

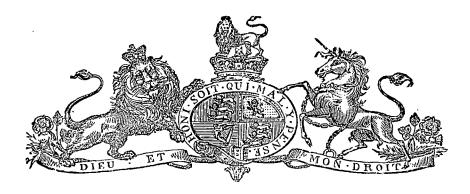
1870.

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WASTE LANDS OF THE COLONY.

REPORT BY MR. ROBERT CRAWFORD.

Laid upon the Table by the Minister of Lands and Works, and ordered by the House to be printed, September 7, 1870.



Hobart Town, 28th December, 1869.

I have the honor to hand in for your information detailed returns of my inspection and valuation of the Crown lands in Mr. Surveyor Wedge's district, being part of the County of Glamorgan and the entire County of Pembroke. The Summary attached gives—of first-class pastoral land, 2000 acres; 26,824 of second class; and 184,676 of third class, having a carrying capacity of 26,815 shore and 100 cettles appeals of 1554 as a princt a part of 100 cettles appeals of 1554 as a princt a part of 100 cettles. 26,815 sheep, and 100 cattle; annual value, £1554, as against a rental of £937 12s. 11d. paid in

In this large district (the most extensive that I have yet inspected) the only lot of good pasture land is on Forestier's Peninsula. Even second-class is of no great extent; and of the third class a considerable proportion of waste land is interlaced through it. I have noted on the returns of each lot such as could be improved; but in the gross the area capable of improvement is small, and the whole district has been so completely weeded out that I cannot report of any blocks likely to be taken up at present rates.

Until an alteration is made in the upset price of such lands as those now under review, sales of Crown land will not be effected to any extent; and I respectfully submit that it would be judicious and politic to lower the price as early as possible.

The district under notice cannot be materially affected by gold discoveries in the North. It must ever depend upon the products of the soil; and even if the pastoral interests recovered past prosperity, these lands would never be worth the upset price at present attached.

Considerable areas are run over without rent accruing to the Crown, arising, in a great measure, from the land being leased in small lots. If these lands were blocked into suitable areas, and offered for sale at a low upset price on easy terms,—say 2s. 6d. per acre third class, 5s. per acre second class, and 10s. per acre first class, with not less than 14 years credit—I am persuaded considerable areas would be taken up. Many blocks would run, from local causes, probably 50 per cent. higher in the auction room, or by tender. The argument that this would be lowering the value of private property, &c. does not, in my opinion, apply to the Crown lands in this district. In ninety-nine cases out of one hundred they would be purchased by the adjoining proprietors.

Of agricultural lands there is very little,—no considerable block at any point. From my own observations, and from continual enquiry of parties having intimate knowledge of their several localities, I cannot estimate more than one thousand acres scattered in small sections and in isolated situations throughout the whole district;—no such area as could be designated agricultural. And I beg to suggest that such isolated lots (situated as they usually are far from a road and in heavily timbered country) should be offered at a low price, say 5s. per acre. It would induce parties to look up such spots and settle down upon them.

I enclose separate reports upon Maria Island and Forestier's Peninsula.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your very obedient Servant,

ROBERT CRAWFORD, Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands.

The Hon. the Minister of Lands and Works, Hobart Town.

PART OF THE COUNTY OF GLAMORGAN and
THE COUNTY OF PEMBROKE.

Mr. WEDGE'S DISTRICT.

SUMMARY of Crown Lands. Part of the County of GLAMORGAN. Mr. Wedge's Survey District, as classed and valued December, 1869.

NO. OF LOT OR LOTS.	CL	ASS AND A	REA.	CARRYING	CAPACITY.	ANNUAL VALUE.
NOT OF BOT SOIL BOTS.	First.	Second.	Third.	Sheep.	Cattle.	ANNUAL VALUE.
23. 163		1600 800 1550 — 2500 2191 601 — — — — — — — — 9242	3170 1432 ————————————————————————————————————	400 400 250 150 400 200 200 400 200 400 600 200 200 1000 1000 500 200 300		£ s. d. 20 0 0 16 0 0 12 10 0 6 0 0 20 0 0 8 0 0 8 0 0 16 0 0 8 0 0 16 0 0 30 0 0 16 0 0 30 0 0 16 0 0 30 0 0 15 0 0 15 0 0 40 0 0 60 0 0 20 0 0 8 0 0 12 0 0 8 0 0 12 0 0

ROBERT CRAWFORD, Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands.

Part of the County GLAMORGAN and PEMBROKE. (Mr. Wedge's District.)

						<u> </u>		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	Ann and Sale	ual e Value.	Lessee.		Remarks.
123 163	Acres. 800 800	2nd	P	Sheep.	Cattle.	20 0 pe	r annum r acre	B. Dickson Vacant	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A large proportion rocky land, but fairly grassed. Part bottom land, good soil, and a considerable proportion of the whole capable of improve-
235 § 236	3170	3rd	P. 	400 	::		r annum per acre	Vacant		ment by ringing and burning off. Rugged tier land generally, and very stony throughout. Scrubby parts; coarse herbage.
259 383	800	2nd	Р.	250		12 10 per 0 5 per	r annum r acre	J. Radford		Not capable of much improvement. Adjoining lot unnumbered. Rocky in part. Considerable proportion sound feeding hills. Stony, with she-oak timber. Capable of improvement by ringing and burn-
384 {1179 {1178	1000 432	3rd	P.	150	••		r annum per acre	J. Radford Vacant		ing off. Chiefly rocky tier land, much broken up; coarse herbage. Heavily timbered generally. Small patches of good bottom land interspersed; with these trifling exceptions, not capable of
105 310	1550	2nd	P.	400			r annum r acre	Vacant		improvement. Steep ranges heavily timbered, interspersed with good grazing land and she-oak hills. Capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
386 4041	500 661	3rd	P	200	••		r annum per acre	J. Mitchell Vacant		Rocky steep hills generally interspersed with fair grazing, she-oak rises, capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
372 358	1140	3rd	Р.	200	••		r annum per acre	Vacant		Steep rugged tier land heavily timbered and scrubby. Coarse herbage. Not capable of improvement.
321 { 345 371	800 1000	3rd	P	400	•		r annum per acre	L. Jennings Vacant		Rocky steep hills and scrubby next coast line, improving towards back line, with sound she- oak hills interspersed, and well grussed. Capable
329 { 312 { 346	530 1000	3rd	P. ••	200	••		r annum per acre	L. Jennings Vacunt		of improvement by ringing and burning off. Rocky upland much broken up by steep gullies, and in parts very scrubby. Capable of improve- ment by ringing and burning off.
382 { 301 { 255	500 2000	3rd	P	400	•••		r annum per acre	L. Jennings Vacant		Rocky tier land principally; very scrubby in parts. Coarse herbage and not capable of much improvement.
186 234 (171	500 500 1500	2nd	P	600	••		r annum r acre	J. P. King F. Cotton Vacant		A considerable proportion rocky upland and stony hills, fairly grassed throughout, and capable of improvement to some extent by
238 5745 746	about 2000	3rd	P.	400	••		r annum per acre	Vacant		ringing and burning off. 745, 746, and unnumbered, between and to the east adjoining Meredith River. A large proportion of tier land interlaced with good feeding hills. Fairly grassed and good
71 } 146 }	1546	2nd	Р.	600		30 0 per 0 5 per	r annum r acre	J. Meredith		herbage on the eastern face and next the river. This block much broken up; steep rugged hills, very stony, but fairly grassed throughout, and
227	545	_ ,		•••	••	•	•	Vacant	ŀ	portions capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
70	2000	2nd	Р.	200	••		r annum r acre	J. Meredith	.	Hilly stony land, coarse herbage; hemmed in by purchased land, and of no value to other than the proprietor of adjoining land.
$\begin{cases} 197 \\ 14 \\ 374 \end{cases}$	-	oud.		9000	••	60 0 may	•	Vacant	ł	197, 14, 374 and towards Toom's Hill. Chiefly rugged tier land, heavily timbered, of no pastoral value. There late edicining Toom's Lake and Magnaria
209 198 3734 36 199 373 116 117 118 115 89 114 376 377	9360	3rd 3rd	P	1000		0 2 6 p	r annum per acre r annum per acre	Vacant Vacant		These lots, adjoining Toom's Lake and Macquarie River, cannot be divided advantageously. A third class summer run for strong sheep. Tier land chiefly: in parts very scrubby, stony hills, with coarse bottoms. Summer run only. Not capable of much improvement.

