

1879.

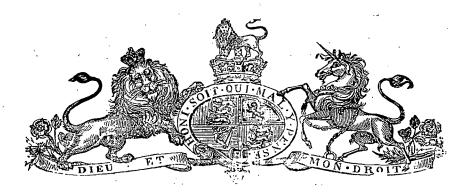
TASMANIA.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

BOARD OF EDUCATION:

REPORT FOR 1878.

Laid upon the Table by Mr. Crowther, and ordered by the Council to be printed, September 9, 1879.



REPORT of the Board of Education for the Year 1878.

To His Excellency Frederick Aloysius Weld, Esquire, C.M.G., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Island of Tasmania and its Dependencies.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY.

- 1. We, the Members of the Board of Education, Tasmania, have the honor to submit the following Report of our proceedings during the year 1878.
- 2. During the year 1877 there were 165 Schools in actual operation; the total number of distinct children at any time on the Rolls for that year was 12,557; the average number on the Rolls from month to month was 8222; the average daily attendance was 5973. During the year 1878 there were 164 Schools in operation; the total number of distinct children on the Rolls for the year was 12,453; the average number on the Rolls from month to month was 8297, and the average daily attendance 6032. As compared with the year 1877 the number of Schools has decreased by 1; the total number of children on the Rolls by 103; while the average number on the Rolls has increased by 75, and the average daily attendance by 59.
- 3. Progress of Schools.—The progress of the Schools since the year 1863, when the jurisdiction of the present Board extended over the whole of the Public Schools of the Colony, is shown in the following Table:—

Year.	No. of Schools.	No. of Scholars on Rolls during the year.	Average No. of Scholars on Rolls from month to month.	Average Attendance.	Average No. on Rolls dur- ing the year at each School.	Average No. on the Rolls from month to month at each School.	Average Attend- ance at each School.
1863	. 88	7124	4607	3426	80.95	52:34	38-92
1864	97	7791	4987	3763	80.31	51.41	38.79
1865	102	8294	535 7	4074	81.31	52.42	39.94
1866	101	8198	5159	3930	81.16	51.08	38.91
1867	105	8346	5419	4112	79.48	53.14	39.16
1868	109	8746	5649	4272	80.23	51.46	39.19
1869	116	9316	5992	4511	80.22	51.66	38.88
1870	128	9997	6678	5041	78.10	52.17	39.38
1871	130	10,194	6786	5187	78.41	52.20	39.90
1872	139	10,491	6921	5209	75.47	49.79	37.47
1873	141	10,803	7047	5268	76.62	49.98	37.36
1874	147	12,158	7970	5867	82.70	54.21	39-91
1875	154	12,271	8145	5703	79.68	52.89	37.03
1876	158	12,231	8140	5867	77.41	51.52	37.13
1877	165	12,557	8222	5973	76.10	49.83	36.20
1878	164	12,453	8297	6032	75.93	50· 5 9	36.79

4. Attendance.—The following table exhibits the number of Scholars in average daily attendance from month to month during the year:—

MONTH.	No. of Schools	Average Daily Attendunce.	Average Daily Attendance at each School.
January February March April May June July August September October November December	149 151 152 148 150 150 154 153 154 155 156	4782 5305 5843 5993 6124 5571 5884 5880 6225 6049 6233 5751	32 35 38 41 41 37 38 38 40 39 40 37

5. Religious Denominations of Scholars on the Rolls.—The Returns exhibiting the Religious Denominations of 12,436 Scholars on the Rolls afford the following comparison with the Census Tables of 1870:—(See Appendix J.)

	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Presby- terians.	Wesleyans.	Indepen- dents.	Other Deno- minations.
Entire Population as shown by Census taken 7th February, 1870	53,047 or 53.40 per cent.	$22,091$ or $22\cdot24$ per cent.	9064 or 9·13 per cent.	7187 or 7·24 per cent.	3931 <i>or</i> 3·96 per cent.	4008 or 4.03 per cent.
Scholars on Rolls, 1878	5742 or 46·18 per cent.	2697 or 21.69 per cent.	844 or 6.79 per cent.	1797 or 14.44 per cent.	858 or 6.90 per cent.	498 or 4.00 per cent.

6. Ages and Classification of Scholars.—We have Returns from 155 Schools of the Ages and Classification of 8128 Scholars on the Rolls at Christmas 1878, which are summarised below:—

	CLASS.							
	ī.	II.	III.	IV.	v.	VI.	Total.	
Under Four Years	71						71	
our years	189	2	1 —	1 —	l	1 1	191	
ive years	391	26	-	l —		·	417	
ix years	599	117	5		i —	l — j	721	
even years	598	299	40	2	J —	J —]	939	
ight years	407	464	131	21	4	_	1027	
ine years	240	433	256	51	7	1	988	
en years	148	397	359	134	40	1	1079	
leven years	64	· 248	349	188	75	7	931	
weive years	53	158	272	197	84	17	781	
hiteen years	23	83	148	150	81	20	5 0 5	
ourteen years and over	9	57	113	132	114	ō 3	478	
TOTAL	2792	2234	1673	875	405	99	8128	
er-centage of Scholars	34.35	28.10	20.58	10.77	4.99	1.21		

of the erection and improvement of School premises at the following places:—

PARTICULARS.	Amoun by H		anted d.	Amous			To	TAR	4.
Inglewood—Erection of Schoolroom and	£	s.	<i>d.</i>	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Teacher's Residence	193	13	0	- 96	16	6	290	9	6
Montos Marsh—Additions to Schoolroom Campbell Town—Erection of Schoolroom and		6	-			4	20		0
Teacher's Residence, Fencing, &c	884	11	8	442	5	10	1326	17	6
Deloraine—Additions to Schoolroom	166		4		_	8	250	0	0
New Ground-Additions to Teacher's Residence	30	Ō	ō			Ŏ	45	0	0
Forquay—Extras		6	8	12	3	4	36	10	0
Castra Road—Erection of Teacher's Residence Waratah—Erection of Schoolroom and Teacher's	43	6	8		13		65	0	0
Residence	153	7	2	76	13	8	230	0	10
Teacher's Residence	106	13	4	53	6	8	160	0	0
Glengarry—Erection of Teacher's Residence	26	13	4	13	6	8	40	0	0
Cluan—Érection of School Premises	63			31	14	8	95	4	0
of the first of the first	·	 -	 ,		-			•	
TOTAL	1706	1	2	853	0	8	2559	. 1	10
			•	ļ					

The amount granted by the Board, as shown above, is chargeable, in accordance with the provisions of "The Public Schools Erection Act," against "Loans Bill." In addition to the sums expended as above, we have paid £683 3s. 1d. out of the "Vote in aid of Public Schools" for repairs and improvements to School-houses.

- 8. Schools opened.—Schools at the following places were established during the year:—Cressy Road, Jetsonville, Lower Jerusalem, Mole Creek, Sulphur Creek, and Waratah. Seven Schools were re-opened after having been temporarily closed, viz.—Antill Ponds, (half-time School,) Black Brush, Falmouth, Jericho, Montos Marsh, Ulverstone, and Wattle Grove.
- 9. Schools temporarily closed.—Schools at Castle Forbes Bay, Constitution Hill, Dulcot, Green Point, Mangana, Newnham, Northdown, Upper Piper's River, and Wynyard were closed temporarily during the year for reasons which are particularised in Appendix G.
- 10. Grant for Education.—The total expenditure in aid of Public Schools amounted to £16,021 18s. 5d. The appropriation of this money is exhibited in detail in Appendices C. and G., and may be briefly recapitulated as follows:—

Objects of Expenditure.

	£	s.	d.
Salaries and Allowances of Teachers, Assistant Teachers, Pupil Teachers,			
and Paid Monitors	14,184	8	4
Rent of School Buildings	260	3	4
Repairing and improving School Buildings	683	3	1
Providing School Furniture and Fittings	152	19	0
Providing Books, Maps, and School requisites	81	2	8
Salaries of Truant Officers	240	0	Ō
Miscellaneous Expenditure		2	Ö
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
TOTAL	£16,021	18	5

In addition to the above amount the sum of £1843 1s. 9d., chargeable against the Establishment, was paid on account of Administration and Inspection.

11. Cost of Instruction.—The following table exhibits the cost of instruction for the year 1878:—

security in the second	Inspection.			f $Administration.$	Cost of	Cost of Inspection.		
Scholars on the Rolls for the	£ s. 1 5	d. 8¾		s. d. 0 11½	s. 2	d. 0		
year, per head Average number on the Rolls, per head	1 18	7 ½		1 5	3	01		
Average daily attendance, per head	2 13	11		1 111	4	13		

12. School Fees.—The School Fees paid by parents in aid of Teachers' Salaries amounted to £5883 15s. 9d. or £482 7s. 11d. more than last year: dividing this amount by the—

	s.	d.
Number of Scholars on the Rolls for the year, gives	9	$5\frac{1}{4}$ per head.
Average number on the Rolls, gives		
Average daily attendance, gives		

13. Income of Teachers.—We have received Returns of the emoluments of 185 Teachers who were employed during the year, from which we have compiled the following results:—

	No. upon which the Average is taken.	Average	e A		Maximu Inc	m A: come			m Ar	
		£	s.	d,	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Schoolmasters and Mistresses con-	e=	750	٦.	•	CEO	^	0	00	10	9
jointly	57 46	172			672 458	0	8 5		13 6	_
		143		_			J		-	_
Schoolmistresses in sole charge Teachers in charge of Provisional	32	75		8	183	_]	11	
Schools	13	44	16	11	65	5	9	26	4	6
Female Assistants	37	33	0	0	70	0	0	20	0	0

The above statements have reference to the income which is derivable by Teachers in connection with their Schools only, and do not include sums received for private tuition.

14. Free Scholars.—We append a Return of the number of children admitted during the year under free certificates. The sum of £519 0s. 3d. has been paid by the Board for their instruction, the average number of Free Scholars under instruction being 1330.75. See Appendix H.

The following statement will show the average number of Scholars receiving their instruction Free, and the amount paid to Teachers by the Board for their instruction for the past sixteen years:—

	Average No. of Free Scholars under Instruction.	Amount paid to Teacher for their Instruction.				
		£	s.	\overline{d} .		
During the year 1863	679.75	380	18	6		
Ditto 1864	612.75	354	17	10		
Ditto 1865	896.00	359	7	6		
Ditto 1866	1027.75	434	17	9		
Ditto 1867	1118.00	470	15	9		
Ditto 1868	1209.25	497	12	. 3		
Ditto 1869	1438.00	586	4	3		
Ditto 1870	1780.75	722	17	3		
Ditto 1871	2013.50	850	15	9		
Ditto 1872	1886-25	742	5	11		
Ditto 1873	1533.50	629	9	5		
Ditto 1874	1611.75	620	12	4		
Ditto 1875	1603 25	. 593	16	1		
Ditto 1876	1560.75	615	13	1		
Ditto 1877	1461.25	558	19	2		
Ditto 1878	1330.75	519	0	3		

Def ...

- 15. Night Schools for Males.—We append a Return of the number of scholars admitted into the Night Schools during the year. The sum of £146 9s. 6d. has been paid by the Board for their instruction, the average number of Scholars being 168.25. See Appendix F.
- 16. Exhibitions from Public to Superior Schools.—In the month of June we caused an Examination for Exhibitions from Public to Superior Schools to be held; seventeen male and four female Candidates presented themselves; and on the recommendation of the Examiners, the Rev. Canons Davenport and Bailey, we awarded an Exhibition of the value of £16 13s. 4d. per annum, tenable for four years from the 1st of July, 1878, to each of the under-mentioned Candidates:—

No.	Name.	Date of Birth.	Public School.
1 2 3 4 5 6 6	Male Candidates. Robert Henry Crawford John Henry Campbell Charles Corydon Adams Laurence James Christensen Arthur Augustus Stephens Patrick Daniel Kelly Female Candidates. Annie Littlejohn Mary Maria Mylan Viola Angelina Carlton Allsopp	22 Nov., 1866 14 April, 1867 12 August, 1867 21 March, 1867 17 March, 1867 23 March, 1867 5 July, 1866	Hagley. River Don. Evandale. River Don. New Town. Turner's Marsh. River Don. Emu Bay. Battery Point.

The Examiners in closing their Report observe--

"We are of opinion that the results of the Examination are very satisfactory, and compare favourably with those of past years. The attainments of many who have failed to win an Exhibition, because they have been outstripped in the race, deserve great praise; while those of their more successful competitors reflect still higher honor on their ability and industry, and not a little credit on the schoolmasters by whom they have been taught."

- A Statement of Expenditure under this head will be found in Appendix E.
- 17. General and Local Inspection.—On summarising Appendix I. it will be seen that 3974 visits have been made to the Public Schools during the year, of which 388 were made by the Inspectors, 1380 by Members of the Local Boards, and 1552 by other persons, and, for the purpose of imparting Religious Instruction, 533 visits were made by Ministers of the Church of England, 82 by Ministers of the Church of Rome, 18 by Ministers of the Church of Scotland, 8 by Wesleyan Ministers, and 13 by Ministers of the Independent Church.
- 18. Increased Inspection.—The Board desires once more to urge upon the Government the necessity for the appointment of a third Inspector of Schools. Since the year 1869, when the Board had the services, as now, of two Inspectors, the number of Schools has increased from 116 to 164, and the average attendance of Scholars from 4511 to 6032. Many of the additional Schools lately established have been opened in wild and remote localities, and the amount of travelling entailed upon the present Inspecting Staff occupies an undue proportion of their time, and interferes seriously with that frequent and thorough inspection of the Schools which is essential to efficiency. We deem it our duty therefore to express our earnest hope that the Government will submit to Parliament in the Estimates for 1880 the necessary provision for the salary and travelling expenses of a third Inspector.
- 19. The annual Reports, by the Chief Inspector, and by Mr. Inspector Rule, are annexed hereto. See Appendices A. and B.
- 20. We submit this as our Report on the Public Schools for the year ended 31st December, 1878, and we have caused our corporate Seal to be affixed hereto.

