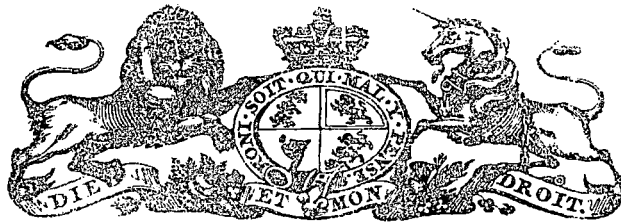


(No. 90.)



1875.

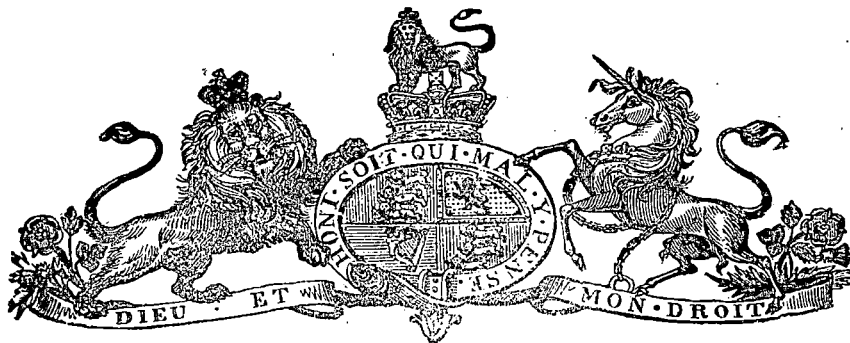
T A S M A N I A.

H O U S E O F A S S E M B L Y.

BRONZE COINAGE.

COPY OF PROCLAMATIONS ISSUED BY HER MAJESTY THE
QUEEN.

Laid upon the Table by the Attorney-General, and ordered by the House to be
printed, September 8, 1875.



BRONZE COINAGE.

COPY OF PROCLAMATIONS ISSUED BY HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

1st. Declaring the Bronze Coinage to be current and lawful Money of the United Kingdom.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS We have thought fit to order that certain pieces of Money of bronze or mixed metal should be coined, which should be called "Penny Pieces," "Half-penny Pieces," and "Farthing Pieces," every such Penny having for the obverse impression Our effigy laureated with the inscription "Victoria, D. G. Britt: Reg: F. D.," and for the reverse impression the figure of Britannia seated upon a rock in the sea, her right hand resting upon a shield, and holding in her left the Trident, with a ship and Pharos in the distance, and the inscription "One Penny," with the date of the year; and every such Half-penny piece having for the obverse impression the aforesaid effigy and inscription, and for the reverse the figure of Britannia, with the same emblems as described for the Penny, and the inscription "Half Penny," with the date of the year; and every such Farthing piece having for the obverse impression the aforesaid effigy and inscription, and for the reverse the figure of Britannia, with the same emblems as described for the Penny, and the inscription "Farthing," with the date of the year; all of which said moneys of bronze or mixed metal have been and shall be coined in a mixed metal or bronze, composed of copper, tin, and zinc: And whereas pieces of money of the description aforesaid have been coined at our Mint, and will be coined there: We have therefore, with the advice of our Privy Council, thought fit to issue this Proclamation. And we do hereby ordain, declare, and command that all such pieces of money of bronze or mixed metal, so coined and to be coined as aforesaid, shall be current and lawful money of the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall pass and be received as current and lawful money of the said Kingdom, every such Penny piece as of the value of One Penny of present lawful money, every such Half Penny piece as of the value of one Half Penny of present lawful money, and every such Farthing piece as of the value of one Farthing of present lawful money. Provided that no person shall be obliged to take more of such Penny pieces in any one payment than shall be of the value of One Shilling after the rate aforesaid, or take more of such Half Penny or Farthing pieces in any one payment than shall be of the value of Sixpence after the rate aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Windsor* this seventeenth day of *December*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and in the twenty-fourth year of Our Reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

2nd. Decrying the old Copper Coinage after the 31st December, 1869.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS We have taken into consideration the state of the Copper Coin of this Kingdom, and have deemed it expedient, with the advice of Our Privy Council, that all Copper Monies of this Realm commonly called a Penny, a Half Penny, a Farthing, and a Half Farthing, coined at Our Mint and current in Our dominions by virtue of any Proclamation prior to the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, should be called in and re-coined :

And whereas considerable quantities of the said Copper Monies before mentioned have been received and exchanged at our Mint, so that only a small portion of such monies now remain in circulation :

We do therefore, by this Our Royal Proclamation, and with the advice of Our Privy Council, think proper to declare and command, and We do declare and command that no Copper Monies whatsoever (other than and except such bronze Monies as are now current by virtue of Our Proclamation, bearing date the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, or any Proclamation dated subsequently to the said seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty,) shall be allowed to pass or be current in any payment whatsoever within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

Given at Our Court at *Windsor*, this thirteenth day of *May*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and in the thirty-second year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.