Parts of GLAMORGAN and PEMBROKE. (Mr. Wedge's District.)

No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	an	Annual d Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
\$\frac{110a}{111} \\ 41	Acres. 4280	3rd	Р.	Sheep. 1000	Cattle.	£ 30 0	s. 0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Rocky tier land principally interspersed with coarse marshes. Summer run only. Not capable of much improvement.
42 8 110 360 253	8000	3rd	P.	500	•	15	per annum	Vacant	Very rugged tier land throughout, interspersed with a few coarse bottoms. Heavily timbered, and not capable of improvement.
281 282 203 280 271 265 289	6550	3rd	Р.	1000	•••	40 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Rugged tier land, interspersed with rough feeding hills and coarse marshy bottoms. Not capable of much improvement. Summer run for the whole number, one-half in winter.
279 176 168 281 (1555 1552 1553 1554 1558 1559 1560 1561 1426 1556	4811	2nd	Р.	1500		60 0	0 per annum 5 per acre	Vacant	Rocky hilly country, interspersed with fairly grassed feeding hills and marshes. A considerable area capable of improvement by ringing and burning off and draining the marshes, which can be effected at a moderate cost. Access by fair bush road from the Macquarie River via Ross or via Campbell Town and Swansea Road. Summer only.
1557 20 84 85	1000 1300	3rd ••	P.	500 ••	::	20 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	S. Horton Vacant	Tier land much broken up, interspersed with coarse wet bottoms here and there. Herbage coarse. Summer run only. Not capable of much improvement. Road from Campbell
- 83	1000	3rd	Р.	200		8	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	T. Parramore	Town to Swansea passes through it. Steep rocky hills with wet bottoms interspersed. Poor soil with coarse herbage throughout. Not capable of much improvement. Summer run
{ 1429 { 1430	1309	3rd	P.	300		12 0		Vacant	only. Swansea road passes through it. Rugged tier land principally interspersed with a few coarse wet marshes. Soil poor; scrubby with scant herbage. Summer run only. Not capable of much improvement. Swansea road adjoins.

SUMMARY of Crown Lands.—County of PEMBROKE. (Mr. Wedge's Survey District, as classed and valued December, 1869.)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CL	ASS AND	AREA.	CARRYING	CAPACITY.	·
NO. OF LOT OR LOTS.	First.	Second.	Third.	Sheep.	Cattle.	ANNUAL VALUE.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			£ s, d.
356, Township reserve, Commissariat ditto, and adjuning lots, Forestier's Peninsula. Unnumbered lot, (Part of Lot 356) 96	2000	1000	3000	1500	100 `	100 0 0
acres		96	••	25		150
176 298	• •	900	500	200	•••	12 0 0
91. 426	• •		500 1140	75	••	3 0 0
122	•••	::	500	200	-•	800 .
27, 92			1080	150		600
H1	• •	• •	600	75	••	3 0 0
[38, 102	• •	• •	1227 500	200 50	••	8 0 0
99. 325. 328. 4228, 4229	• •		2017	300	• •	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 10 & 0 \\ 12 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
99	••	400		150		7 10 0
44. 386	••		1346	250	•••	12 10 0
216. 242. 380. 177	• •	• •	2080	400	••	20 0 0
24	• •	5001	500	75	••	3 0 0
07, and adjoining lots unnumbered	• •	$506\frac{1}{2}$	1500	150 300	• •	9 0 0
68. 167. 3739	••	::	1477	300	••	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
71	•••	::	800	100	• •	4 0 0
81	••]	1000	200		8 ŏ ŏ
41 a 41 4. 272			1200	200	••	8 0 0
55, and lot adjoining	• • •	••	600	100	• •	4 0 0
16. 421. 308	• •	••	1750 207	250	• •	10 0 0
625	••	••	199			
light unnambered lots	••		387			
0	• •	••	400		•••	800
69	••	. • •	1200	200	• •	8 0 0
12. 415. 402	••	•••	1500 1500	900		10 0 0
09	••	•••	500	300 100	•. •	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
40. 348. 385. 76. 122	••		3020	500	••	25 0 0
20. 161, 252, 253, 113	• •	3530		700	••	35 0 0
03	••	••	1000	200	• •	8 0 0
5	• •		2400	300	• •	12 0 0,
4. 99. 391 26. 302	••	••	2100	350	••	14 0 0
74, 370	••	••	800 1000	150 100	••	6 0 0
20. 408	••		1500	250	••	4 0 0 10 0 0
5. 419	••	1398		400	•	20 0 0
1	• •		540	100	• •	5 0 0
Innumbered lot, Sandspit River	••	5610	80	7000		
Part 117, 118, 119, 115, 43, 60	• •	5610	6128	1000	••	60 0 0
6. 114. 37. 303. 101	••	::	4473	1000	 •	40 0 0 50 0 0
6, 347. 300	•••	::	3248	600		24 0 0
17a. 243, 244. 246, 301. 366. 249a. 217	••		6500	1000		40 0 0
94	• •	••	1000	150	• •	6 0 0
46, and unnumbered lot adjoining 4. 392	••	•••	1500			
64. 321	••	••	1940 1000			
51. 354. 256. 335	••	::	1809	300		12 0 0
30, 431	••	::	1000	100	::	4 0 0
40. 424. 427, 428, 429	• •		2930	400	•••	16 0 0
Junumbered lot adjoining Cruttenden, &c.	••	100		25	••	1 5 0
84. 382. 126, and unnumbered lot	••	••	3430	500	••	20 0 0
4. 574	••		1125 1386	150 270	••	6 0 0
53. 376. 383. 418	••		2500	400	••	13 10 0 16 0 0
71. 3929	••		1392	250	••	10 0 0
23	• •	••	400	100	••	4 0 0
£7	••	.	54 0	100	••	500

