TASMANIA

WILLS AMENDMENT (INTERNATIONAL WILLS) **BILL 2012**

	CONTENTS
1.	Short title
2.	Commencement
3.	Proclamation under section 2
4.	Principal Act
5.	Section 59A inserted 59A. Part does not limit operation of Part 5A
6.	Part 5A inserted PART 5A – International Wills 62A. Interpretation 62B. Application of Convention 62C. Persons authorised to act in connection with international wills 62D. Witnesses to international wills 62E. Application of Act to international wills
7.	Schedule 5 inserted Schedule 5 – Annex to Convention Providing a Uniform Law on the Form of an International Will 1973
8.	Repeal of Act

WILLS AMENDMENT (INTERNATIONAL WILLS) BILL 2012

This Public Bill originated in the House of Assembly, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

P. R. ALCOCK, *Clerk of the House* 21 August 2012

(Brought in by the Minister for Justice, the Honourable Brian Neal Wightman)

A BILL FOR

An Act to amend the Wills Act 2008

Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the Wills Amendment (International Wills) Act 2012.

2. Commencement

This Act commences on a day to be proclaimed.

3. Proclamation under section 2

A proclamation cannot be made under this section unless the *Convention providing a Uniform Law on the Form of an International Will 1973* has entered into force in Australia.

[Bill 25] 3

4. Principal Act

In this Act, the *Wills Act 2008** is referred to as the Principal Act.

5. Section 59A inserted

Before section 60 of the Principal Act, the following section is inserted in Part 5:

59A. Part does not limit operation of Part 5A

This Part does not limit the operation of Part 5A.

6. Part 5A inserted

After section 62 of the Principal Act, the following Part is inserted:

PART 5A – INTERNATIONAL WILLS

62A. Interpretation

In this Part –

Convention means the Convention providing a Uniform Law on the Form of an International Will 1973 signed in Washington, D.C. on 26 October 1973;

in accordance with the

requirements of the Annex to the Convention as set out in Schedule 5.

62B. Application of Convention

The Annex to the Convention has the force of law in this jurisdiction.

Note The Annex to the Convention is set out in Schedule 5.

62C. Persons authorised to act in connection with international wills

- (1) For the purposes of this Part, the following persons are authorised to act in connection with an international will:
 - (a) an Australian legal practitioner;
 - (b) a public notary of any Australian jurisdiction.
- (2) For the purposes of this Part, a reference in the Annex to the Convention to a person authorised to act in connection with international wills is a reference to
 - (a) a person referred to in subsection (1) who is acting in Australia; or
 - (b) any other person who is acting as an authorised person under the law of a state (other than

Australia) that is a party to the Convention.

Note This section gives effect to Articles II and III of the Convention.

62D. Witnesses to international wills

The conditions requisite to acting as a witness to an international will are governed by the law of this jurisdiction.

Note For the relevant provisions of this Act, see Division 2 of Part 2.

62E. Application of Act to international wills

To avoid doubt, the provisions of this Act that apply to wills extend to international wills.

7. Schedule 5 inserted

After Schedule 4 to the Principal Act, the following Schedule is inserted:

SCHEDULE 5 – ANNEX TO CONVENTION PROVIDING A UNIFORM LAW ON THE FORM OF AN INTERNATIONAL WILL 1973 ANNEX

UNIFORM LAW ON THE FORM OF AN INTERNATIONAL WILL

Article 1

- 1. A will shall be valid as regards form, irrespective particularly of the place where it is made, of the location of the assets and of the nationality, domicile or residence of the testator, if it is made in the form of an international will complying with the provisions set out in Articles 2 to 5 hereinafter.
- 2. The invalidity of the will as an international will shall not affect its formal validity as a will of another kind.

Article 2

This law shall not apply to the form of testamentary dispositions made by two or more persons in one instrument.

Article 3

- 1. The will shall be made in writing.
- 2. It need not be written by the testator himself.
- 3. It may be written in any language, by hand or by any other means.

Article 4

- 1. The testator shall declare in the presence of two witnesses and of a person authorized to act in connection with international wills that the document is his will and that he knows the contents thereof.
- 2. The testator need not inform the witnesses, or the authorized person, of the contents of the will.

Article 5

- 1. In the presence of the witnesses and of the authorized person, the testator shall sign the will or, if he has previously signed it, shall acknowledge his signature.
- 2. When the testator is unable to sign, he shall indicate the reason therefor to the authorized person who shall make note of this on the will. Moreover, the testator may be authorized by the law under which the authorized person was designated to direct another person to sign on his behalf.
- 3. The witnesses and the authorized person shall there and then attest the will by signing in the presence of the testator.

Article 6

- 1. The signatures shall be placed at the end of the will.
- 2. If the will consists of several sheets, each sheet shall be signed by the testator or, if he is unable to sign, by the person signing on his behalf or, if there is no such person, by the authorized person. In addition, each sheet shall be numbered.

Article 7

- 1. The date of the will shall be the date of its signature by the authorized person.
- 2. This date shall be noted at the end of the will by the authorized person.

Article 8

In the absence of any mandatory rule pertaining to the safekeeping of the will, the authorized person shall ask the testator whether he wishes to make a declaration concerning the safekeeping of his will. If so and at the express request of the testator the place where he intends to have his will kept shall be mentioned in the certificate provided for in Article 9.

Article 9

The authorized person shall attach to the will a certificate in the form prescribed in Article 10 establishing that the obligations of this law have been complied with.

Article 10

The certificate drawn up by the authorized person shall be in the following form or in a substantially similar form:

CERTIFICATE

(Convention of October 26, 1973)

1.	I,
2.	Certify that on
3.	(testator) (name, address, date and place of birth) in my presence and that of the witnesses
4.	(a) (name, address, date and place of birth)
	(b)
5.	I furthermore certify that –
6.	(a) in my presence and in that of the witnesses
	(1) the testator has signed the will or has acknowledged his signature previously affixed.
	*(2) following a declaration of the testator stating that he was unable to sign his will for the following reason
	I have mentioned this declaration on the will
	* the signature has been affixed by (name, address)
7.	(b) the witnesses and I have signed the will;
8.	*(c) each page of the will has been signed by and numbered;

- 9. (*d*) I have satisfied myself as to the identity of the testator and of the witnesses as designated above;
- 10. *(e) the witnesses met the conditions requisite to act as such according to the law under which I am acting;
- 12. PLACE
- 13. DATE
- 14. SIGNATURE and, if necessary, SEAL

Article 11

The authorized person shall keep a copy of the certificate and deliver another to the testator.

Article 12

In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the certificate of the authorized person shall be conclusive of the formal validity of the instrument as a will under this Law.

Article 13

The absence or irregularity of a certificate shall not affect the formal validity of a will under this Law.

Article 14

The international will shall be subject to the ordinary rules of revocation of wills.

Article 15

In interpreting and applying the provisions of this law, regard shall be had to its international origin and to the need for uniformity in its interpretation.

^{*} To be completed if appropriate

8. Repeal of Act

This Act is repealed on the ninetieth day from the day on which it commences.