HENRY BUTLER, Chairman.
JAMES GRANT.
HENRY HUNTER.
FRED^{K.} M. INNES.
WILLIAM TARLETON.
JAMES WHYTE.
STEPHEN P. H. WRIGHT.

Education Office, Hobart Town, 27th August, 1879.

APPENDIX A.

GENERAL Report for 1878 by T. Stephens, Esq., M.A., Chief Inspector of Schools.

Hobart Town, 13th May, 1879.

I HAVE the honour to submit my General Report on the condition of the Public Schools which I have visited during the past year.

INSPECTION, &c.

The number of visits paid to Public Schools in the Southern districts during the year was 176, including visits to six schools which were closed at the time of visit in consequence of the removal of their Teachers. To the inspection and examination of the Ragged Schools in Hobart Town 20 days were devoted, making a total of 196 visits. The number of separate schools visited was 80, including those which were closed as stated above, and the extra schools in Hobart Town. In addition to the above work six days were given to visits of inquiry in connection with the projected establishment of new schools. The business of the general examinations of Pupil Teachers at the beginning and end of the year, and the annual examination of Teachers in the month of January, occupied 19 days, and the other examinations held at intervals for the purpose of testing the qualifications of candidates for the office of Teacher or Pupil Teacher 21 days in all. The preparation of reports and miscellaneous business filled up the rest of the year, leaving little or no time for any work not strictly of a routine description. Much time is necessarily consumed in travelling, the nature of the work requiring it to be done chiefly in the saddle.

The gross attendance at my annual examinations was less than usual, a number of schools having been prevented by accidental circumstances from mustering a fair proportion of their scholars on the appointed day; but the absentees had, for the most part, been examined in a less formal manner at previous visits. The number examined individually in the latter part of the year was 2652, or, including the extra schools in Hobart Town, 3088.

SCHOOL PREMISES.

Of the 76 Public Schools on the Board's list in the Southern districts 43 are held in buildings vested in the Board for educational purposes, and 33 in buildings which either belong to religious bedies or are private property. To about half of these are attached quarters for Teachers differing in character from the well-built comfortable residence, down to the "skilling" of two rooms which sometimes is the only accommodation available for a Teacher's family. The schoolrooms have even a wider range of variation, and the comfortless condition of some might be fairly pleaded as an excuse for the non-attendance of children. In the character of the schoolhouses erected during the past few years there has been a considerable improvement, and they might have been quite satisfactory but for the difficulty of raising sufficient funds in the first instance, and the greater difficulty of obtaining supplementary contributions for the purpose of remedying original defects. In the remote bush and in sparsely peopled localities, where there is no certain promise of a permanent supply of scholars, it has sometimes been necessary to sanction the occupation of premises which cannot be reported fit for anything but temporary use. The only objection to such a course is that when the school is once established all local interest seems generally to subside, and the difficulty of getting dilapidated buildings made habitable, or replacing them by school-houses adapted to their purpose and of a more permanent character, is often greater than that of raising funds where no school has previously been in existence. Where there is a non-resident Teacher the school premises are always more or less neglected and liable to become dilapidated.

I am unable to report any general improvement in the condition of the school out-offices, which are too often regarded by Teachers and the local authorities as a disagreeable subject which it is convenient to ignore. Some of the cases which I have had to report are discreditable to those who are connected with the schools.

The whole question of the erection and maintenance of schoolhouses demands serious consideration. The principle embodied in the Rules and the usual practice of the Board is that of subsidising local effort. The grants of public money are tendered to stimulate and foster the spirit of self-reliance, not to extinguish it; and the large extension of the means of education throughout the rural districts is a sufficient proof that the system has been fairly successful. The chief element of weakness has always been the fact that there is no power to distribute the pressure of the local subsidy by an equitable system of rating, and the consequence is that the burden, which ought to rest on a whole community, is left, if undertaken at all, to a few benevolent persons who perhaps are less directly interested in the school than others with more ample

means. The evils attendant on any scheme which depends for permanent support upon the casual operation of voluntary contribution need not be described; but it is notorious that they have been latterly increased by the prevalence of an impression that the whole of the responsibility for the erection and maintenance of schools is about to be undertaken by the State. So long as this contingency is believed to be even remotely probable, without becoming an accomplished fact, the effect cannot but be very prejudicial to the interests of public education.

INSTRUCTION, &c.

My separate reports on the inspection and examination of schools have supplied in detail such information respecting their general condition, and the extent to which the teaching and management are satisfactory or the reverse, as is necessary to enable the Board to appreciate them at their true value. Tabulated statements are also embodied in the reports to show the degree of proficiency in the elementary subjects which has been attained by the children present at the annual examinations, and these constitute one of the elements required for properly estimating the efficiency of the Teacher, though they are of little value unless taken in connection with other results of education which cannot be expressed in figures. It is so important to avoid any misconception on this point that I must not omit a word of caution on the subject. The programme of instruction was purposely designed to discourage Teachers from preparing for what is known as "examination by standards." They have plain directions to guide them in classifying the children, and the first duty of the Inspector is to determine whether this work has been faithfully performed. There are certain exceptional cases for which allowance has to be made; as, for instance, the irregular attendance of a child for any lengthened period between the date of last promotion and that of the examination, or the presence of neglected children above the ordinary school-going age whom a Teacher may naturally desire to save from the humiliation of being classed with mere infants; but all such cases should be indicated by a distinguishing mark in the class lists to show that some definite reason can be given to account for their position in the school. If, however, there is in any class a large proportion of failures in one or more of the essential subjects they are generally attributable to one of two causes,—either the Teacher is so unacquainted with the technical part of his business that he cannot really test the proficiency of his scholars, or he has been tempted into

The lower division of the First Class in a Public School is intended to include all children who are unable to read very easy monosyllabic sentences with tolerable fluency. The number not advanced beyond this stage was 512, or 19 per cent. of the total number examined. In the upper division there were present 425, of whom 69 failed. So little is required for advancement to this grade that there ought to be no failures.

In the Second Class there were 767, of whom 553 passed. The Second is usually the largest class in the school, and the future progress of the child depends very much upon the attention received and the habits formed while passing through this stage. The failures were more numerous than usual, and there is no general improvement in the branches of training described in the programme of instruction under the heads "Object Lessons" and "Rhymes."

In the Third Class there were 486, of whom 389 passed, the failures being caused by defective grounding in the simple rules, or bad writing and spelling, in about equal proportions. The rudiments of grammar and geography are required to be taught in this class, though they are not taken into account in determining the question of classification. The results vary widely, but the number of passes amounted collectively to about 70 per cent. in grammar and 50 per cent. in geography. I do not care to lay much stress on the answering in extra subjects where there is a marked deficiency in the more essential work.

In the Fourth Class there were 333 present, of whom 242 passed, the failures resulting from defects similar to those in the Third Class. Twenty schools showed no representatives of the class, and many more failed to produce more than one or two who were sufficiently advanced for this grade of proficiency, though an elementary knowledge of the compound rules, with writing on paper to dictation, and reading, are the only attainments required. In the other schools the general work ranged from indifferent to good, and in the extra subjects the majority gave satisfactory results in grammar, and a fair proportion in geography, a very elementary knowledge of the latter subject being all that is required.

In the Fifth Class there were present 149, of whom 98 established more or less satisfactorily their title to this rank in the school. In the Sixth Class, with 49 present, there were 16 passes. The failures in both cases were caused either by insufficient grounding in elementary arithmetic, or defective spelling. The writing was generally passable, and trequently very good. Reading has to be judged with great leniency in all classes, the subjects and language of many of the lessons being beyond the range of our schools. Of the extra subjects of instruction in the Fifth and Sixth Classes I can only say that in a few exceptional cases out of the 19 schools which profess to teach up to the Fifth Class there was gratifying evidence of sound teaching and steady progress: in the majority the proficiency scarcely extends beyond what one expects to find in a respectable Fourth Class. The probability of weakness in the higher classes was always foreseen, and reference is made to it in a note appended to the programme of instruction, which cautions Teachers against making the higher promotions unless they are able to show "a progressive improvement in intelligence and style of working, as well as in range of subjects."

By summarising the results obtained from individual examination, taking into account only the proficiency shown in the essential subjects of instruction, it will be seen that the number of children who were not fit to be placed higher than the Second Class was 1732, or 65 per cent. of the total. This low standard may be further illustrated by comparing the average age at which children might be expected to have reached the several classes, with the results obtained at the last examinations, both of which are shown in the following table:—

	CLASS I. Div. 2.	CLASS II.	Class III.	CLASS IV.	CLASS V.	CLASS VI.
Estimated average age	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs. Ms.	Yrs. 11	Yrs. 12
Average age in 1878	8	9	11	12 6	13	14

The excellent results shown by some schools tend, of course, to hide the low standard of efficiency in the rest, when the whole are brought together for the purpose of computing the average: but it is sufficiently clear that the large majority of children, who have to begin to help their parents or earn an independent living at an early age, must leave school before attaining the lowest standard of proficiency that can be considered satisfactory, or that can help them to self-improvement in after years.

Of the extra subjects not already mentioned Sacred History calls next for some notice. I have been frequently obliged during the past year to remark on the neglect of the Scripture Lessons prescribed by the programme of instruction. The simple outlines and narratives of Sacred History are easily brought within the range of all children by a Teacher who knows anything of teaching; and it is seldom that there is any valid excuse for the extraordinary ignorance which is often displayed even in the higher classes. General History is at present almost beyond the scope of the Public Schools, and the practice of cramming isolated scraps of English History as a preparation for some examination should receive no countenance from the Inspector. Singing and Drawing as subjects of instruction are chiefly noticeable for their absence from the ordinary school course. These branches appear to have gradually retrograded since the establishment of special classes of instruction, and as the Teachers of these classes cannot be held accountable for results outside their immediate influence, the general falling off is probably an indirect effect of the relief of other Teachers from personal responsibility in the matter. Object Lessons, which are only another name for collective oral teaching, appear more frequently on the time-table than of old; but there is no possibility of much improvement under this head until means are provided for training Teachers for their work. Drill, except class-drill, which is sometimes carried to an excess, is almost unknown.

Some reference has to be made to matters outside the mere rudiments of instruction, because we cannot afford to ignore what is being done in other countries in the improvement of common school education; but the chief object of our Public Schools is at present to teach efficiently the elements of reading, writing, and arithmetic, and the facts disclosed by the examination of schools show that in these branches there are long arrears to be made up without any means being available for remedying the deficiency. The work of the Inspector really begins where that of the training master ends, and it is not good for either Teacher or children that an attempt should be made to train him in his own school.

GENERAL.

It is necessary to point out some of the special defects of the working of an educational system, if only to guard against the prevailing tendency to be satisfied with things as they are so long as their shortcomings do not obtrude themselves upon public notice. There will always be found some who will bestow unqualified praise upon the Public Schools, and sometimes, as I may presently show, with very good reason; but the Inspector must deal with broad facts, and with the condition of education as a whole. If I have been unable to show much improvement either in the material condition of schools or in the professional qualifications of the majority of the masters and mistresses, I can at least say that there is every reason to be satisfied with the character, conduct, and general attention to duty of the whole body of Teachers, with very few exceptions; that the number of fairly competent Teachers is increasing steadily, if slowly; and that it is not so much the want of zeal or industry, as the absence of opportunity for improvement, that prevents a large proportion of the rest from being similarly classed.

I have shown in other Reports that the best educational results, or, in other words, the most satisfactory evidence of efficient teaching and general management, are often found where the local obstacles to the success of a school are most formidable. The competent Teachers will always seek appointment to populous districts, and the scanty, if not decreasing, population in some of the older settlements will partly account for the failure of schools which required Teachers of more than average ability to muster the requisite attendance of scholars. How much more the attendance of children depends upon the energy or the ability of the Teacher than upon any enforcement of the compulsory clauses of the Act is clearly shown by the sudden fluctuations which have occurred from time to time after the removal of one Teacher or the appointment of another. In one case the attendance may be doubled, and in another diminished by half, with a corresponding improvement or falling off in regularity, while in both cases the agencies which are supposed to enforce the attendance of children remain inactive and the local circumstances unchanged. The educational progress of whole districts sometimes shows a curious variation. Starting from a given point I can ride fifty miles in one direction and find the character of the

instruction in the different schools ranging from "satisfactory" to "excellent." In another direction, on a tour of equal length, there is not one which comes within such a category, the maximum of efficiency in the latter case being inferior to the minimum in the former. It is easy to understand how persons whe take an interest in popular education, but are only acquainted with their own neighbourhood, may como to quite opposite conclusions as regards the efficiency of the Public Schools.

To what extent the Exhibitions offered by the Board for competition have fulfilled their purpose is a question of considerable interest. That they have been of great benefit to a limited number of scholars, and that the exhibitioners have shown themselves to be deserving of the honour conferred upon them, will be readily admitted: that there has been any healthy stimulus applied to the general work of elementary education is at least doubtful. A Teacher, who has had his share of success, writes:—"I am more than ever convinced that whatever good these Scholarships may do, they are not calculated to improve the general condition of a school," and I know that this is the opinion held by several of the best and most experienced Teachers. It would be exceedingly unjust to assume that the care bestowed by a Teacher upon one or two scholars is necessarily so much time and attention taken away from his proper duty; but the dangerous tendency in this direction, especially where there is no check upon it, is notorious, and it is easy to see how a Teacher may often be tempted to give his special attention to work which will bring him public credit at the expense of the school, and which in itself is much more agreeable than the tedious round of elementary instruction in his junior classes. There are few defects for which some remedy may not be found.