NO. OF LOT OR LOTS.		ASS AND		CARRYING	CAPACITY.	ANNUAI	. VALUI	2.
10. 02 DOI 02 DOIS	First.	Se cond.	Third.	Sheep.	Cattle.		.,	<u>.</u>
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		, : 1		s. d.	
8	• • •	75.40	1300	350	• •		0 0	
9	• •	1742	1000	500	••		0 0	
5. 152	. /	••	1000	250	. ••	10 ,	0 0,	
930, 3931. 3934, and unnumbered lot		ł	2075	400		16	0 0	:
adjoining	<u>.</u> ••	•••	2075 1500	1	• • •	,	0 0	
9U. 398	••	••	1 900	250	••`	10	v	٠
01. 352, &c	••	••	1322	200		√. 8	0 0	
36. 96		••	1000	200	• • •	8	0 0	
50. 262 277. 251		••	563	100	••	5	0 0	
271. 201	••	••	1497		••	8	0 0	
ots unnumbered, west of Lot 15	. ••	(* • ₁₁₁	3798	200 600	•	24	0 0	
2A, 82. 15. and unnumbered lot adjoining	1		3500	500	••		0.0	•
1. 105, 360, 342	• • •	•••	3000	300	••	20	0 0	
17. 108. 358, 359			3000	350	••		ŎŎ.	
4			3500	500	••	1 -: -	0 0	
3, 259, 399, 129, 225, 310, 311	••	••	5090	700	••		ŏŏ	
94. 404. 146. 128. 51. 222, 223, 224.	• • •		0,000	'00	••	21	0 0	
343. 330, 331		l	7040	1000		30	0 0	
20. 285]	1050	200	••	8	ŏŏ	
05			2000	300	• •) <u>-</u>	ŏŏ	
45. 155. 154, 263		2300	2000	670	••		0 0	
502. 299			1607	200	••	8	0 0	
		.						_
	2000	17,582	128,193	14,015	100	1064 1	0 0	
Part of the County of Glamorgan		9242	56,483	12,800	100	489 1		
and of the County of City of County Park 1111111							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
Mr. Wedge's Survey District Totals	2000	26,824	184,676	26,815	100	1554	0 0	
		,					- •	

ROBERT CRAWFORD, Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands,

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		,				abitoke. (THE TENED		
No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.		Remarks.
700	Acres.	·			Cattle.	£ s.	T. Clark		Quiet enjoyment block.
176	900	2nd	P.	200	••,	12 0 per annum 0 10 per acre	J. Clark		Rocky tier land in part; two-thirds sound grazing
	,	,							land. She-oak hills well grassed. A small portion on the northern boundary cultivated.
298	500	3rd	P.	75		3 Operannum	J. B. Mather		Poor soil generally. Not worth cultivation. Steep stony hills and coarse bottoms. Covered
						2s. 6d. per acre	•		with tea-tree scrub and coarse sedgy grass. Soil, poor clay, not capable of much improve-
§ 91	1140	3rd	Р.	200		8 0 per annum	Dunbahin		ment. Rocky tier land, chiefly, eastern frontage. Rough
426	1140	o.u	•		••	2s. 6d. per acre	— Dunoasin	.	she-oak hills with coarse sedgy flats here and there. Soil poor. Not capable of much improvement.
422	500	3rd	Α.	••,		••	J. Burdon		Small patches near coast line cultivated by the lessee. This lot and onwards to Lot 426 rugged
							,	. 1	tier land, very rocky, and covered generally
		.							with dense scrub, and heavily timbered. Of no value either for pastoral or agricultural pur-
5 27	1080	3rd	Р.	150		6 Oper annum	John Dunbabin		poses. Steep rugged tier land, on the western boundary,
\ 92						2s. 6d. per acre			rough she-oak hills on the eastern side, coarse herbage throughout. Not capable of much
411	600	3rd	Р.	75		3 0 per annum	R. C. Jenkins		improvement. Rocky tier land, heavily timbered and very
§ 138		3rd	P.	200		2s. 6d. per acre 8 0 per annum		ı	scrubby. Not capable of much improvement. Rocky tier land, chiefly, heavily timbered with
102	550 677	oru	:	200	••	2s. 6d. per acre	- Dunbabin		rough she-oak hills, interspersed coarse herbage throughout.
124	500	3rd	P. & A.	50	••,	2 10 per annum	W. Kingston		Quiet enjoyment block. Lot at the north-west corner, dense scrub. Rich
						Pastòral portion 2s. 6d. per acre			agricultural land, value 20s. per acre. Lot south-west corner, fair agricultural, value 10s. per acre. Lot south-east corner, poor soil, heath and scrub, value 5s. per acre. Remainder about 300 acres, (N.E. Section), hilly and stony, poor soil throughout, covered with ferus and scrub. Coarse herbage. Not capable of much improvement.
$\begin{cases} 309 \\ 325 \\ 4228 \end{cases}$	500 1000	3rd	Р.	300	••	12 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	R. C. Jenkins R. Copping		Stony forest land; steep hills in part, coarse herbage throughout. Not capable of much improvement.
$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 4229 \\ 328 \end{array} \right\}$	517		••				Vacant		
89A	400	2nd	Р.	150		7 10 per annum	R. Hardiman		Quiet enjoyment block. Steep stony hills, but well-grassed throughout.
\$ 344 { 386	1346	3rd	Р.	250		0 5 per acre 12 10 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	— Lester	វាធ	A large proportion rocky tier land. A few good feeding hills interspersed; in parts scrubby. Capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
$\begin{cases} 216 \\ 177 \\ 242 \\ 380 \end{cases}$	500 1580	3rd	Р.	400		20 0 per annum 0 5 per acre	R. Dodge J. Lester		One half of Lot 215 and part of Lot 177, sandy soil, covered with heath and fern. Remainder in part rocky, but throughout fairly grassed, interspersed with she-oak hills. Capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
324	500	3rd	Р.	75		3 0 per annum	Hazell		Very poor sandy soil, covered with ferns and heath. Not capable of much improvement.
277	5063	2nd	Р.	150	••	2s. 6d. per acre 9 0 per annum 0 10 per acre	J. Clark		Hilly, and in parts stony and scrubby, fairly grassed throughout, with good she-oak hills interspersed. The whole capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
${168 \atop 167}$	1000 477	3rd	P.	300		12 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	Vacant ditto		One half rocky tier land, sparsely grassed. The remainder stony with coarse herbage. Capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
407	About 1500	3rd	P. & A.	200	••	8 0 per annum	Vacant		Lot 407 and adjoining land unsurveyed. Part very rocky; large proportion barren sandy land covered with scrub and heath, and in part heavily timhered. From 250 to 300 acres of good bottom land on Lot 407 fit for cultivation. Would be advantageously cut up into sections from 50 to 60 acres each, taking in a portion of the best up-land. 8 or 10 Second Class lots would be had. A large proportion capable of improvement by draining, ringing, and burning off.

