of 2019	Long Service Leave (State Employees) Amendment (Act No.49 of 2019).
Bill No. 51 of 2019	Gaming Control Amendment (Wagering) (Act No.45 of 2019).
Bill No. 56 of 2019	Duties Amendment (Act No. 3 of 2020).
Bill No. 3	Justice Legislation Amendments (Criminal Responsibility) (Act No. 10 of 2020).
Bill No. 4	Evidence Amendment (Act No. 7 of 2020).
Bill No. 5	Criminal Code Amendment (Sexual Abuse Terminology) (Act No. 8 of 2020).
Bill No. 10	Appropriation (Supplementary Appropriation for 2019-20) (Act No. 4 of 2020).
Bill No. 11	Supply Bill (No. 1) (Act No. 5 of 2020).
Bill No. 12	Supply Bill (No. 2) (Act No. 6 of 2020).
Bill No. 13	Taxation and Related Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Act No. 9 of 2020).
Bill No. 14	COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Act No.11 of 2020).
Bill No. 17	COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) (No.2) (Act No. 12 of 2020).
Bill No. 19	COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Commercial Leases) (Act No. 13 of 2020).

STANDING COMMITTEES AND MEMBERS

Committee of Privileges: Mr Dean, Mr Farrell (The President), Mr Finch, Ms Forrest (Chair of Committees) and Mrs Hiscutt. Standing Orders Committee: The President (Mr Farrell), The Chair of Committees (Ms Forrest), Mrs Hiscutt, Ms Rattray and Mr Valentine.

Parliamentary Standing Committee on Public Works (Joint): Ms *Rattray* and Mr *Valentine*. Parliamentary Standing Committee on Subordinate Legislation (Joint): Ms *Forrest*, Ms *Rattray* and Ms *Webb*. Parliamentary Standing Committee of Public Accounts (Joint): Mr *Dean*, Ms *Forrest* and Mr *Willie*. Parliamentary Standing Committee on Integrity (Joint): Ms *Armitage*, Mr *Dean* and Mr *Valentine*.

SESSIONAL COMMITTEES AND MEMBERS

House Committee (Joint): The President (Mr Farrell), Ms Forrest, Mrs Hiscutt Library Committee (Joint): Ms Armitage, Mr Farrell, Mr Finch, Ms Forrest, Ms Rattray and Mr Valentine. Government Administration A: Mr Finch, Ms Forrest, Mr Gaffney, Ms Lovell, Mr Valentine and Ms Webb.

- Horizontal Fiscal Equalisation System
- Finfish Farming in Tasmania

Government Administration B: Ms Armitage, Mr Armstrong, Mr Dean, Ms Rattray, Ms Siejka and Mr Willie.

SELECT COMMITTEES AND MEMBERS

Production of Documents: Mr Dean, Ms Forrest, Ms Webb and Mr Willie. Greater Hobart Traffic: Mr Armstrong, Ms Siejka, Mr Valentine and Ms Webb.