There is so little alteration from year to year in the condition of elementary education, apart from such special changes as have been already mentioned, that it would be difficult to go farther into the question without quoting passages from my reports of the past few years. The measures of reform which have been suggested may or may not commend themselves as worthy of immediate adoption; but it is unnecessary for me to press them upon the consideration of the Board on the present occasion. Practicable reforms divide themselves naturally into two classes,—those which involve the expenditure of money, and therefore require some previous legislation on the subject; and those which may be brought into operation without any radical changes in existing arrangements. Those of the latter class should fall almost entirely within the province of the Inspector, and require little more than the re-assertion of the principle of personal responsibility, and a moderate amount of local co-operation, to enable him to affect a material improvement in the general management of schools.

I have, &c.

T. STEPHENS, Chief Inspector of Schools

The Chairman Board of Education.

APPENDIX B.

GENERAL Report for the Year 1878, by J. Rule, Esq., Inspector of Schools.

Hobart Town, 17th April, 1879.

Sir,

I HAVE the honor to submit to the Board of Education my general report for the year 1878.

During the whole or some part of the year there were 89 schools in operation in the district under my charge. These received 170 regular visits of inspection, and 55 incidental or special visits. A full examination for results was held in 86 schools; 85 were visited twice or oftener, three once only, and one was not visited at all, having been closed till a few weeks before Christmas. My other work has been:—Nine special visits to districts in want of schools; the usual yearly examinations of teachers; numerous incidental examinations of candidates for employment, &c.; correspondence; miscellaneous office work, and that involved in analysing the examination results of every school, and noting the progress of children individually from year to year. The time spent in travelling was considerable, but not so much as in the year 1877. The distance was—by rail, 2834; by coach, &c., 427; on horseback, 2938: total, 6199 miles.

The following is a summary of the results obtained in school examinations:-

RESULTS ACCORDING TO STANDARDS ATTAINED.*

	D	THE COLUMN	Arithmetic.	Reading	Writing	Arithmetic	Two subjects		ce subjects.
	Reading.	Writing.	Arithmetic.	only.	only.	only.	only.	No.	Per cent. on Total.
Not up to Standard I. Up to Standard II. Up to Standard III. Up to Standard III. Up to Standard IV. Up to Standard V. Up to Standard VI.	1023 1016 751 458 225 64 7	1101. 915 858 453 177 37	1057 1440 517 321 175 32 2	104 153 124 72 32 4	14 143 49 9 5	62 34 29 30 6	190 420 176 85 18	1233 1342 510 313 125 9	35 38 14 9 4
TOTALS	3544	3544	3544	489	220	161	890	3544	100

	Cl	LASSI	FICA	TION							
NUMBER OF CHILDREN. CLASS.											
	. 1		II.	III.	ıv.	v .	VI.	TOTALS.			
Present at Examination	Div. 1. 632	Div. 2. 598	1041	704	367	170	32	3544			
Passed, as fit for the class, in all three elementary subjects	632	590	897	341	206	87	14	2767			
Per-centage passed in all three	100										

88

56

73

48

100

elementary subjects

Comparing these results with those obtained in 1877, I find an increase in the number of schools examined, but a decrease in the total number of children present at the examinations. This has been caused by population moving from old to new centres, and a greater remissness in parents sending their children to school. A rather larger proportion of those examined last year were found up to the higher standards; but it must still be noticed that 87 per cent. were not, in all three elementary subjects, up to Standard III., and 73 per cent. had not fully reached Standard II. It is a little satisfaction to find that in Reading the results were somewhat better; for ability to read with ease and intelligence is, to a child leaving school, the attainment undoubtedly most essential with regard to future self-improvement. In this subject 21 per cent. had reached Standard III. or higher. Still it is obvious that a large number of children pass through their school years rendering only a desultory attendance, and finally leave school without having acquired this most needful power. This remark refers only to those whose names appear on the Public School lists: if with them be reckoned those attending nominally at private schools, or at none, the mass of ignorance maturing year by year must be recognised as really formidable.

^{*}Note.—The term "Standard" is here intended to signify the full amount of instruction in Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic prescribed for the different classes in the Programme of Instruction. Those that have attained Standard I. are fit to be placed in Class II.—Mutatis mutandis, the same remark applies to the other Standards up to the Fifth. There is no special class for those that have mastered the work of the Sixth.

As the circumstances of the Public Schools generally have not been materially improved, much that appeared in my report for 1877 might be repeated here; and there is not much to add to it. It cannot be surprising that results in 1878 were found only slightly better.

In addition to what have often been pointed out as flaws in the compulsory Clauses of the Public Schools Act, there is one that has not been sufficiently considered. There are in many places small private schools conducted by teachers whose fitness for their work is either doubtful or well known to be unsatisfactory. Attendance at these schools is, however, sufficient to satisfy the law as it stands at present; and the consequence is that the education of many children, even of those attending regularly, is little better than a pretence: in others attendance is a mere pretence. It is clear that, if compulsory education is to be a reality, the example of the London School Board must be followed, in doubtful private schools being subjected to some satisfactory test, before attendance thereat can be recognised as a passable means of education according to the meaning of the Public Schools Act.

An extended experience has more fully demonstrated to me that the Free-Certificate system is radically bad. It is contagiously pauperising among people far above destitute circumstances, and fails to secure a satisfactory attendance of children. Attempts of Local School Boards to enforce the law result commonly in a large increase in the number of Free Certificates. Some clerical members seem to consider the exercise of this species of patronage in favor of their own flock as the most important, if not the only, function of membership. In connection with this difficult question I beg to observe that the institution of Free Schools, "Ragged" or "Public," side by side with Public Schools in which fees are paid, is no improvement on the Free-Certificate system, but rather the reverse; for while it offers to mean parents that are well off the same opportunity of pauperising themselves by shirking an obligation willingly borne by others, worse off, but more independent in spirit, such schools mass together without sufficient mixture of better elements those unfortunate children who, in addition to the immediate instruction of teachers, need more than others the environment of a wholesome public opinion in the playground strong enough to neutralize that of the slums. This condition is at present afforded in most of the Public Schools, and several teachers, knowing the potency of such public opinion as a moral force, take care to foster and direct it. The pauper difficulty will never be overcome until primary education is made free to all; a change which, to judge from the experience of all countries where it has been fairly tried, would greatly improve the attendance, not only of the very poor, but also of those for whom fees are now paid. A case came directly under my notice very recently, showing how the payment of weekly fees affects regularity of attendance, when bad weather, or an incidental holiday, happens at the beginning of a week. It was at a "half-time" school, open for three days in one week and two in th

The renting of school-rooms from churches, which reserve the right to use them for Sunday Schools, &c., cannot be too often objected to. There are few instances of such joint occupation working smoothly, except where the teacher manages the Sunday School, and acts as a sort of beadle in arranging the room for divine worship. Such a plurality of functions is not desirable in a Public School teacher, as it gives a sectarian character to the school. In most schools so used there is a very great excess over the ordinary wear and tear of furniture and fittings; and frequently unseemly scribbling, sometimes very gross, is found about the premises on Monday mornings, circumstantial evidence pointing strongly to Sunday scholars as the transgessors. Parents and Sunday School promoters ought to consider well whether the good balances the harm received by children brought together by large Sunday Schools under feeble control. It is only fair to state that in a few schools vested in the Board, and not used for other than Public School purposes, I have noticed teachers remiss in such essential points of discipline as are here indicated. Where there is a tendency to carelessness in this respect, divided responsibility becomes a serious evil.

The unsectarian character of some of our schools is endangered by the teaching of "Rhymes" and "Singing." No song-books or verses in particular are mentioned in the Programme of Instruction; and as the lesson books do not contain a suitable selection, some teachers have recourse to hymns as a vehicle for their music. Most hymns are doctrinal in character, and many decidedly sectarian; and it is therefore undesirable to have them sung in our schools. Devotional exercises are there decidedly out of place, unless conducted by clergymen under the usual conditions and with the Board's permission. Suitable verse and song-books ought to be prescribed, and no others allowed in Public Schools without the Board's express sanction. The teaching of Scripture History also stands in the way of keeping these schools perfectly unsectarian. If this subject were eliminated from the Programme for teachers, and left to the voluntary action of clergymen under the regulations at present in force, the Board would still be acting liberally in the matter; and though complaints against our Public School system on the score of religion would not be thereby silenced, all reasonable cause of complaint would be removed.

I regret to notice that in many buildings recently erected, or now in course of erection, the teachers' quarters are limited to two small rooms.

In reporting on the internal management of schools it is satisfactory to have to mention, with respect to several, that they were found much improved in order and discipline; but too many teachers have still to learn that it is not enough to have quietness without attention; they often show inability, or indifference, in observing whether children intelligently receive, or even notice, the instruction addressed to their eyes and ears. I have noticed this easy indifference in schools where "drill" is almost military in tone and precision. Another serious defect also needs mention with regard to a few schools, viz., the want of adequate arrangements for the supervision of children staying in the school precincts during the mid-day recess. It ought never to be forgotten that, though mixed schools work well under good management, they are

mischievous when that is feeble or otherwise defective. Some teachers seem to think that when they have gone through a "scripture lesson" in a solemn, devotional manner, they have done all that is required of them in the way of moral training. I have seen one, just after such a lesson, fail to notice improper gestures and attitudes in a class of boys directly before him. This is an extreme case; but a want of sufficient quickness of observation is a very prevalent defect among teachers that have not made their work a subject of real thought. It is, perhaps, not too much to say that continual reference to "theological sanctions," however orthodox these may be, is of as small avail in the moral training of children as the insistance on a thorough comprehension of the origin of ideas might be supposed to be in teaching them simple arithmetic.

Most of the vacancies occurring in the management of schools are still filled up by the appointment of untrained teachers, many of whom have had no previous experience in teaching. During last year the attainments of several of the candidates that came under my examination were found below the meagre standard prescribed for probationary teachers, the majority of the others did little more than barely pass, and very few were found well instructed in elementary subjects. Some of these, and others of longer service, are making fair progress in school management. Of the teachers as a body I am glad to be able to state that, while a few are exceedingly zealous workers, the majority are rendering the Board steady, honest work to the best of their ability.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

JAMES RULE.

The Chairman of the Board of Education.

APPENDIX C.

ABSTRACT of RECEIPTS and Expenditure Account "Vote in Aid of Public Schools" for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.

sount world by De-Plane 4 1 1 4 4	_								
	£ s.	d.			8.	d.	£	8.	d
nount voted by Parliament in aid of the Public Schools of the Colony	15,000 0	0	Salaries and Allowances of Teachers Teachers' and Assistant Teachers'	; viz.	_				
nount received on account of sale of School			Salaries	2,108	7,	9			
Books and materials for the yearlance provided upon Supplementary Esti-	334 9	1	Teachers' House Allowances		8.				
nate	1021 18	5	Teachers' Fuel Allowances Teachers' Allowances for instruc-	46	Ą	8,			
		/	tion of Free Scholars	519	, Q .	3			
	/		Teachers' Allowances for instruc-	90	0	0			
	/	- 1	tion of Pupil Teachers Forage and Travelling Allow-	89	U	v			
,	/	- 1	ances to Teachers of Half-time	40		_			
	/ .	- 1	Schools Payment to Teachers of Night	46	10	0			
		ŀ	Schools	146	9	6			
•	/	l	Pupil Teachers' Salaries	486 185		1 5			٠
•	/	ı	Paid Monitors' Salaries Salaries of Teachers of Singing	100	10	U			
· /	,		and Drawing	117	17	0	4 104		
/			Pant of C. haal Duildings			1	4,184 260	ð	4
/			Rent of School Buildings		_		200	v	*
/	•	ľ	Buildings	-	-		683	3	1
/			School Furniture and Fittings Purchase of Books, Maps, and	•	_		*152	18	0
/ .			Requisites	-	-		†415		9
			Salaries of Truant Officers Miscellaneous — Charged directly	-	-		240	0	0
• /			against Public Schools:—						
/			Teachers' Travelling Expenses .		14 19				
/			Architect's Charges	00	10	v			
<i>[</i>		-	Town		17				
		- 1	Legal Instruments and Stamps. Survey Fees		15 5				
/			Cleansing out-offices	14	_				
<u></u>		ľ	Gratuity to Mr. Hammett for services at Queen's Asylum	11	0,-	0			
· /			Needlework Materials for Free	, .					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	School	3	10	0	220	9:	B
<i>/</i> ·			Indirect Charges:-				220	~	٠
		Ì	Salary of Office-keeper, Laun-						
·/			ceston		ő	0			
√			Clerical Assistance Gratuity to Messenger		ŏ				
· /			Office Furniture		12	0 1			
\int_{Γ}			Survey Fees		3 17	0			
· /			Legal Instruments and Stamps	16	8	0			
/		İ	Fee to Examiner of Teachers for Classification	5	0	0			
		1	Fee to Examiner of Singing Class	3	0	0			
		- }	Books, Stationery, and School	. 17	9	1			
		- 1	Transport of School Books and		·				
/			Furniture	29	12	6			
		- 1	Travelling Expenses of Truant Officers		8	2			
/ .		- 1	Advertising		17	_			
/		l	Gas Petty Expenses		11				
			= 110 mmpunis vivia vivia	<u> </u>			199	19	4
£	16,356 7	6	•			£1	6,356	7	6

In addition to this amount, Furniture to the value of £8 9s. 6d.
 was issued from Stock on hand, charged in the Accounts of 1877.