No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying icity.	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.		Remarks.
371	Acres. 800	3rd	Р.	Sheep.	Cattle.	£ s. 4 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	Vacant	.,	Rocky tier land, heavily timbered and scrubby. Coarse herbage. Not capable of much im-
181	1000	3rd	Ρ.	200		8 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	— Jenkins		provement. Rocky land, principally. Part (north east) she- oak hills. Coarse herbage. Capable of im-
$\begin{cases} 241A \\ 414 \\ 272 \end{cases}$	800 400	3rd	P.	200-		8 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre			provement in part by ringing and burning off. Rocky tier land; chiefly poor sandy soil on flats. Very scrubby, with coarse herbage throughout.
355 & unnum- bered lot	600	3rd	Ρ.	100	•••	4 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	Vacant		In part rocky and steep hills. Poor soil throughout. Sand and pisé loam. Very scrubby. Prickly wattle and ferns.
adjoining 316 421 308	1750	3rd	Р.	250	••	10 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	James Rollings		Poor sandy soil and pisé loam, sandstone, shale, and gravel. Very scrubby, ferns, and gum
3140 & unnum- bered lot		3rd	Р.	Nil.	••	2s. 6d. per acre	Vacant Ditto	,,	saplings. Not capable of much improvement. Barren sandy soil in part. Throughout poor soil. Very scrubby, and overrun with ferns. Chief value the timber.
adjoining 3625	1994	3rd	Р.	Nil.	••	2s. 6d. per acre	Vacant		In part heavily timbered and stony. Generally poor sandy soil, overrun with scrub and ferns. Chief value the timber.
8 lots unnum- bered	387	3rd	P. & A.	Nil.		5s. per acre	J. Bingham		Occupation Licence Very poor barren soil, sand, and pisé loam. In parts heavily timbered. Scrubby and scant
20	400	-3rd	A. & P.	Nil.	••	8 0 per annum 5s. per acre	J. Radford		herbage throughout. Chief value the timber. Quiet enjoyment block. The greater portion poor sandy soil and pisé loam. Very scrubby, and heavily covered with gum
							.,		saplings. Chief value the timber, and from proximity to Sorell. A few patches on the north-west end cultivated, and huts erected. A good road to Sorell.
369	1200	3rd	P.	200	••	8 0 per annum	Vacant		Rocky tier land principally. In parts very scrubby. Coarse herbage throughout. Capable of slight improvement by ringing and
$\begin{cases} 372 \\ 415 \\ 402 \end{cases}$	500 500 500	3rd	Α.	Nil.		••	E. Williams G. Lampson Vacant		burning off. Tier land heavily timbered. Chief value the timber. A few small patches here and there fit for cultivation, as homesteads for sawyers, &c.
373 368 406	500 500 500	3rd	Р.	300	••	12 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	— Newitt — Hunt — Blyth		employed. Value of such 5s. per acre. Part rocky tier land heavily timbered. Much broken by steep hills throughout, but well-grassed. Capable of improvement by ringing
409	500	3rd	Р.	100	• ••	4 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	W. Hodgson		and burning off. Rocky tier land, heavily timbered and scrubby. Coarse herbage throughout. Not capable of much improvement.
$\begin{cases} 349 \\ 348 \\ 385 \end{cases}$	3020	3rd	Р.	500	••	25 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	W. Hodgson	j	Chiefly rocky tier land. A few she-oak hills and rough marshes. Capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
$\binom{76}{122}$	500	2nd	P.	700		35 0 per annum	W. Hodgson		A large proportion rocky tier land. Good graz-
$\begin{array}{c c} 161 \\ 252 \\ 253 \\ 113 \end{array}$	2480			••	••	0 5 per acre	A. Morrison Vacant	-	ing land with she-oak hills interspersed. Some good bottom land which is capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. A fair bush road to main line.
	1000	01							Lot 120, good second class; value of itself, 10s. per acre.
103	1000	3rd	P.	200	•	8 Oper annum 0 2 6 per acre	A. Morrison	.:	One-third fairly grassed; she-oak hills with parts scrubby. Capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. Remainder rocky tier land heavily timbered, of little value but for the
35	2400	3rd	Р.	300		12 O per annum	A. Morrison	• •	timber. Good road from Richmond to Pros- ser's through the block. Rocky tier land principally. One-third (north
						0 2 6 per acre			eastern frontage) capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. Course herbage, back line of little value. Good bush road to the Richmond line.
74 99 391	500 - 1600	3rd	P.	350		14 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	— Grieson — Stonehouse	٨.	the Richmond line. The back line rocky tier land, hilly throughout, and parts scrubby. Fairly grassed generally. Capable of improvement by ringing and burn-

