

# Legislative Council Select Committee

### GREATER HOBART TRAFFIC CONGESTION

# MEDIA RELEASE THURSDAY 11 NOVEMBER 2021

The Legislative Council Select Committee inquiring into Greater Hobart Traffic Congestion tabled its Final Report on 10 November 2021.

A major recommendation of the Committee is that the Government establish a single transport authority that partners with both Federal Government and Local Governments, and coordinates with relevant departments.

#### Recommendations are:

- 1. The State Government establish a single transport authority that:
  - a. Partners with both Federal Government and Local Governments:
  - b. Coordinates with relevant portfolios including Infrastructure, Local Government, Planning, Housing, Health, Community Services and Development;
  - c. Reports to the Minister for Transport;

#### That delivers:

- a. Long-term, evidence-based transport policy and planning;
- b. Transport solutions that are fully appraised and aligned with statutory land-use strategies, which;
  - i. consider settlement strategies and housing placement, employment demand, and service needs of a socially inclusive community;
  - ii. maximise opportunities for public and active transport;
  - iii.have been subject to full public consultation with affected communities.
- 2. The State Government consider the following infrastructure priorities:
  - A. Fully analyse the benefit of an Eastern Bypass (Flagstaff Gully Link Road) between the Tasman Highway and Bowen Bridge;
  - B. Further develop park and ride facilities at strategic locations on each major arterial road and public transport node leading to the CBD;
  - C. In areas of identified need, increase the provision of recharge options, parking and storage facilities for bicycles, micro-mobility vehicles and motorcycles.
  - D. Negotiate the planning and delivery of active transport networks including fully connected and separated paths for bicycles and micro-mobility vehicles across Greater Hobart.

- 3. Ensure policy development considers the potential for non-infrastructure traffic management solutions before progressing major infrastructure solutions.
- 4. Provide Metro with the autonomy and capacity to design, operate and integrate its modes of operation and service provision to satisfy commuter needs.
- 5. Provide increased public transport services, including greater investment in more vehicles and operations to assist in achieving a 10 per cent modal shift.
- 6. Devise prioritised public transport options that operate within a digitised and integrated network environment, across all modes.
- 7. Identify strategies in partnership with private and public schools to reduce dependence on the private motor vehicle for student travel.
- 8. Explore further options within the public service to provide flexible and decentralised working arrangements, and engage with private enterprise to consider similar strategies.

## **Key findings of the Committee are:**

- Traffic volumes in Greater Hobart have increased in the past five years, causing congestion on every major arterial road leading to the CBD.
- Traffic congestion has a negative impact on the community, including a
  detrimental impact on lifestyle, increased health issues, impact on family time,
  accident and domestic violence rates, a lack of participation and reduced access to
  services.
- Traffic congestion has an estimated cost to the Hobart economy of \$0.09 billion, projected to increase to \$0.12 0.16 billion by 2030.
- Public transport currently does not adequately meet the needs of all patrons which discourages its use and adds to congestion.
- Investment has focussed on road infrastructure rather than the development of a suite of public transport infrastructure and services.
- A fragmented and siloed approach to strategic planning is demonstrated by the multiple traffic studies and reports completed over the past decade by government agencies and stakeholders.
- Tasmania does not have a transport authority to lead and coordinate a joint approach to providing traffic congestion solutions.
- Submissions and witnesses advocated for non-infrastructure solutions being first implemented before progressing the development of a fifth lane on the Southern Outlet.
- Tasmania's per capita funding of public transport is reported to be the lowest in the nation.
- Improvements to Metro's reliability, service frequency, buses and accessibility could make it more appealing to commuters resulting in greater use.
- While there were conflicting views presented, the Committee did not receive sufficient evidence to make a finding on the benefits or otherwise of a northern suburbs light rail service in relation to its impact on traffic congestion.
- While raised as an option, the Hobart Western Bypass Feasibility Study concluded that a bypass is technically feasible but not commercially attractive for a Public Private Partnership investment, nor funding by state or federal government.
- Construction of an Eastern Bypass (Flagstaff Gully Link Road) has been considered as an option to assist in alleviating traffic congestion on the Tasman Highway and East Derwent Highway corridors.

A list of documents produced over the last decade that drew the closer attention of the Inquiry and were taken into evidence, given their relevance to the Terms of Reference were:

- Southern Integrated Transport Plan 2010
- Congestion in Greater Hobart, Response to Issues, Department of State Growth 2011
- Southern Tasmanian Regional Land Use Strategy 2010-2035 (amended 2020)
- Report on the Options for an Integrated Sustainable Public Transport System in Southern Tasmania 2013
- Hobart Congestion Traffic Analysis 2016, Department of State Growth
- Hobart Traffic Origin-Destination Report, 2017
- City of Hobart Transport Strategy 2018-30, City of Hobart
- Transport Access Strategy 2018, Department of State Growth
- Greater Hobart Mobility Vision, 30 Years Strategy, RACT 2019
- Hobart Transport Vision, Infrastructure Tasmania
- Travel in Greater Hobart Household Travel Survey 2019, Department of State Growth
- Hobart City Deal, Greater Hobart councils and the Australian Government, 2019
- Hobart City Deal Implementation Plan Greater Hobart councils and the Australian Government 2019
- Hobart Western Bypass Feasibility Study, Department of State Growth 2020
- Department of State Growth Key Arterials Traffic Data Catalogue

The Final Report is available at:

https://www.parliament.tas.gov.au/ctee/Council/Reports/ght%20final%20report.pdf

For further information— Hon Rob Valentine MLC, Chair 0418 127 323

ends