[†] The following grants of "Free Stock," to the value of £165 18s. 3d., have been made from the Book Depôt:—

Issues to Public Schools	£ 164		
Ditto Night Schools		9	2
	£165	18	3

APPENDIX D.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of Administration and Inspection for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.

AMOUNT GRANTED.			Disbursements.		
Parliamentary Vote Excess on account of Salaries, provided for on Supplementary Estimate Excess on account of Inspectors' Travelling Expenses, provided for on Supplementary Estimate	£ s. 1730 0 11 2	0 7	Salaries of Inspectors, Secretary, and Clerks Stationery and Stores Fuel Inspectors' Travelling Expenses Balance	£ s. 1411 2 22 17 4 8 404 12 2 13	8 11
	£1845 15	6	£	£1845 15	6

GEO. RICHARDSON, Secretary.

APPENDIX E.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of "Exhibitions from Public to Superior Schools" for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.

PARLIAMENTARY GRANT.		DISBURSEMENTS.			
Exhibitions from Public to Superior Schools— Boys	383 (133 (Payments to Exhibitioners— Boys Girls Boarding Allowance to Country Exhibitioners— Boys Girls Examiners' Fees— Rev. Canon Davenport Rev. Canon Bailey 7 10 0	350 50 240	0	0
		Balance	15 131	0 13	
	•		£816	13	<u>-</u> ,

^{*} Under this heading £40 is provided for on a Supplementary Estimate.

GEO. RICHARDSON, Secretary.

APPENDIX F.

RETURN of the Number of Scholars under Instruction in the Night Schools, showing the Amount of Fees paid by them, and the Payments made by the Board on account of their Instruction, between the 1st January and the 31st December, 1878.

No.	School.	Amount paid by	Amount of Fees		Number of Schol	ars in Attendance	
		Board.	paid by Scholars.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Port Cygnet Wattle Grove Franklin Hastings Pontville Brookside Mole Creek New Ground Sassafras Don Perth Glengarry Cluan Early Rises Fern Bank Queenstown	3 17 6 1 1 0 10 9 6 2 6 6 2 4 0 7 2 0 4 18 0 1 2 0 2 17 6 26 15 3 23 7 9 10 16 0 25 12 6	£ s. d. 1 13 6 2 0 0 18 18 3 7 5 0 5 4 0 11 3 6 2 1 6 3 12 0 8 1 0 5 19 6 1 6 6 3 12 0 2 17 6 18 5 9 3 5 0 16 6 6		25 16 — 15 — — 18 — 24 21 13 23	11 	11 21 — 16 12 — 16 — 18 16 23 14 35
	TOTAL	146 9 6	111 11 6	69	155	267	182

GEO. RICHARDSON, Secretary.

APPEN RETURN of Public Schools in operation under the BOARD

				_										_		_	
No.	ELECTORAL DISTRICT.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	No. of Daysthe School was open.	distir	mber ict Scl the-R g the	holars olls	of S the F	age Nu cholar tolls d e Yea	rs on uring		rage D tendun		Teacl and sista Teacl	As- nt	Teac and l	hers Paid	Amount paid to Teachers of all Classes in Salarics and Allowances.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Hobart	Bathurst-street (Central School) Battery Point Goulburn-street Harrington-street Macquarie-street Murray-st. Trinity Hill	237 235 237 238 234 234 233 238	Boys. 247 206 201 121 80 176 277	109 129 141 112 70	Total 356 335 342 233 150 319 492	141 130 61 48 101	Girls. 63 84 81 69 45 85	220 225 211 130 93 186	Boys. 122 107 98 44 39 70 91	45 59 57 43	Total 167 166 155 87 76 127 153	1 1 1 1 1	F. 3 2 1 1 3	м. 1 2 1 1 1 —	r. 1 1 1 1	£ s. d. 309 13 4 335 19 5 271 16 8 268 10 6 184 6 7 294 1 2 342 15 2
8 9 10 11 12	GLENORCHY	TOTAL Bridgewater New Town O'Brien's Bridge Queen's Asylum Sorell Creek	241 237½ 239½ 236½ 236	1308 22 106 63 91 18	919 25 68 40 62 27	2227 47 174 103 153 45	786 13 83 40 71 14	538 18 58 28 51 20	1324 31 141 68 122 34	571 9 66 29 59	19	931 110 48 101 22	1	12 1 1 3 1	7 - 1 - 1	7	2007 2 10 40 0 0 231 17 6 102 10 4 295 10 0 40 10 0
13	Queenborough	TOTAL	2321	300 36	222 25	522 61	221 26	175 20	396 46	173 17	129	302 30	1	7	2	1	710 7 10 100 11 3
14 *15 *16 17- 18 19 20 21 22	Kingborough	Brown's River Long Bays Three Hut Points Margate Oyster Coveb Peppermint Bayc Port Cygnets Victoria Wattle Grove c	241 110½ 108½ 241 214½ 210⅓ 221 240 79	44 19 17 22 23 13 29 35 16	28 19 9 29 15 27 39 33 19	72 38 26 51 38 40 68 68 35	17 19 8 15	24 11 5 20 11 18 23 30 17	59 22 17 37 30 26 38 58 31	24 8 9 12 12 4 10 22		39 17 12 25 18 15 24 45 21	1	1 1 1 1	.		127 8 2 65 5 8 64-6 0 61 3 9 32 3 9 66 9 7 114 3 6 10 0 0
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Franklin	Total Castle Forbes Bayf Dover Franklin Hastings Honeywood Raminea g Southport	191 239 241 240½ 236 193 242	218 33 26 42 34 51 24 29	32	436 65 69 80 68 105 40 50	23 21 34 27 41 16	159 26 31 30 25 44 9 16	49 52 64 52 85 25	111 14 17 24 23 30 14 16	7	216 31 41 45 44 60 21 28	1 1 1 1	5 1 1 1 1 1			76 10 5 114 3 9 133 3 6 98 5 3 113 8 0 57 4 10 72 0 0
$30 \ 31 \ 32 \ 33$	New Norfolk {	TOTAL Falls h Glenora New Norfolk River Plenty h	$ \begin{array}{c} 214\frac{1}{2} \\ 247 \\ 239\frac{1}{2} \\ 185\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	239 12 37 96 12	15	27	64 10	181 11 16 29 12	93 22	138 7 13 45 7	132 8 9 18 9	270 15 22 63 16	1 1 1	1 1 -		1 - 1	664 15 9 43 0 0 59 8 4 146 11 6 50 5 0
34 35 36 *37 98 39 40 41 42 43 44	BRIGHTON	Bagdad Black Brush i Broad Marsh k Elderslie k Constitution Hill i Dromedary Green Pointm Green Ponds Old Beach Pontville Tea Tree	240½ 199° 208 107 211 241 181 240 241 240 240	157 19 18 7 10 27 10 19 38 25 38 23	15 16 6 10 25 6 16 28 15	13 20 52 16	14 12 5 5 20 7 13 26 19 29	68 13 11 4 6 18 6 11 15 9 17	27 23 9 11 38 13 24 41 28 46	72 11 9 4 14 7 11 20 15 18	10 8 4 13 5 8 11 6	21 17 8 8 27 12 19 31 21 29 22	- 1 }1 - 1 1 1 1	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	299 4 10 50 18 9 45 17 9 102 4 4 74 11 3 21 18 6 55 2 3 104 15 9 54 0 0 102 14 10 55 14 9
45 46 47 48 49 50	CLARENCE	Cambridge Dulcot L Kangaroo Point Muddy Plains Rokeby South Arm C	236 45 234½ 235½ 235½ 231	234 14 12 50 16 19 9	21 51 15 19 7	33 101 31 38 16	8 11 31 13 14 7	18 19 30	26 30 61 26 28 12	124 6 7 19 8 10 5	10 15 17 8 11 5	215 16 22 36 16 21 10	1 1 —	7 1 1 1 1 1			50 12 0 26 9 4 99 19 3 51 0 0 50 12 0 30 0 0

Closed 4 weeks: transfer of Teachers.

Closed during January: fruit picking.

Closed 4 weeks: repairs to building.

Closed 2 weeks: illness and death of Teacher.

Closed 2 weeks: repairs.

Closed 2 weeks: repairs.

Closed 2 weeks: repairs.

Closed 5 weeks: hop-picking.

Closed 11 weeks: transfer of Teachers.

Re-opened 11 March.

Closed 4 weeks: transfer of Teachers.

Temporarily

^{*} Half-time Schools.

OF EDUCATION between the 1st January and 31st December, 1878.

granted dur	ring the Year	ending 31 Decen	nber, 1878.	<u> </u>	·	Calcal Vaca	Average Amount of Government Aid per	No.
Rent of School Buildings	Repairs, &c. of School Buildings.	School Fur- niture and Fittings.	School Books, Maps, and Requisites.	Miscel- laneous.	TOTAL.	School Fees.	annum for each Scholar in daily Attendance.	1104
£ s. d. 10 0 0	# s. d. 50 10 0 13 15 0 45 0 0 3 13 4 70 10 0	£ s. d	£ s. d. 4 3 0 3 11 2 3 15 9 2 0 0 5 2 7 3 14 11	£ s. d. 5 6 0 5 0 0 1 10 0 1 10 0 8 10 6	£ s. d. 369 12 4 354 10 7 290 17 5 315 10 6 192 11 11 378 4 3 371 9 3	£ s. d. 310 4 5 209 11 8 153 13 11 53 7 1 98 11 4 109 8 9	\pounds s. d. 2 4 3 2 2 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 17 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 3 12 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 2 10 8 2 19 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 8 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.
35 0 0	183 8 4	1 0 0	24 8 7	21 16 6	2272 16 3	934 17 2	2 8 93	
10 0 0	. 1111	0 6 0	0 8 6 2 14 9 0 9 6 3 14 4 0 10 1	1 10 0 10 1 0 20 3 2 5 1 6	40 14 6 236 2 3 123 0 10 319 7 6 48 14 7	27 10 9 127 9 3 58 12 3 25 10 6 22 15 9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8. 9. 10. 11. 12.
10 0 0	-	2 19 0	7 17 2	36 15 8	767 19 8	261 18 6	$2\ 10\ 10\frac{1}{4}$	
	13 18 0		0 16 2		115 5 5	44 19 9	3 16 10	13.
	2 0 0 14 12 8 6 11 8 	1 6 8	0 5 9 0 13 6 0 10 7 0 9 1 0 3 6 0 11 3 1 0 8		129 13 11 80 11 10 { 71 8 3 62 19 6 47 17 3 67 0 10 115 4 2 10 0 0	41 9 7 9 1 8 8 8 13 10 8 37 7 10 4 10 0 7 7 6 16 14 9 35 18 0 4 12 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21.
_	34 14 4	1 6 8	3 14 4		584 15 9	165 15 8	2 14 13	
19 6 8	10 13 4 13 6 8 — — — —	1 11 0 2 2 8 0 18 0	0 3 0 1 10 8 1 5 6 0 17 4 1 13 5 0 2 8 0 4 6	2 0 6 1 10 7	87 6 9 130 12 1 134 9 0 114 11 11 115 1 5 60 6 0 73 15 1	13 14 10 41 18 1 38 4 4 39 3 4 66 8 11 18 12 7 70 8 7	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.
13 6 8	24 0 0	4 11 8	5 17 1	3 11 1	716 2 3	288 10 8	2 13 01	
14 13 4		=	0 9 9 0 10 5 1 7 8 0 9 0	- - -	58 3 1 59 18 9 147 19 2 50 14 0	12 8 1 25 5 6 83 4 3 14 0 7	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30. 31, 32. 33.
14 13 4			2 16 10	_	316 15 .0	134 18 5	2 14 71	
8 0 0 8 0 0 ————————————————————————————	3 16 8 5 4 6 — — — — 3 13 4 5 0 0 14 13 4		1 2 0 0 6 9 0 9 8 1 8 9 0 11 10 0 8 6 0 8 6 0 7 0	2 2 0 2 19 0 ————————————————————————————————————	57 19 .5 51 9 0 113 13 0 { 84 0 0 22 10 4 55 10 9 130 4 3 64 18 8 108 8 4 70 15 1	27 9 3 17 12 6 15 17 2 1 3 0 0 5 33 14 5 4 6 0 5 6 0 46 10 4 32 8 7 38 7 5 27 13 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43.
41 0 0	32 7 10	. —	5 16 6	12 6 4	759 8 10	252 5 8	$3\ 10\ 7\frac{1}{2}$	
3 6 8 3 6 8 — 8 0 0			0 9 6 0 14 11 0 9 0 0 11 3	24 12 2	79 0 4 29 16 0 100 14 2 51 9 0 59 3 3 30 0 0	7 15 6 	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50.
14 13 4			2 4 8	24 12 2	350 2 9	126 2 6	2 17 104	

closed 8 November: transfer of Teachers. Temporarily closed 27 September: transfer of Teachers. Temporarily closed 15 March: death of Teacher. Closed 2 weeks: repairs to building.