	•				L EN	110.	noke. (MIT. WEDGES	
No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	an	Annual d Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
§ 326 } 302	Acres. 800	3rd	P.	Sheep. 150	Cattle.	£	s. 0 per annum	— Doctor	Steep hills and very stony. Scrub and cutting grass, with coarse herbage throughout. Not capable of much improvement.
274 370	500 500.	3rd	P	100,		4 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant — Hyett	Steep hills and very stony, coarse herbage throughout. Bottoms scrubby and much cutting grass. Not capable of much improvement.
420 408	1000 500	3rd	P.	250		10 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	J. H. Hodgson Vacant	Tier land interspersed with scrubby flats, stunted tea tree, and heath. Coarse herbage, not
{ 75 { 419	1398	2nd	Р.	400		20 0	0 per annum 5 per acre	J. H. Hodgson	capable of much improvement. In part rocky steep hills but fairly grassed throughout. Considerable area on the eastern face good she-oak hills, capable of improvement
. 11	540	3rd	P.	100	••	5	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	W. Hodgson	by ringing and burning off. Steep rugged hill and very stony, but fairly grassed on the eastern side. Surrounded by purchased land. Not capable of much im- provement.
•••	80	2nd	Α.		••	0	5 per acre	Vacant	Unnumbered lot on the Sandspit River. About 30 acres stony hill, remainder a wet teatree marsh. Good soil.
38 39 40 61 62 59	5610	2nd	P.	1000	••	60 0	0 per annum 5 per acre	A. Morrison	Steep stony ranges interspersed with fairly grassed she-oak hills; in parts scrubby, and a tew coarse bottoms. Capable of much improvement by ringing and burning off. Good road to Buckland runs through these lots.
$ \begin{cases} $	1538	3rd	Р.	1000	[Vacant	Part of Lot 117. 119. 43. 115. 118. 60. 116. Principally tier land interspersed with fair feeding hills. Part poor sandy soil, covered with ferns
115 118 60	3640					40 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	W. Hodgson	and scrub. Not capable of much improvement.
[116	950				[— Cruttenden	
$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 114 \\ 37 \\ 303 \end{array} \right\} $	2473	3rd	P.	1000		50 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	W. Hodgson	Stony generally, interspersed, on table land, with coarse marshes and fairly grassed feeding hills. Capable of improvement, in parts, by ringing
101 397	2000 2000	3rd	P.	200	::	8	o per annum o per acre		and burning off. Lot 397 and unnumbered lot, 1000 acres. Rocky tier land, sparsely grassed and heavily timbered.
${36 } {347 } {300}$	1000	3rd	P	600	{	24 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Considerable proportion steep stony hills sparsely grassed. Large area poor swampy land, coarse sedgy grass. Not capable of much improve-
(217 _A	500	3rd	P.	1000				T. Iles	ment. Rocky tier land principally. A few small patches
243 244 246		,				40	0 per annum		interspersed suitable for cultivation. Coarse herbage throughout.
301 366 249 _A	6000	••	••	. ••		0	2 6 per acre		
· [217] · 294	1000	3rd	P.	150		6	0 per annum		Rocky tier land. Coarse herbage.
. 346	About 1500	3rd	Α.	Nil.	••		2 6 per acre nall patches, is. per acre	Vacant	Lot 346 and unnumbered lots adjoining. Rocky tier land, heavily timbered. A few small patches to be had for cultivation, for homesteads
§ 54 § 392	1940	3rd	Р.	Nil.			••	Vacant	by sawyers and splitters. Rocky tier land, heavily timbered. Of no present value
§ 364 321	500 500	3rd	P.	Nil.			••	S. Badman Vacant	Rocky tier land, of little value but for the timber.
(256)	809	3rd	P.	300		12 0	0 per annum	Vacant	Back line rocky. Hills poorly grassed. On coast line poor sandy soil generally. Scrubby, with
335 }	500		••	••		١	2 6 per acre	- Stapleton	coarse herbage. Good road.
€351 § 43 0	500 1000	3rd	P.	100	••	4	o per annum	— Turvey Claridge & O'Niel	Rocky tier land, sparsely grassed and heavily
$ \begin{cases} 431 \\ 140 \\ 424 \\ 427 \\ 428 \end{cases} $	2930	3rd	Р.	400	••	0 16 0	2 6 per acre	F. L. Bomford	timbered. Principally rocky tier land, interspersed with a few coarse marshes and bottoms. Coarse herbage throughout. Not capable of much improvement. Rough bush road.
429	100	2nd	P	25		1	5 per annum 5 per acre	Vacant	Unnumbered lot, surrounded by Cruttenden, Gatehouse, and Smith. She-oak hills. Stony. Fairly grassed.

No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.	Cari Capi	ying acity.	an	Annual d Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
\begin{cases} 384 \\ 382 \\ 126 \end{cases}	Acres. 3430	3rd	Р.	Sheep. 500			0 per annum	T. Cruttenden	384. 382. 126, and unnumbered lots adjoining, 860 acres. The greater portion barren rocky tier land, part
'9 <u>4</u> -574	585 540	3rd	P	150 	••	6	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	T. Cruttenden Quiet enjoyment block	she-oak hills, steep, and sparsely grassed, interspersed with coarse sedgy bottom. Not capable of much improvement. In part very rocky. Poor sandy soil throughout. Sandstone, shale, and gravel, covered with ferns and scrub; the whole block very sparsely
353 376 383	1000 1500	3rd	P	400		16 0	0 per annum 2 6 per ace	W. Searle Vacant	grassed. Not worth improving. Back line rocky tier land, much broken up throughout and very stony, in parts heavily timbered. Coarse herbage. Not capable of
418 95 4497	1386	3rd	Р.	270			10 per annum 5 per acre	Vacant	much improvement. A portion good marsh land (S.W. end adjoining Buchanan's lot). Generally very scrubby, with poor sandy soil. Fair bush road.
123	400	3rd	Р.	100		4 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	John Gatehouse Quietenjoyment block	Poor sandy soil generally, covered with ferns and
171 -3929	700 692	3rd	P. 	250		10 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	F. Stapleton Vacant	Chiefly rocky uplands heavily timbered, poor soil throughout. Scrubby in part. Coarse herbage. Capable of some improvement by
47	540	3rd	P.	100			0 per annum 5 per acre	T. D. Lord	ringing and burning off. Part of the Town of Triabunna, hilly and stony throughout. Poor sandy soil generally, very scrubby in part, and large proportion covered with wattle scrub and fern. Very little fit for cultivation, and only in small patches here and
48	1300	3rd	Р.	350	•••		0 per annum 5 per acre	F. Aubin Quiet enjoyment block	spersed, and a few patches here and there capable of cultivation. Proximity to the Town of Triabunna slightly enhances its nominal
49	1742	2nd	Р.	500			0 per annum 10 per acre	W. T. Noyes Quiet enjoyment lot	value. Much broken up by steep stony hills, scrubby bottom land. On the whole fairly grassed, and the block capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. A fair bush road to Tria-
§ 45 ₹ 152	1000	3rd	P.	250	••		0 per annum 5 per acre	G. A. Mace Quietenjoyment block	bunna. Hilly and very stony throughout; rough scrubby bottom. Scant coarse herbage. Not capable of much improvement. A good bush road to Triabunna.
$\begin{cases} 3930 \\ 3931 \\ 3934 \end{cases}$	2075	3rd	Р.	400		16 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	3930, 3931, 3934, and unnumbered lots adjoining. Rocky tier land chiefly, and heavily timbered. Not capable of much improvement; coarse
\$ 290 \$ 398	1500	3rd	Р.	250			0 per annum 2 6 per acre	W. Finch	herbage throughout. Tier land, rocky and much broken up. Greater part heavily timbered; poor soil throughout. Not capable of much improvement.
4.401 352	900	••	••	Nil.	••		••	Vacant	401.352, and country to the west, north, and south. Rugged tier land, generally very heavily timbered; of no pastoral value.
336 96 96	1322	3rd	Р.	200	••		0 per annum 2 6 per acre	T. Cruttenden	Rocky tier land in part, with steep sandstone ranges; poor sandy soil generally, covered with fern and prickly wattle scrub. A coarse marsh here and there. Not capable of much
\$ 250 } 262	1000	3rd	P. & A.	200			0 per annum 2 6 per acre	J. Palmer T. Burbury	improvement. Sinall lots of agricultural, 10s. per acre. Part sandstone range, and very scrubby; portion fair feeding hills, but stony. Capable of slight improvement by ringing and burning off. Two small lots, 2274 and 2275, second class
	67 3 39	2nd	A.	••		0	10 per acre	Vacant	agricultural. Unnumbered lot adjoining Lot 251. A fair agricultural lot, about two-thirds rich bottom soil; upland good and not heavily
\$ 2277 \$ 251	63 2 3 500	3rd ••	P.,	100		4 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	T. Burbury	timbered. Sandstone ranges; poor sandy soil; sandstone shale, and gravel covered with scrub, ferns, &c., and badly grassed. Small lot not fit for cultivation.

			 		· ·		T	
No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
_	Acres. 2044 545 748	3rd	P	Sheep. 200	Cattle.	$egin{array}{cccc} \pounds & s. & & & \\ 8 & 0 & \mathrm{per\ annum} \\ 0 & 2 & 6 & \mathrm{per\ acre} \end{array}$	Vacant	Lots unnumbered west of Lot15. Small area of marsh land in Lot 545 acres; remainder very poor barren hills, much broken up; sandstone shale and gravel. Not capable
82A 15; 82;	700 3098 <u>}</u>	3rd 	P	600		24 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	S. Page Vacant	of much improvement. 82A, 15, 82, and unnumbered lot 4981 acres. A large proportion very stony with broken sandstone ranges. A small area of feeding hills and marsh land interspersed; and a portion of Lot 82 capable of cultivation. A fair bush road runs through the lots.
$\begin{cases} 81\\105\\360\\342 \end{cases}$	3500	3rd	P.	500		20 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Rugged stony country generally, with a good feeding hill and coarse marsh here and there; principally poor sandy soil. Hut and yard on Lot 81, junction of the rivers, and about 10 acres in cultivation.
{ 374 { 117	3000	3rd	Р.	300		9 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Part rocky tier land; very poor sandy soil in the flats; heath and scrub with coarse wet marshes covered with sedgy grass.
$\binom{417}{108}$	1000	3rd	Р.	350		10 10 per annum	J. Palmer	Tier land chiefly: in most parts heavily tim- bered, interspersed with heathy flats and
358 7	2000		••			0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	coarse wet bottoms; herbage very coarse throughout. No portion of the land capable of much improvement.
$\begin{cases} 231 \\ 221 \end{cases}$	1000	3rd			:	••	Vacant	Rocky tier land, not worth occupation.
84	3500	3rd	P.	500		20 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	J. Ibbott	Rocky tier land principally; heavily timbered; coarse herbage. Not capable of much improvement.
\[\ 83 \\ 259 \	1600	3rd	P.	700		21 0 per annum	J. Ibbott	Steep ranges and rocky; very scrubby in parts, and heavily timbered. Sandy soil generally,
399 } 129 }	1640	••	· ••			0 2 6 per acre	Cort &Beard	covered with ferns and coarse herbage. No portion capable of improvement.
$\begin{bmatrix} 225\\310 \end{bmatrix}$	1850	• •	•••			••	Vacant	
311) (494 404 146 128 51 222 223 224 343	7040	3rd	P.	1000		30 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	The greater proportion rugged tier land and steep sandy ranges covered with ferns, scrub, &c. coarse herbage. Not capable of much improvement.
330					}			
[& 200	acre	lot						
{ 320 { 285	1050	3rd	P.	200	••	8 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre		Rugged tier land; scrubby; poor sandy soil, covered with ferns, &c. in part; coarse herbage throughout. Not capable of much improvement.
305	2000	3rd		300.		12 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Rocky tier land, much broken up by steep gullies. Heavily timbered; coarse herbage. Not capable of much improvement.
145 / 155 (1000	2nd	P.	670		33 10 per annum	J. Radford	Sale in one lot 5s. per acre. Lot 154, 10s. per acre.
154 } 263 }	1300		. ••	·	••	• 6	Vacant	Steep rocky hills, but fairly grassed and interspersed with sound grazing she-oak hills, capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. A few good bottoms, and a homestead with from 100 to 150 acres of good land for cultivation, could be formed on Lot 154.
{ 4502 299	1607	3rd	Р.	200		8 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Very poor and barren soil throughout: sandstone shale and gravel, covered with heath and cutting grass. Not capable of much improve-
3 56	3000 (260 (420	2nd	P	1000	50 ••	6210 per an num 0 5 per acre	J. Clark Vacant	ment. Forestier's Peninsula. With these lots should be combined part of Lot 361. 416. 379. and 362. Carrying capacity— 500 sheep, 50 cattle; annual value £37 10s. Total area, about 8000 acres.