RETURN of Public Schools in operation under the Board of Education

No.	ELECTORAL DISTRICT.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	No. of Daysthe School was	distin	the Ro	olars olls	of on t	ge Nu Schola	ars olls		age D	ail y	and sists	As-	Pur Teacl and I Moni	hers Paid	Aid Amount paid to Teachers of all
			open.				during	the	Year.								Classes in Salaries and Allowances.
51 52 53 54	RICHMOND	Enfield	240 160 231 236	Boys. 9 20 19 63	15 13 24	24 33 43	Boys. 4 10 15 41	Girls. 9 5 18 17	Total 13 15 33 58		Girls 8 4 14 10	Total 11 11 26 37	-1	P. 1 1 1	- -	P.	£ s. d. 30 0 0 57 6 9 50 0 0 133 11 0
		TOTAL		111	. 81	192	70	49	119	49	36	85	2	4		-	270 17 9
55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62	Sorell	Bream Creek Carlton c Forcett Orielton d Prosser's Bay Prosser's Plains Sorell Wattle Hill	213½ 229 198 234 240½ 233	8 13 30 11 17 10 34 21	17 30 9 24 12	30 60 20 41 22 76	6 10 20 7 12 7 22 15	13 22 8 15 8 33	19 23 42 15 27 15 55 32	7 15 6 9 5	9 17 7 13 5 25	10	- - - 1 1			1 1 1 1 1	44 16 6 40 0 0 123 4 3 30 15 9 55 4 9 32 4 9 87 7 0 65 12 9
		TOTAL		144	173	317	99	129	228	73	96	169			-	-	479 5 9
63 64 65 66 •67 •68	OATLANDS	Jericho ^e	240 238 1721	22 24 78 35 13 12	26 32 46 17	50 110 81 30	15 19 44 23 10	16 20 33 14	64 56	15 29 16 7	8 12 14 23 11 6	43	1 1 1	1	-		13 6 8 113 2 10 121 19 9 84 1 3 72 3 10
		Total		184	142	326	122	101	223	88	74	162	4	4	} - \	-	404 14 4
$69 \\ 70 \\ 71 \\ 72 $	CUMBERLAND {	Bothwell		61 49 14 19	22	118 36	46 34 10 14	53 13	23	25 6	23 41 8 9	59 66 14 19	1 -	1 2 1 1	- -	- - -	122 9 8 154 19 8 19 14 2 51 0 0
		TOTAL		143	151	294	104	108	212	77	- 81	158	2	5	-	1	348 2 8
73 } 74 } 75 }	GLAMORGAN . {	Lisdillon i Spring Bay Swansea	2391	22 27 28	22 34	49	16 23 21	18 27		17	6 14 20	31 35	1		- - 	- - -	39 8 4 104 9 6 93 18 6
		Total		77	7 0	147	60		115		40		1			-	237 16 4
76 77 78	LAUNCESTON .	Elizabeth-street Frederick-street Margaret-street		396 148 119	113		269 89 75	67	437 156 91		125 48 11		- 1 	<u> </u>	-	3 2 1 —-	98 8 5 183 18 3
		TOTAL	'	663			433		684		184	511					
79 80 81	CAMPBELL TOWN	Campbell Town Cleveland J Ross	214 }	82 11 64	26	37	51 6 48		88 21 80	5			-	1	-	1 - -	133 9 6 40 18 3 109 1 0
		TOTAL		157	122	279	105	84	189		63		2			1	283 8 9
82 83 84 85 86 87	DELORAINE	Brookhead k Brookside Deloraine 1 Dunorlan Mole Creek m Red Hills	194 238 223½ 234½ 66 239	50 24 82 49 19	17 71 62 21	41 153 111 40	26 20 54 25 17	13 48 41 19	41 33 102 66 36 22	45 16 13	29 15	85 45	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	- - - -	- - - -	72 1 6 73 .9 6 169 4 9 84 0 0 28 0 0 50 12 3
		Total	••	239	222	461	151	149	300	114	113	227	5	6	1	1	477 8 0
88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	EAST DEVON.	Barrington Kentisbury n. La Trobe New Ground Northdown o Sassafras Sheffield Torquay	$\begin{array}{ c c c } 239\frac{1}{2} \\ 235 \\ 224 \\ \end{array}$	39 22 87 33 27 52 35 43	12 48 22 20 52 60	34 135 55 47 104 95	22 17 33 22	9 23 12 14 31 36	49 25 66 34 31 64 58	13 33 15 13 23 16	10 6 18 8 10 20 26 15	29 19 51 23 23 43 42	1 1 1 1 1 1	- 1 1 - 1		1111111	78 0 0 51 3 3 127 14 6 88 5 4 55 14 8 104 16 9 72 6 2 117 5 1
		TOTAL	••	338	279	617	210	169	379	154	113	267	8	G	-	-	695 5 9
96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103	WEST DEVON.	Abbotsham P Castra Roada Hamilton-on-Forth North Motton Penguin Creek River Don Sulphur Creek Ulverstone	221 228½ 235½ 225 239½ 167	30 35 47 6 33 78 15 25	24 43 18 25 50 10 19	59 90 24 58 128 25 44	23 24 3 19 49 12 19	22 15 13 32 7 12	36 46 18 32 81 19 31	15 16 1 9 39 8 14	8 14 11 7 21 5 7		1 - 1 - 1	1 1 1 1	- - - 1 -	1111111	46 0 0 64 1 10 85 1 0 30 0 0 41 16 6 144 8 9 28 8 10 59 3 4
		TOTAL	••	269	211	480	166	129	295	115	84	199	5	7	1	-	499 0 3

^{*} Closed 5 weeks: illness of Teacher; and 8 weeks: removal of Teacher. b Opened 1 January. c Closed 5 weeks: illness of Teacher. d Closed 7 weeks: illness of Teacher. e Re-opened 9 September. f Constituted half-time School, 2 July, 8 Re-opened 2 July; half time with Tunbridge. b Re-opened 11 February. Closed 4 weeks: hop-picking. Closed 5 weeks: hop-picking; and 12 weeks, resignation of Teacher. J Closed 4 weeks: repairs to building. k Closed 5 weeks: transfer of the Half-time Schools.

between the 1st January and 31st December, 1878—continued.

Reptide Particle									
Restard Repairs for School Repairs for School Restard Restard School Restard Restard School Restard Restard School Restard Re	ranted dur	ing the Year e	nded 31 Decemb	per, 1878.				Government	
The color of the	School	of School	Furniture and Fit-	Maps, and		Total.	School Fees.	annum for each Scholar in average daily	No.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	£ s. d	- 5 13 0	0 14 7 0 7 1 1 8 0	~	30 14 7 61 4 10 63 1 0	10 13 5 4 12 6 32 9 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	51. 52. 53. 54.
-	6 0 0	-	5 13 0	3 16 3	3 11 0	289 18 0	89 17 3	3 8 2	
0 8 4 - 113 6 8 5 18 0 2 0 0 6 6 6 2 17 5 8 6 6 6 7 2 10 1 6 6 9 8 6 4 6 7 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 8 2 4 4 1 1 6 6 6 9 1 7 6 2 1 7 6 2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 8 8 6 4 8 19 7 0 2 3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 8 6 7 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		11 10 0 0- 7 4 9 15 6 19 0 0	- - - - - 0 15 0	0 6 8 0 14 1 0 10 6 0 7 8 0 18 7	1 5 0	40 6 8 147 11 8 42 5 9 56 2 7 43 12 11 108 0 7	9 2 0 38 17 9 2 1 0 23 8 6 7 4 6 32 15 8	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	70 19 6	0 15 0	3 14 3	1 5 0	555 19 6	135 10 3	3 5 61	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- - - 2 3 4	<u> </u>	-	1 4 2 0 15 5	-	113 11 2 123 3 11 84 16 8	1 18 2 66 6 9 19 7 0 {20 11 7}	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 3 4	13 6 8	-	3 0 5	-	423 4 9	119 18 6	2 12 3	ľ
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$:	1 2 8		1 7 0	 - -	158 5 7 20 18 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	69. 70. 71. 72.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1 2 8	2 0 8	3 0 11	-	354 6 11	103 1 0	2 4 101	
$ \begin{array}{c} - \\ 26 \ 13 \ 4 \\ - \\ 26 \ 13 \ 4 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\$	10 0 0	-	-	0 14 6	5 0 0	105 4 0	37 9 10	3 7 101	73. 74. 75.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 0 0		-	2 2 8	5 0 0	254 19 0	82 15 9	3 1 5	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26 13 4	26 15 0	19 16 8	5 0 7	- -	150 0 8	96 15 1	$1 7 0\frac{1}{4}$	76. 77. 78.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26 13 4	26 15 0	19 16 8	8 1 5	-	731 4 7	583 15 0	J 8 7½	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	18 16 8	1	080		60 2 11	13 2 4	$4 \ 0 \ 2\frac{1}{4}$	79. 80. 81.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	57 17 4	20 11 0	7 2 5	53 6 6	422 6 0	181 11 7	2 17 5	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	3 15 0	1 12 0	2 2 0 0 5 0 3 11 9	5 0 0 - - - - -	74 9 6 172 18 9 91 6 8 42 2 3	27 5 8 68 7 0 53 18 2 8 5 6	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 6 8	3 15 0	12 2 6	7 2 9	5 0 0	508 14 11	178 12 0	2 4 9 4	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	4 14 0 1 12 0 1 5 0 - - 5 11 4	0 6 11 1 3 2 1 1 11 0 9 9 0 16 6		57 4 2 130 9 8 90 12 3 56 4 5 111 13 3 72 6 2 122 16 5	17 0 4 41 14 7 31 3 10 16 10 0 30 16 7 28 9 2 28 4 4	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \ 19 \ 8\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \ 11 \ 2 \\ 3 \ 18 \ 9\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \ 8 \ 10\frac{3}{4} \\ 2 \ 11 \ 11\frac{1}{4} \\ 1 \ 14 \ 5\frac{1}{4} \\ 3 \ 6 \ 4\frac{1}{2} \\ \end{array}$	90. 91. 92.
	- - - -	6 13 4 5 0 0 15 0 0 - 0 6 8	1 5 0	0 6 6 0 10 6 1 1 0 0 5 3 0 6 7 1 3 4	5 0 0	51 6 6 72 10 8 86 2 0 35 5 3 57 3 1 145 12 1	9 8 5 18 13 7 37 5 11 13 8 5 6 17 2 74 16 9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103.
- 27 0 0 10 4 6 7 11 11 5 0 0 548 16 8 183 14 8 2 15 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	27 0 0	10 4 6	7 11 11	5 0 0	548 16 8	183 14 8	2 15 13	

Teachers; and 3 weeks: illness of Teacher.

1 Closed 2 weeks: repairs to building.

1 Opened 16 September.

2 Constituted full-time School, 1 May.

3 Temporarily closed 30 November.

4 Closed 2 weeks: transfer of Teachers.

4 Closed 3 weeks: transfer of Teachers.

5 Opened 15 April.

1 Re-opened 6 May.

RETURN of Public Schools in operation under the Board or

		LLIST													_	
No. ELECTORAL DISTRICT.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	No. of Daysthe School was open.	distin	imber nct Sc the Ro g the	holars olls	of S	ge Nu cholar ie Roll g the	s on ls		rage D endan		and sist	As- ant	Pu Tend and Mon	hers Paid	
105 106 107 108 109 110	Black River Emu Bay Forest Montagu Somerset Stanley Waratah a Wynyard b	240 235½ 241 239½ 235½ 239½ 38½ 181	Boys. 36 46 32 10 25 49 29 34	Girls. 23 42 24 16 17 35 23	Total 59 88 56 26 42 84 52 60	16 9 14 33 25 24	Girls. 15 25 16 13 7 22 16 17	39 55 32	Boys. 14 22 13 7 8 28 18 18	8 18 12 11 -4 18	Totul 22 40 25 18 12 46 29	-	F. 1 1 1 1 1	1111	F	£ s. d. 60 0 0 125 11 3 76 3 6 55 15 9 45 5 9 97 12 9 14 0 0 70 0 0
113 114 115 116 117 118 119	TOTAL Avoca c Ellerslie Falmouth d Fingal George's Bay c Gould's Country Mangana f Mathinna St. Mary's	229½ 239½ 14 234½ 241 225 241 240½	261 19 6 37 - 20 23 28 27	266 8 10 28 	467 45 17 16 65 48 52 71 63	175 14 8 6 25 — 13 18 13 15	131 17 7 9 20 	306 31 15 15 45 34 41 34 38	128 11 7 5 18 	94 14 6 7 16 — 15 18 15 17	222 25 13 12 34 	6 - 1 - 1 - 1 1	7	1111111	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	544 9 0 50 0 0 30 0 0 4 15 7 100 12 0 4 3 4 30 5 9 66 2 3 85 0 6 47 8 0
122 George Town]	TOTAL George Town Low Head Nine Mile Springs	234 237½ 245	169 22 18 68	208 20 18 62	377 42 36 130	112 15 15 38	141 16 16 37	253 31 31 75	10 13 30	10 13	191 20 26 57	4 1 1	7	- -	-	418 7 5 87 19 9 84 0 0 91 5 6
125 MORVEN 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	TOTAL Breadalbane Deddington Evandale Lymington ^g White Hills ^h	238 238½ 232½ 232½ 227 200½	108 17 19 117 32 21	25 15 64 26 36	208 42 34 181 58 57	68 13 13 83 28 11	69 15 10 43 22 20	28 23 126 50 31	53 10 9 63 19	14	103 21 17 94 33 25	3 - 1 1	3 1 1 1		2	263 5 3 40 8 3 40 15 3 168 0 0 43 16 6 66 0 0
130 Norfolk 131 Plains	TOTAL Carrick Illawarra i Longford Perth	239½ 166½ 238 238½	206 37 18 75 81	166 21 15 55 77	58 33 130 158	148 24 12 46 62	110 15 8 33 46	258 39 20 79 108	110 19 9 31 51	80 12 6 23 37	190 31 15 54 88	1	1 1 1 2	1 1	2 - 1 1	359 0 0 100 18 3 30 0 0 196 12 6 132 0 2
134 (RINGWOOD) 0	TOTAL Bishopsbourne Cressy Cressy Road i Mountain Vale Saundridge	239 240½ 177 236½ 239½	211 55 54 28 28 22 18	19	379 103 89 51 41 36	38 41 20 19	32 17 16 16	246 70 58 36 35 25	30 29	24 11 11 12	188 54 40 25 25 18	1	5 1 1 1 1		2	459 10 11 89 9 6 94 13 4 32 8 0 95 4 0 30 0 0
189 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 143 149	TOTAL Bridgenorth Cormiston Glengarry Hadspen k Jetsonville l Newnham m Rose Vale n Scottsdale St. Leonard's St. Michael's o Turner's Marsh Upper Piper's River P Winkleigh	241 232 237 214½ 165 129 210 237 236 147½ 238 200 239	177 18 16 27 28 20 32 16 26 64 23 32 25 30	29 19 27 35 28 25 21 19 28 15 22	\$20 47 35 54 63 48 57 37 45 92 38 54 42 50	15	92 23 16 23 22 23 14 13 14 18 9 15 13	38 25 45 40 39 33	8 8 15 14 12 14 9 14 40 9	18 14 15 18 16 11 9 10 14 5	162 26 22 30 32 28 25 18 24 54 14 31 23 26	1 1 - 1 1 1 1	- 1 1 1 1 1 1	111111111		314 14 10 59 7 0 63 3 0 77 2 6 42 2 4 46 10 0 26 16 8 55 7 6 72 0 0 74 13 4 42 9 9 90 7 9 45 15 0 63 4 3
152 153 *154 *155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162	TOTAL Bracknellq Cluan Exton Exton Early Rises Golden Valley Fern Bunk Hagley Park r Queenstown Reedy Marsh Westbury Westwood s Whitemore t TOTAL	207½ 238 240½ 121¼ 118½ 237½ 232½ 239½ 239½ 2396 193¼ 190½	357 33 32 14 17 33 62 26 98 12 53 14 22	31 20 28 6 21 41 36 20 90 23 36 10	662 64 43 60 20 38 74 98 46 188 35 80 24 33	20 15 20 12 14 23 41 16 66 7	31 28 11 63 16 21 7 8	39 31 36 15 31 54 69 27 129 23 58 18	14 12 13 6 6 18 36 9 45 5 33 8	14 10 2 8 26 24 6 44 12 18 6	353 27 26 23 8 14 44 60 15 89 17 51 14 16	1 1 1 1 - 1 - 1	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- - 1 - -		758 19 1 60 0 0 85 0 0 135 0 0 79 14 6. 51 9 2 133 13 9 51 9 10 164 18 6 46 12 0 106 17 9 31 18 5 57 10 0
: 1	Furneaux Group	244	8	9	17	7	7	14	 5	5	10	 1	1		- 	125 0 0 13,920 1 10