·				1		·		
No. oj Lot.	f Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.	$oldsymbol{Remarks}.$
(361		2nd	Р.	Sheep.	Cattle.	37 10 per annum	:	These lots comprise the best portion of the Peninsula. A large proportion of Lot 356 sound grazing land, chiefly she-oak hills, with
\ \begin{align*} 416 \ 379 \ 362 \end{align*}	1					0 5 per acre	·	good bottom land capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. Commissariat Reserve.—About one-half (210 acres) good feeding land with some portions fit for cultivation, and having the most suitable site for a homestead; the remainder hilly and stony, running into tier lands. Township Reserve.—Chiefly sandy soil, bearing coarse herbage and heath, with button grass and tra tree bottoms interspersed: the latter
•••	96	2nd	Р.			0 5 per acre	Vacant	capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. No probability of a town ever being formed, the surrounding country for miles being incapable of maintaining a population; and otherwise the situation has no advantages as a shipping-place. The most judicious apportionment of the area would be to add the other lots noted and make up a property which could be profitably occupied. Unnumbered lot, J. Clark appplicant. Stony she-oak hill; poor soil, and of no special
	A h and	Ond	D	1500	100	100 0 000 0000	2000 cause I Clauk	value. From Blackman's Bay to Flinder's Bay.
	About 8000	zna	P.	1500		0 5 per acre	3000 acres, J. Clark	The entire area of crown land comprised within the Peninsula may be estimated at 36,000 acres. A line drawn from the extreme south-east point of Blackman's Bay to the north-east point of Flinders' Bay-would place on its western side about 8000 acres as available for pastoral purposes. And this area may be classed as follows:—2000 acres medium first class pastoral, and 1000 acres as second class, 3000 acres third class, and 2000 acres (interspersed, but chiefly along the western side of the line,) of waste land. The remaining 28,000 acres (on the eastern side) is of no pastoral value whatever. A succession of rocky tiers and mountain interlaced by narrow strips of bottom land, poor sandy soil and shingle, covered with scrub and prickly wattle and ferns. Good timber thinly scattered throughout, except in a few exceptional spots of rich bottom land which have been selected; and of the whole area it cannot be classed other than waste land. From the position of the above 8000 acres and configuration of the country around, it is improbable that competition would arise for the occupation by purchase of any considerable proportion if offered in small lots, but as one block it would form a
	24,000	2nd	P. & A.	2500 Dry Sheep 500 Breed- ings Ewes.	50	£ s. d. 200 0 0 20 0 0 40 0 0 260 0 0 0 5 per acre for the whole.	— Dunbabin	fair property within itself, and most likely to realise full value. Maria Island. The best portions of land on this island is almost entirely restricted to the western coast line,—from Darlington at the north-west point, to Long Point on the south west. Darlington Station contains 1000 acres good second class pastoral land (including say 50 acres of medium quality soil for cultivation.) Long Point Station (7 miles distant) about the same proportion. The intervening country is much broken up and of inferior quality. She-oak hills with fair grazing capabilities are limited, and do not run far from the coast line. Chiefly stony ranges, in parts heavily timbered, with scant herbage; the open bottoms (some of

PEMBROKE. (Mr. Wedge's District.)

No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.	Carr Cape	ying icity.	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.	$\it Remarks.$
	Acres			Sheep.	Cattle.	£ s.		considerable extent) poor sandy soil covered with heath and sedgy grass; little scope for improvement at any point, except a small marsh of fuir soil near Long Point. The southern portion (7000 acres) beyond the Neck rugged tier land principally, not capable of much improvement. At Darlington there are six enclosed paddocks which have been cultivated. With the exception of the hop-ground and garden, the soil is not first class and very irregular, sand, stiff clay, pisé loam, and thin calcareous limestone soil; many parts very
								stony. A considerable proportion exposed to the N.W. gales, which renders a crop very precarious. Long Point has one good field of 35 acres, and 3 small ones of 10 acres, in all 45 acres of fair soil. A much larger area has apparently been cultivated at both Stations, but could not, from the rocky stony character of the land, have been so but by manual labour with the hoe. May have been necessary to employ prison labour, but not profitable with any: no plough could enter. As at present laid out, besides the above paddocks, the property is so fenced as to make seven distinct
		·						sheep-runs. Generally, the fences are in good order: chief defects in the post and rail around the homesteads. The various buildings on these Stations are rapidly becoming ruins, the only habitable premises being the dwelling-house at each, and these much out of repair. Several of the buildings have been gutted of their fittings. From Darlington, along the eastern coast line to the Neck, the country is almost entirely barren, and for a considerable distance inland. Rocky tiers heavily timbered, dense scrub, limestone rock, conglomerate granite and quartz ranges, sandstone cliffs, &c.
·								no part fit for settlement. The whole area (24,000 acres) may be thus estimated:—8000 available for occupation for pastoral purposes, the remaining 16,000 acres waste land. Of the 8000 acres, 1000 acres medium first class pastoral (including the land fit for cultivation), 2000 acres second class pastoral, and 5000 acres third class. I am of opinion the property would sell or let to greater advantage if divided into two lots; each could be made of about the same area, and the capabilities and advantages of each would be, as near as possible, the same. The valuation I have given is in accord with the
								present state of the produce markets and means of communication. The profits would be very materially increased if the occupier had a flock of pure Saxon Merino sheep, the Island being free from the scab disease. They would be of great value for export, and there always will be a very large demand from the adjoining Colonies. And so, also, if steam communication was regular along the coast the value of the property would be much enhanced.

ROBERT CRAWFORD, Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands.

PART OF THE COUNTY OF DORSET.

Mr. BROWN's District.

SUMMARY of Pastoral Crown Lands.—Part of the Counties of CORNWALL and DORSET, as classed and valued, April, 1870. (Mr. Brown's Survey District.)

NO OF LOW OR LOW	CL	ASS AND	AREA.	CARRYING	CAPACITY.	ANNUA	. T/ A	
NO. OF LOT OR LOTS.	First.	Second.	Third.	Sheep.	Cattle.	ANNOX	D 47	LUE.
171. 152, 152a. 170. 196. 195 57, 58. 78. 405 167 168. 67. 273a. 30. 191a. 308 35. 109. 129. 421. 419 191. 31, &c. 420, Town of Beechford 287a 24 Town of Weymouth, 79, &c. 130. 372 407 99. 102 Town of St. Albans, Public Reserve, and 762, 763. 100 113. 226 249. 137. 14 274 12 258. 610, 611, 612, 613 305. 128, 158, 412, 608 411 105, 106. 416. 207. 62, including Town of Melcombe 10. 29. 413, 414, 415. 65, and Town of Fraser 2, 451	Acres	Acres	Acres. 1190 1500 3358 500 500 1650 1950 3000 2000 2000 1000 2500 1000 2500 3441 500 2000 3000 1000	200 200 700 100 100 300 500 500 200 100 300 200 400 1000 1500 400 500 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1		£ 10 8 28 4 5 12 20 15 6 5 12 8 16 40 60 12 20 5 4 5 5 12 24 4 50 60 18		d. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
20	••		450		••	. 2	_	Ö
TOTALS	••	8900	53,039	12,100	100	£489	0	0

ROBERT CRAWFORD, Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands.