a Opened 28 October.
b Temporarily closed 27 September: transfer of Teachers.
c Closed 2 weeks: illness of Teacher.
d Re-opened 9 December.
c Teacher resigned 31 January.
f Temporarily closed 31 December: transfer of Teacher.
Teacher.
f Closed 5 weeks: transfer of Teacher.
b Closed 9 weeks: illness and resignation of Teacher.
f Closed 13 weeks: transfer of Teacher.
f Closed 14 weeks:
f Closed 15 weeks: resignation of Teacher.
f Closed 16 weeks:
f Closed 17 weeks:
f Closed 18 weeks:
f Closed 19 weeks:
f

Education between the 1st January and 31st December, 1878—continued.

	1	ended 31 Decemb	<u> </u>		1	School Fees.	Amount of Government Aid per annum for	No
Rent of School Buildings.	Repairs, &c. of School Buildings.	School Furniture and Fittings.	School Books, Maps, and Requisites.	Miscellaneous.	TOTAL.	Sonool 1 cost	each Scholar in average daily Attendance.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d. 0 4 3	£ s. d.	£ s. d. 60 4 3	£ s. d. 22 17 9	£ s. d. 2 14 9	10
-	38 13 4	1 :	1 13 0 0 13 3	-	165 17 7 76 17 0	60 12 10 17 11 0	4 2 111 3 1 6	10 10
6 19 4	-	-	0 6 4	=	56 2 1	2 8 0	3 2 4	10
6 13 4	- -	_	0 7 6 0 16 0	-	52 6 7 98 8 9	11 18 3 68 6 11	$2 \ 2 \ 9\frac{1}{2}$	10
-	-	12 12 6	3 18 1 0 14 2	10 0 0	40 10 7 70 14 2	7 5 1 34 1 7	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	111
6 13 4	38 13 4	12 12 6	8 12 10	.10 0 0	621 1 0	225 1 5	2 15 114	
-	-		0 13 0	-	50 13 0 30 0 0	17 7 0 16 16 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11
-			2 4 11 0 16 8	-	7 0 6	0 8 6 37 10 4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11
-	-	_ \ -	- 0 10 0	6 10 0	10 13 4	-	-	[11
-	-	<u>-</u>	0 15 0	~	30 5 9 66 17 3	23 14 9 27 2 3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{vmatrix} 17\\17 \end{vmatrix}$
-	- -	-	0 17 7 0 11 2	-	85 18 1 47 19 2	33 12 1 20 12 0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12
	-	-	5 18 4	6 10 0	430 15 9	177 2 11	3 5 11	
-	1 1 0	_	0 12 6	! -	89 13 3	17 18 3	4 9 8	15
-	15 0 0		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u> </u>	84 9 2 107 7 0	42 10 9 67 0 9	3 4 11 3 1 17 8	19
-	16 1 0	-	2 3 2	-	281 9 5	127 9 9	2 14 73	
-	22 10 0	-	0 9 10 0 7 3	<u>-</u>	63 8 1 41 2 6	19 11 10 12 19 6	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19
70 0 0	5 0 0	150	1 15 11	-	241 0 11	158 17 3	$2 11 3\frac{7}{2}$	15
6 13 4	5 0 0 1 16 8	-	0 19 7 0 16 4	5 0 0	49 16 1 80 6 4	33 15 8 23 14 4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15
76 13 4	29 6 8	1 5 0	4 8 11	5 0 0	475 13 11	248 18 7	2 10 03	
-	-	-	0 15 6 0 4 1	- -	101 13 9 30 4 1	29 1 7 7 1 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 13
-	13 6 8		1 19 1 1 9 11	-	198 11 7 146 16 9	21 14 7 79 13 11	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 18
-	13 6 8	-	4 8 7	-	477 6 2	137 11 7	$2\ 10\ 9\frac{1}{4}$	
-	-	_	1 19 2	-	91 8 8	31 6 6	1 13 101	13
-	<u>-</u> .	4 13 6	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u>-</u>	96 0 7	62 14 7	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 18
-	-	-	1 8 0	-	96 12 0 30 0 0	9 4 2 16 15 2	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 18
	-	4 13 6	7 13 2	<u> </u>	354 1 6	139 9 7	${2} {3} {8\frac{1}{2}}$	
-	-	_	0 13 0	_	60 0 0	4 13 1	2 6 2	1:
-	<u> </u>		0 11 0 0 14 0	-	63 14 0	28 18 6 15 9 6	2 17 11 2 11 101	13
-	-	13 2 6	0 6 5 3 15 3	-	42 8 9	128 15 2	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14 14
-	<u>.</u> -		0 19 3	_	63 7 9 27 15 11	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 7 63	14
-	5 0 0	_	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 6 & 11 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	-	55 14 5 77 6 0	5 14 7 27 4 3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14 14
	18 12 1 14 3 4	18 11 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u>-</u>	117 7 9 58 5 8	31 1 0 10 17 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14 14
-	-	3 2 6	0 11 8	· -	94 1 11	28 0 10	$3 \ 0 \ 8\frac{1}{2}$	14
-	6 6 8] -	0 9 0 0 12 9	- -	46 4 0 70 3 8	23 14 6 23 19 9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14 18
-	44 2 1	36 7 0.	14 18 2	-	854 6 4	359 7 10	$2 \ 8 \ 4\frac{3}{4}$	
-		4 17 0	0 13 10 1 10 0	-	60 13 10 91 7 0	7 10 7 5 16 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 18
	-	-	0 15 0	-	135 15 0	29 13 10 { 4 12 1 }	$5 \ 18 \ 0\frac{1}{2}$	15 15
	- '	-	0 12 7	4 6 6	84 13 7	3 3 0	$3 \ 16 \ 11\frac{3}{4}$	15
-	} =	-	1 1 0 1 6 6	-	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16 I2 0 144 0 11	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15 15
-	1 17 0	0 10 0	0 10 5 2 0 11	12 [.] 1 11	65 19 2 167 9 5	6 13 6 44 0 6	4 6 8 1 17 5	15 15
-	70 0 0	_	0 8 9		47 0 9	0 19 0	2 15 4	16
-	13 6 8	3 19 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 0 0	135 15 5 32 1 8	94 7 0 14 5 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16 16
· ·	27 5 0	1 6 6	0 15 6		86 17 0	13 17 6	5 19 9 3	16
-	42 8 0	10 12 6	11 9 9	26 8 5	1095 3 3	385 11 5	2 9 3	16
	683 3 1	161 18 6	164 9 1	220 2 8		E000 75 0		1
30 3 4	1 000 9 1	101 10 0	104 8 1	220 2 8	15,409 18 6	5883 15 9	$2 \ 13 \ 1\frac{1}{4}$	l

resignation of Teacher. Temporarily closed 30 September. ⁿ Closed 6 weeks: transfer of Teacher. ^o Closed 16 weeks: transfer of Teacher. ^p Temporarily closed 25 October: transfer of Teacher. ^q Closed 6 weeks: illness of Teacher. ^q Closed 9 weeks: resignation of Teacher. ^c Closed 9 weeks: resignation of Teacher.

APPENDIX H.

RETURN of the Number of Children admitted under Free Certificates, and the Payments made for their Instruction, between the 1st January and the 31st December, 1878.

no.	SCHOOL.	TOTAL AMOUNT PAID.	FIRST QUARTER.	SECOND QUARTER.	THIRD QUARTER.	FOURTH QUARTER
	Hobart.	£ s. d.				
1 2	Harrington-street	6 0 6	38	34	23	24
3	Macquarie-street Trinity Hill	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 21	8 23	28	23
	TOTAL	11 8 5	70	65	51	47
	Glenorchy.					
4 5	New Town	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 7	25 6	36 6	35 5
	TOTAL	17 4 6	39	31	42	40
	Queenborough.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
6	Sandy Bay	4 11 3	12	12	10	10
7	Kingborough. Brown's River	7 8 6	24	23	21	15
8	Long Bay*	2 10 8	9	14	9	9
9 10	Three Hut Point* Margate	1 6 0	2	5	5	5
11	Ovster Cove	4 3 9	5	15	14	13
12	Peppermint Bay	2 3 9	6	6	.8	8
13 14	Port Cygnet	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 6 & 9 \\ 14 & 3 & 6 \end{array}$	13 25	11 25	10 25	10 25
	Тотац	36 2 11	84	99	92	85
	Franklin.		,			
15	Castle Forbes Bay	8 3 9	28	30	25	
16	Dover	3 3 9	7	8	8	5
17 18	Franklin	13 3 6 2 5 3	$\begin{vmatrix} 31 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	27 5	25 4	5 19
19	Honeywood	$\tilde{2}$ 8 0	7	7	8	6
	TOTAL	29 4 3	75	77	70	35
•	New Norfolk.					_
$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 21 \end{array}$	Falls	3 0 0 5 11 6	7 18	7 18	9 25	9 16
	TOTAL	8 11 6	25	25	34	25
	Brighton.			`		
$\frac{22}{23}$	Bagdad	0 18 9	2	2 5	2	3 5
24	Broadmarsh	0 6 0	l 'i	i	i	
25	Elderslie*	0 18 4	3	5	3	
26	Constitution Hill	4 11 3	9	18	15	13
27 28	Dromedary	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4	7	7	
29	Green Ponds	2 15 9	5	5	8	6
30 31	Pontville	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 11 & 6 \\ 0 & 4 & 9 \end{array}$	3	4	3	3 2
01	TOTAL	15 4 10	27	51	39	32
32	Clarence. Cambridge	3 12 0	8	9	10	7
33	Dulcot	2 3 9	24		١	
34 25	Kangaroo Point	3 19 3	8	16	18	12
35 34	Muddy Plains	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	3 2	3 2	3
	TOTAL	11 7 0	45	30	33	22

^{*} Half-time Schools.

NO.	SCHOOL.	TOTAL AMOUNT PAID.	FIRST QUARTER.	SECOND QUARTER.	THIRD QUARTER.	FOURTH QUARTER.
37	Richmond. Jerusalem	£ s. d.	.2		io	- 5 10
. 38	Richmond	3 11 0	12	13	10	15
3 9 4 0	Sorell. Bream Creek Forcett	3 11 6 3 4 3		13	12 11	12 11
41 42 43	Orielton	0 15 9 5 4 9 2 4 9	2 10 9	2 12 8	2 13 8	3 11 7 10
44 45	Sorell Wattle Hill	3 7 0 2 12 9	9 5 	8 9	8 9	
	Total	21 0 9	41	61	63	64
46 47 48 49 50	Mount Seymour Oatlands Tunnack Tunbridge* Antill Ponds*	11 9 6 1 19 9 1 1 3 1 2 2 0 11 8	20 9 3 3	25 7 3 3	21 · 9 · 4 · 3	23 8 5 3
,	TOTAL	16 4 4	35	38	40	39
51 52 53 54	Cumberland. Bothwell Hamilton Wontos Marsh Ouse	9. 9 3 4 19 3 1 7 6 1 0 0	16 8 4	22 12 4 3	23 15 4 4	25 13 3 4
Uţ	TOTAL	16 16 0	28	41	46	45
55 56	Glamorgan. Lisdillon Spring Bay	2 15 0 2 9 6	8 5	10 5	7	11 7 10
5 7	Swansea	$\frac{3 \ 18 \ 6}{9 \ 3 \ 0}$	9 22	8 23	7	28
58 59 60	Launceston. Elizabeth-street Frederick-street Margaret-street	12 1 6 17 4 0 11 18 3	33 51 47	24 36 33	26 40 31	26 47 20
00	TOTAL	41 3 9	131	93	97	93
61 62 63	Campbell Town. Campbell Town Cleveland Ross	9 9 6 0 18 3 1 1 0	22 4 2	21 2 2	31 2 3	35 3 2
	TOTAL	11 8 9	28	25	36	40
64 65 66 67	Deloraine. Brookhead Brookside Deloraine Dunorlan	2 11 6 1 19 6 20 4 9 0 12 3	 4 36 2	6 7 46	14 7 51 2	1 7 52 3
	TOTAL	25 8 0	42	59	74	63
68 69 70 71 72 73 74	East Devon. Latrobe New Ground North Down Sassafras Sheffield Kentishbury Torquay	2 14 6 1 12 0 5 8 0 8 16 9 1 1 3 1 3 3 0 11 9	2 12 32 13 3	11 2 15 31 	11 5 11 25 3	8 7 11 24 3
	TOTAL	21 7 6	62	62	61	56
75 76 77 78 79	West Devon. Castra Road	1 3 9 1 0 9 1 16 6 6 8 9 1 10 0	9 6 6 21	9 5 8 16 3	 4 9 15 7	 3 8 11 7
••	Total	11 19 9	42	41	35	29

^{*} Half-time Schools.

NO.	SCHOOL.	TOTAL AMOUNT PAID.	FIRST QUARTER.	SECOND QUARTER	THIRD QUARTER.	FOURTH QUARTER.
80 81 82 83	Wellington. Emu Bay. Forest Montagu Somerset	£ s. d. 2 11 3 4 3 6 1 15 9 0 5 9	9 10 4	9 10 4	5 7 3	8 7 3 3
84	Stanley	1 12 9	3	4	5	5
	Fingal.	10 9 0	26	27		26
85 86	Fingal	4 12 0 0 5 9	10 2	11	12 	12 ••
87 88 89	Mangana	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 6 8	8 · 2 7	9 5 5	8 5 9
•	TOTAL	11 8 6	34	28	31	34
90 91	George Town. George Town Nine Mile Springs	3 19 9 2 5 6	11 6	11 8	12 7	13 8
	TOTAL	6 5 3	17	19	19	21
92 93 94	Morven. Breadalbane Deddington	0 8 3 0 15 3 3 6 6	3 13	3 11	3 10	5 2
	TOTAL	4 10 0	16	14	13	7
95 96 97	Norfolk Plains. Carrick Longford Perth	5 18 3 20 12 6 12 9 6	10 59 20	16 60 25	13 63 28	14 55 26
	TOTAL	39 0 3	89	101	104	95
· 98 99 100	Ringwood. Bishopsbourne Cressy Road Mountain Vale	5 9 6 2 8 0 11 4 0	5	10 23	17 11 24	19 11 25
	TOTAL	19 1 6	25	83	52	55
101 102 103 104 105 106 107	Selby. Bridgenorth Cormiston Glengarry Hudspen Rose Vale Turner's Marsh Winkleigh	5 7 0 1 13 0 6 15 9 1 19 0 5 17 6 6 7 9 0 4 3	13 4 16 15 10 4	15 4 19 7 15 13	5 4 15 7 14 13	5 3 16 7 16 13
	TOTAL	28 4 3	62	73	58	60
108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	Westbury. Bracknell Cluan Early Rises* Golden Valley* Fern Bank Hagley Park Queenstown Reedy Marsh Westbury Westwood	6 0 0 13 0 0 0 16 8 3 17 10 5 12 6 1 13 9 4 16 6 32 18 6 6 12 0 8 17 9	20 24 4 20 11 3 20 57 18 18	26 29 4 20 11 3 19 74 19	21 28 7 14 11 3 14 80 14	14 26 5 19 12 3 18 81 19
	TOTAL	87 17 3	204	229	222	228
	GRAND TOTAL	519 0 3	1295	1370	1366	1294

^{, *} Half-time Schools.

APPENDIX I.

RETURN showing Number of Visits paid to each School during the Year 1878, compiled from Returns furnished by the Teachers.

		М	inisters for	imparting	g Religicus	Instruction	on.	j.	of rds.		T
No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyan.	Inde- pendent,	Others.	Inspectors Schools.	Members of Local Boards.	Other Persons.	TOTAL.
1 2 3 4 5 6	Hubart. Bathurst-street Battery Point Goulburn-street Harrington-street Macquarie-street Murray-street Trinity Hill	95 18 32			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			8 4 4 3 4 6 4	5 9 10 18 4 5	12 15 31 37 79 47 38	120 19 44 50 101 75 79
	Charache	145						33	51	259	488
8 9 10 11 12	Glenorchy. Bridgewater New Town O'Brien's Bridge Queen's Asylum Sorell Creek	36 38 11	34 			2		3 2 6 7 1	9 7 6 	15 6 9 12 10	27 46 22 91 28
13	Queenborough.					<u></u>		3	2	7	12
14 15 16 17	Kingborough. Brown's River Long Bay * Three Hut Point * Margate	 1 1						2 2 2 2 2	25 15	1 3 1	3 31 19 3
18 19 20 21 22	Oyster Cove	3 						2 3 2	2 28 20 3 11	3 13 1	11 46 23 5 12
	·	9.			1.			17	104	22	153
23 34 25 26 27 28	Franklin. Dover Franklin Hastings Honeywood Raminea Southport.		10 18 			4		2 2 1 2 1	15 5 8 22 14 13	11 1 16 25 16	42 26 10 40 40 30
			28		•	4	•••	9	77	70	188
29 30 31 32	New Norfolk, FallsGlenora New NorfolkRiver Plenty	 1 2 			 I 			2 2 3 1	21 7 46 6	 3 20 9	23 14 71 16
		3			1			8	80	32	124
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Brighton. Bagdad Black Brush Broad Marsh Elderslie* Constitution Hill Dromedary Green Point Green Ponds Old Beach Pontville Tea Tree	 6 5 17 		:::		::		2 2 1 1 3 2 1 2 2 2 2	13 17 15 20 3 4 19 3 5	2 1 4 1 2 25 4 12	17 20 16 25 13 5 12 63 9 34
		43		•••	•••	•••		. 20	117	51	231

^{*} Half-time Schools.

	STAIL FAILON OF	M	inisters fo	r impartii	ng Religiou	s Instructi	ion.	tors of ols.	rs of		_
No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyans.	Inde- pendent.	Others.	Inspectors Schools.	Members of Local Boards.	Other Persons.	TorA
	Clarence.										
44	Cambridge	•••					•••	2	16	8	26
45	Dulcot	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••		4	16	23
46 47	Muddy Plains	•••	•••	•••	···	•••	•••	2		3	5
48	Rokeby		•••		l	•••	•••	3			8
4 9	South Arm	•••				•••	•••	•••	8	3	11
		•••		•••				10	28	30	68
50	Richmond.	3	2			1		2		7	13
51	Jerusalem		2				•••	ĩ	8		1
52	Lower Jerusalem						•••	-3	31	16	49
53	Richmond	34	•••			•••	•••	3	1	1	39
		37	2			1		8	40	24	11
	Sorell.								,		
54	Bream Creek	1	•••			•••	•••	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$	1	•••	
55 56	Forcett	1	•••	•••		•••	•••	2			
57	Orielton	•••	•••		:::		•••	2	3	2	'
58	Pros-er's Bay		•••	,			•••	2	12	12	2
59 .	Prosser's Plains	<u></u>	•••				•••	3	9	6	1 1
60 61	Sorell	$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 2 \end{array}$	•••	-:: 1		•••	•••	$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	47 2	5 4	6
J1	17 40000 1111111111111111111111111111111	18		1				17	76	29	14
	Oatlands.										-
32	Jericho				l			1	8	10	19
33	Mount Seymour	•••	•••		•••		•••	2	21	61	8
34	Oatlands	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3	1	1	1
35	Tunnack		•••		•••	•••	•••	$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	14 21	6 1	2
36 3 7	Tunbridge*	•••	•••				•••		21		2
•				— 				10	67	7 9	15
	Cumberland.									_ -	
68	Bothwell		•••			}	•••	2	7	15	2
60	Hamilton	56	•••			•••	•••	2	7	15	80
70	Montos Marsh	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	$\frac{1}{2}$	9 8	2 8	1:
71	Ouse			<u> </u>		:	— "				-
		56						7	31	40	13
72	Glamorgan. Lisdillon	3			•			1	ı	2	
72 73	Spring Bay		•••	ï			•••	2	10	15	2
74	Swansea	13	•••				•••	2	11	53	7
		16	— _ _	1				5	22	70	11
	Launceston.			_ 							
75	Elizabeth-street		•••				•••	9	20	67	9
76 77	Frederick-street Margaret-street	•••	•••			•••	•••	6	13 4	33 101	10
						— <u> </u>		19	37	201	25
	('amphell Town.										-
78	Campbell Town	9	•••	11			•••	3	29	35	8
79	Cleveland	•••	•••	2	•••		•••	3		6	1
80	Ross	•••				···		2	12	45	5
		9		13				8	41	86	15
••	Deloraine.									1.5	
81 	Brook Head		•••	•••	•••		•••	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	15 2	2
82 83	Brookside	34	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	d 2	11	7	5
83 84	Dunorlan		•••				•••	2	30	29	6
85	Mole Creek							1		8	1
86	Red Hills							4	8.		15
	1	· 34						16	54	61	168

	CIMILATION OF		inisters for	r impartin	g Religious	Instruction	on.	ors of	ers of oards.	er ins.	TOTAL
No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyan.	Inde- pendent.	Others.	Inspectors of Schools.	Members of	Other Persons.	10747
	East Devon.			}	-						
87	Barrington	•••		}			•••	2	6	22	30 13
88	Kentishbury	•••	•••		3	: '	•••	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 2 \end{array}$	5 1	3	7
89	Latrobe	* •••	•••	•••		4	•••	$\frac{2}{2}$	13	3	18
90 91	New Ground Northdown	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	3	2		5
92	Sassafras	•••					•••	2	6	3	11
93	Sheffield	•••	···				•••	2	11	7	20
94	Torquay	•••					•••	2	8	11	21
•				<u> </u>	3	4		17	52	4.9	125
	177A. TO	••••					 -		ļ		
95	West Devon. Abbotsham	•••					·	2	8	10	20
96	Castra Road		•••			,	•••	2	6	16	24
97	Hamilton-on-Forth	•••		 .	•••		•••	3	4	16	23
98	North Motton	•••	•••				•••	2	4	•••	6 2
99	Penguin Creek	•••	•••		•••		•••	2 2	ï	2	5
100	River Don	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	ī	4	3	8
$\frac{101}{102}$	Sulphur Creek	•••	•••	•••			•••	i	ī	7	9
102	Olverstone										077
								15	28	54 	27
100	Wellington.			}				3	6	11	20
103	Black River Emu Bay	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2	4	13	19
104 1 05	Emu Bay	•••	•••		• •••	***		$\tilde{3}$	4	15	22
106	Montagu	•••					•••	2	6	27	35
107	Somerset	•••						2	•••	1	3
108	Stanley	•••					•••	3	22	15	40
109	Waratah	4.4		•••			•••]		5	6
110	Wynyard	•••		•••			•••	1	17	3	21
		•••	•••		•••			17	59	90	166
	Fingul.					<u> </u>					
111	Avoca	•••					•••	4	9	1	14
112	Ellerslie	•••					•••	3	1		4
113	Falmouth	•••	•••			•••	•••	٠:	1 1	٠٠٠ ا	1
114	Fingal	•••	1	•••		•••	•••	$\frac{4}{2}$	10	1 1	16
115	Gould's Country	4	•••	•••	2	•••	•••	2	7	2	ii
116	Mangana	•••	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••	•••	$\tilde{2}$	13	ĩ	16
117 118	Mathima	•••	•••		•••		•••	$\tilde{2}$	13	12	27
	56. Mai y 8							19			100
		4	1	<u> </u>	2			19	56	18	100
710	George Town.							2	52	3	57
119 120	George TownLow Heads	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	$\tilde{2}$	32	4	38
120 121	Nine Mile Springs	•••	 1		:::	•••		2	9	20	32
121	Time in the opings				·			6	93	27	127
		•••	1		·		 -				121
122	Morven. Breadalbane	•••						5	5	4	14
123	Deddington	•••		3	•••		•••	2		1	6
124	Evandale	23		•••		•••	•••	4.	1 1	6	34
125	Lymington	4		•••	•••	' •••	•••	2	2	I	9
126	White Hills	4	•••	•••				4	6		16
		31	•,•_	3			•••	17	14	14	79
_	Norfolk Plains.							,		_	,,
127	Carrick	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	4 I	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 21 \end{array}$	12 28
128	Illawarra	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3	17	21 4	26
129 130	LongfordPerth	•••	•••				•••	3	18	23	44
	A Citili							11	43		108
											
	Ringwood.							2	6	•••	8
191	Bishopsbourne	12	•••	•••	:::			$\tilde{3}$	3	13	31
			•••		:::		•••	$\tilde{2}$			10
132	Cressy Road	Q				I					
132 133	Cressy Road	8	•••]		•••	2	2	1	5
131 132 133 134 135	Cressy Road	 	•••					2 2	2	1 	5 2
132 133 134	Cressy Road	•••	•••)	}					

		A	linisters fo	r impartin	g Religious	Instructi	on.	s of	s of ards.	,	
No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyan.	Inde- pendent.	Others.	Inspectors C Schools,	Members of Local Boards.	Other Persons,	TOTAL.
	G-M	ļ								ļ	
136	Selby. Bridgenorth							ا ا	4	1	
137	Cormiston	•••				•••	•••	3 4	16	21	8
138	Glengarry	···					•••	3	ž		5
139	Hadspen	•••				•••	•••	4	1	16	21
140	Jetsonville					•••	•••	1	12	4	17
141	Newnham			•••		•••	•••	2	4	4	10
142	Rose Vale	•••	•••			2	•••	3	2	1	8
143	Scotsdale	•••			•••	•••	•••	2	2	2	6
144 145	St. Leonard's	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	7 3	47	8	62
146	St. Michael's	•••	 1	•••		•••	•••	2	2 5	9	14
147	Upper Piper's River		_			•••		2	4	11	17
148	Winkleigh	•••	•••			•••	•••	2	2		4
											<u> </u>
	j '	•••	. 1			2	•••	38	103	81	225
	Westbury.										
149	Bracknell			.				3		2	5
150	Cluan	2	9			•••	•••	3	4	2	20
151	Exton						•••	2	1		3
152	Early Rises*	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	2		[1	3
153	Golden Valley*	•••	[•••	2	2	1	5
154	Fern Bank		1		•••	•••	•••	2	1	4	8
155	Hagley	21		•••		•••	•••	2	5	1	29
156	Park	•••	3	•••	•••	•••	•••	$\frac{2}{2}$	6 30	1 7	12 39
157 158	Qucenstown	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	$\tilde{2}$		2	6
159	Westbury			•••	[•••	$\tilde{2}$	18	$\tilde{2}$	22
160	Westwood							$\tilde{2}$	5	15	22
161	Whitemore		•••		1		•••	2			3
					·	. 			<u></u> -		
	·	23	15		1			28	72	38	177
		İ	· ,								
162	Furneaux Group	1								7	8
	GRAND TOTAL	533	82	18	8	13		388	1380	1552	3974
	GRAND TOTAL	533	82	18	8	13		388	1380	1552	3974
	SUM	MARY	of Visits	s for the	Years 18	72187	8 inclusi	ve.			
	1 1879	945	172	101	14 }	8 I		118	1455	989	3802
-	[1872	945 878	172	61	5	20	 18	130	1616	1153	4053
	1873 1874	949	150	44	23	i	4	122	1635	1225	4153
	1875	734	170	29	5	12	$3\overset{\bullet}{2}$	153	1442	1302	3879
	1876	647	172	11	16	4	1	194	1360	1460	3865
	1877	565	128	24	14	9	7	382	1349	1506	3984
'	1878	533	82	18	8	13	•••	388	1380	1552	3974
	1	}	1	i	1						

* Half-time Schools.

GEO. RICHARDSON, Secretary.

APPENDIX J.

RELIGIOUS Denomination of Scholars on the Rolls of the Public Schools for the Year 1878.

No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyan.	Inde- pendent.	Others.	TOTAL
	Hobart.							
1	Bathurst-street	159	83	40	52	58	14	356
2	Battery Point	196	33	55	14	15	22	335
3 4	Goulburn-street	232 1	34 232	29	16	11	20	342 233
ž	Harrington-street Macquarie-street	93	35	3	io	9		150
6.	Murray-street	140	32	3	98	20	26	319
7	Trinity Hill	295	46	31	80	40		492
		1116	415	161	270	153	82	2227
	Glenorchy.				_	,		177
8	Bridgewater	25	12	2	.7 25	1 13		174
9 10	New Town O'Brien's Bridge	98 37	37 20	4	42		•••	103
11	Queen's Asylum	63	69	7	6	8		153
12	Sorell Creek	37	3		ì		4	45
	,	260	141	14	81	22	4	522
	Queenborough.				10			CT
13	Sandy Bay	37	5	3	16	ļi-		61
14	Kingborough. Brown's River	53	15		4		·	72
15	Long Bay*	34	4			:: '	::	38
16	Three Hut Point*	21	5	::	::	;;		26
17	Margate	23	11		17 .			51
18	Oyster Cove	29	7	2				38
19	Peppermint Bay	16	9	•••	• • •	15	••,	40
20	Port Cygnet	51	17	••	••			68
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	Victoria	37	5 18	2	7	26	::	68
22	Water Grove	272	91	4	28	41	ļ 	436
	77						<u> </u>	
23	Franklin. Castle Forbes Bay	Ì	48	2	2	13	l	65
$\frac{20}{24}$	Dover	30	16	3		6	14	69
25	Franklin	21	28		30	1		80
26	Hastings		11			43	14	68
27	Honeywood	27	44	1	• • •	33	••	105
28	Raminea	37		2 6	1 1	•••	• •	40 50
:29	Southport	23	20	ļ 				.
		138	167	14	34	96	28	477
600	New Norfolk.	_	8		17			31
30	Falls. New Norfolk	6 64	39	5	34	• • •	• • •	142
$\frac{31}{32}$	Glenora	47	14	4	3	• • •	::	68
33	River Plenty	17	10					27
		134	71	9	54	••	•••	268
	Brighton.							
-34	Bagdad	15		••	•••	19	•.	34.
35	Black Brush	23	10	••	•••	1	••	34
-36	Broadmarsh	11	2		•••	••	••	13
3 7	Elderslie*	13 23	28	•••		••	••	20 51
38 39	Constitution Hill Dromedary	12	4		•••		••	16
39 40	Green Point	21	3			ii		35
40 41	Green Ponds	33	16	::	4	13	::	66
42	Old Beach.	20	10	2	8		::	40
43	Pontville	57	5			8		70
44	Tea Tree	41	4					45
	1	269	89	2	12	52	1	424

^{*} Half-time Schools.

No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyan.	Inde- pendent.	Others.	To
	Clarence.	00	17					3
45 46	Cambridge Dulcot	26 11	11 22] ::	::	• •	••	3
47	Kangaroo Point	71	6		4	20	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10
48	Muddy Plains	25	• • •	••	4	::	2	3
49 50	Rokeby	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 16 \end{array}$	3	•:•		10	• •	3
U	Bodin Arm			:_		••	— '-	
		174	42		8	30		25
51	Richmond.	10	9		I	5		2
52	Jerusalem	23	10		•		••	3
53	Lower Jerusalem	33	1	••	• • •	9	• •	4
54	Richmond	29	32	:_		31		9
		95	52			45		19
	Sorell.							
55 56	Bream Creek	19 6	6	•• .	••	24	••	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\3 \end{vmatrix}$
57	Forcett	52	i	7		~	•••	6
58	Orielton	20	••	••				2
59	Prosser's Bay	26	8	7	••	••	• •	2
60 61	Prosser's Plains	19 71	3 5		::	::	••	7
62	Wattle Hill	39	4	• • •	}		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4
		252	27	14		24		31
	Oatlands.					·		
63	Jericho	31	3	::	••	••	• •	3
64 65	Mount Seymour	7 56	23 14	20 20	20	••	••	5
66 .	Tunnack	18	51	12	•		•••	8
67	Tunbridge *	13	` 10		7	••	••	3
68	Antill Ponds	6	12	3	•••			
		131	113	55	27			32
69	Cumberland. Bothwell	68	15	6	15			10
70	Hamilton	76	37	3	2		••	11
71	Montos Marsh	26	10	••,	••		• •	3
72	Ouse	34	2					3
	:	204	64	9	17		 -	29
73	Glamorgan. Lisdillon	35	1					a
74	Spring Bay	34	13	$\ddot{2}$: : I		••	4
75	Swansea	43	16	3			• •	1
		112	30	5			•••	14
	Launceston.							
76	Elizabeth-street Frederick-street	233	53	94 14	133 91	98 37	3 6	64
77 78	Margaret-street	86 18	16 114		10	4	. 17	14
		337	183	108	234	139	53	105
	Campbell Town.		<u>·</u>					
7 9 80	Campbell TownCleveland	73 23	- 8 - 5	10 5	46 4	••	• •	13
81	Ross	50	7	2	44	2	• • •	10
		146	20	17	94	2		27
	Deloraine.							- <u>-</u> -
82	Brookhead	16	38	9	14	}	••	7
83	Brookside	9	3	7	22	••		4
84 85	Deloraine	85 35	18 38	13 5	26 26	:	11 7	15 11
86	Mole Creek	22	1		17	[4
87	Red Hills	19	14	•••	6			3
		186	112	34	111	••	18	46

No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyan,	Inde- pendent.	Others,	TOTAL,
	East Devon.							
88	Barrington	7		13	45	••	. 3	68
89 90	Kentishbury Latrobe	5		• •	24	٠	5	34
91	New Ground	32 20	30 31	••	42 4	29	2	135
92	Northdown.	16	5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	21	5	•••	55 47
93	Sassafras	4	52	ì	37		iò	104
94	Sheffield	5	4	• •	63	1	22	95
95	Torquay	50	17	2	1	. 8	.,. l	79
		139	139	16	237	43	43	617
96	West Devon.	-						
97	Abbotsham	9 23	14	ii	13	23	7	52
98	Hamilton-on-Forth	26 26	26		10 10	28	1	59 90
99	North Motton	6					is	24
100	Pénguin Creek	4	3			43	8	58
101 102	River Don	33	23	••	7	65		128
102	Sulphur CreekUlverstone	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 13 \end{array}$	6	•;	5	8	• :	25
100	Olverstone		10	4	. 4	12	1	44
	,	120	82	15	49	179	35	480
104	Wellington. Black River	26	32		1			59
. 105	Emu Bay	53	26		i		8	88
106	Forest	39	17					56
107 108	Montagu	15	3		2		6	26
108	Somerset	32	10	٠:	::		• •	42
110	Waratah	36 25	14 18	. 9	23		2 7	84
111	Wynyard	35	17	••	2	4	2	52 60
		261	137	9	29	6	25	467
	Fingal.		 -					
112	Avoca	20	22		. 1		2	45
113 114	Ellerslie	4	8	5		•••	·	17
115	Falmouth	12 46	16		·;	•••	••	16
116	Gould's Country	23	12	2	1 5	•••	6	65 48
117	Mangana	23	29			::		52
118	Mathinna	63	3	4	1			71
119	St. Mary's	40	19		4			63
-		231	113	13	12		8	377
120	George Town. George Town	38	4	••	••			42
121	Low Head	19		2	ii	4	::	36
122	Nine Mile Springs	78	3	20	29	••		130
		135	7	22	40	4		208
123	Morven. Breadalbane	00			• •			
124	Deddington	23	4 5	3 29	12	••	••	42 34
125	Evandale	77	21	57	26	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	181
126	Lymington	49			3		6	58
127	White Hills	34		3	20			5 7
		183	30	92	61	••	6	372
128	Norfolk Plains. Carrick	39						
129	Illawarra	39 33	2	7	8	••	2	58
130	Longford	79	24	•••	27	••		33 130
131	Perth	53	12	3	••	•	90	158
		204	38	10	35		92	379
132	Ringwood.	00						
132 133	Bishopsbourne	38 45	9	14	42 25	••	٠;	103
134	Cressy Road	46	5	7	35	••	1	89 51
	Mountain Wala	21	6	••	14		• •	41
135	Mountain Vale		0	• •		• •		4.1
135 136	Saundridge	24		2	10	••		36

No.	SITUATION OF SCHOOL.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Church of Scotland.	Wesleyan,	Inde- pendent.	Others.	TOTAL.
	Selby.							
137	Bridgenorth	13	18	10			6	47
138	Cormiston	7	10	13		• •	5	35
139	Glengarry	6	7	24	17	••	• •	54
140	Hadspen	42	8	2:	11	• •	2	63
141	Jetsonville	8	2	24	• • •	14		48
142	Newnham	52	4		1	• •		57
143	Rose Vale	5	15	2		6	9	37
144	Scottsdale	••	2	15	19		9	45
145	St. Leonard's	55	11	18	8	• •	• •	92
146	St. Michael's	26	• •	6	4	2		38
147	Turner's Marsh	10	41	3	<u>.</u> }	• •	• •	54
148	Upper Piper's River	14	6	• • •	1	••	21	42
149	Winkleigh	7	4	22	17	••	• •	50
		245	128	137	78	22	52	662
								
	Westbury.		_		_ 1			
150	Bracknell	11	9	3	1	••	40	64
151	Cluan	10	33	•: 1	22	••	• •	43
152	Exton	4	. 9	2	37	• • •	8	60
153	Early Rises *	•:	18	2	}	• •	• •	20
154	Golden Valley*	5	33	•:	::	••]	• •	38
155	Fern Bank	16	29	3	26	- • • •	••	74
156	Hagley	39	14	25	20	••	• •	98
157	Park	::	36	10	•••	• •	• •	46
158	Queenstown	33	127	••	28	• •	•;	188
159	Reedy Marsh	1	33	• ;	÷ .	• •	1	35
160	Westbury	52	6 3	4 9	27	••	• •	89 24
161	Westwood	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 3 \end{array}$			90	. ••	• •	33
162	Whitemore	a		•••	30		•••	- 00
		186	350	58	169	••	49	812
	GRAND TOTAL	5742	2697	844	1797	858	498	12,436

^{*} Half-time Schools.

GEO. RICHARDSON, Secretary.