Part of DORSET. (Mr. Brown's District.)

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No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.	Carr	nated ying icity.	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Acres. 500	3rd	Р.	Sheep.	Cattle.	£ s.	Vacant	Town of Upway. The greater portion very much broken by steep rocky hills. From its position on the Main
								Road from Launceston to the Piper's River and George Town, such lots as can be laid out for sale on the road-side would be of considerable value at the present time.
	••	2nd	A.	••	••	1 0 0 per acre by selection	Vacant	Town of Dorchester. Nearly the whole of the river frontage and best portion of the block has been taken up by two parties. The remainder has a few small areas of good soil for cultivation, but in the gross hilly and stony, and heavily timbered. I advise that the remaining area should be thrown
171 } 152 } 152A	880 310	3rd	P.	200		10 0 per annum 0 5 per acre	C. S. Bacon W. P. Coulson	open to selection under the ordinary regulations. Chiefly rocky forest land, heavily timbered, and in parts very scrubby. A small area of good grazing scattered throughout.
170 196 195	1500	3rd	Р.	200	••	8 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	The Main Road from Launceston to Piper's River and George Town runs through Lot 152. Inferior country throughout. Low land, poor, sandy soil, coarse herbage, with belts of teatree and scrub. Upland stony and ferny; timbered and scrubby.
57 58 5	1658		P.	700		28 0 per annum 0 5 per acre	J. Mackersey	Four lots, 3358 acres. A considerable proportion rocky upland, heavily timbered, interlaced with
78 405	1000 700			::	::	::	C. S. Bacon Vacant	good grazing hills and bottom land of limited area. Portions capable of improvement by draining, ringing, and burning off. A good position for shepherd's station to be had on Lot 78.
167	500	3r d	Р.	100	••	4 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Low open country. Coarse herbage on the flats. Upland very stony. In part good soil, and capable of improvement by draining, ringing,
168	500	3rd	Р.	100	••	5 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	F. Neilley	and burning off. A large proportion of rocky upland but fairly grassed. Coarse bottoms along the creek. Capable of improvement by ringing and burning off.
{ 273A { 67	1650	3rd	P.	300		12 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre		Chiefly hilly forest land, heavily timbered and scrubby. Low land coarse flats, poor sandy soil up to the hills, amongst which patches of
${30 \atop 191 \text{A} \atop 308}$	1950	3rd	Р.	500	•••	20 0 per annum 0 5 per acre	Vacant	good soil are found. Rugged country chiefly. A fair proportion of good feeding land on she-oak hills. Bottom lands heathy and scrubby, running into forest
$\begin{cases} 33 \\ 109 \\ 129 \\ 421 \\ 419 \end{cases}$	3000	3rd	Р.	500	••	15 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	W. Lawton	with patches of better soil. Sandy heathy country principally, with coarse marshes and flats interspersed. Upland forest and scrubby, backed up by quartz hills with slate shingle veins occasionally.
§ 191 § 31	1000	3rd	Р.	300	••	9 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	W. Lawton	Two lots, 1000 acres, with about 1000 acres of similar country unsurveyed, east of Lot 31, 2000 acres in all. Low-lying, sandy, heathy land, with belts of forest and scrub. Coarse
420	1000	3rd	P	500	••	15 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant J. Lathey	herbage throughout. Town of Beechford. Heathy ferny land, with belts of forest and teatree scrub interspersed through coarse flats and marshes. Quartz hills, slate, and sandstone
287A	1000	3rd	Р.	200	.•	6 0 per annum 0 5 per acre	R. Jones	shale veins at intervals. Chiefly heathy ferny land. Upland timbered, and scrubby; coarse herbage throughout. East and south of this block, on the Currie Rivulet, a considerable area of Second Class Agricultural land, lightly timbered, and generally level, sand and clay loam. A good soil for wheat or grasses.

Part of DORSET. (Mr. Brown's District.)

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No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	_	Annual Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
24	Acres.	3rd	P.	Sheep.	Cattle.	5 0	per annum 6 per acre	Vacant	Small area next river rich bottom land but subject to floods. Part cultivated. Upland poor
·			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		, ,			i.	gravelly quartz and sandy soil; fern and heath. Timber on rocky quartz ranges, interspersed with coarse bottom land. This lot and the
,			e La Maria	er 3					country throughout to and along the coast-line to the Black Rock and 14-mile Bluff, thence south to the 14 mile Creek, on the George Town Road is of the same character. Continuous
						•			ranges of quartz, slate, and sandstone, and becoming more mountainous as they trend inland. Exceedingly scrubby in most parts
								:	especially on the higher ranges. Near the coast-line the flats or marshes are of consi- derable area, (as at the Back Creek diggings) decreasing to narrow gullies (as at the Springs
79	Part	3rd	P.	300		10 0	per annum	Henry Hills	and Den Gold Fields), and the whole of no value as a pastoral country. Town of Weymouth.
{	of 1000 About 1500		••	••		0 2	6 per acre	Vacant	About 2000 acres of this reserve on the western side of the Piper's River. Much too large an area for the requirements of the district, and never likely to be so occupied to any extent
. :	acres					,			Greater portion much broken up, quartz ranges and hilly. Scrubby throughout. On the eastern side of the river, part low marsh land
•				ļ, ,					and abrupt sandhills. Inland rocky and scrubby In the event of the Back Creek Gold Fields progressing in population, and working towards this point (the entire area having equal auri-
						· 			ferous indications), it would become of some importance, as doubtless the chief requirements of the population would be landed here to avoid the expensive land route. Boats can land goods
							÷ '		within four miles of the present diggings, and a road could be taken upon an easy gradient throughout.
{ 130 372	1000	3rd	Р.	200			per annum 6 per acre	L. W. Counsel	Two lots, 1000 acres, to which could be added a considerable area of similar country adjoining Towards the coast-line open heathy land, and coarse herbage running inland to scrubby fores
·									land heavily timbered, with patches of good grazing here and there, and small areas of good soil in the bottoms.
407	1000	3rd	Р.	400	••		per annum 6 per acre	T. Hardwicke	One lot, 1000 acres, and of similar country surrounding 1000 acres, 2000 acres in all. A considerable extent of open country, marsh and
						•			lagoons, capable of improvement by draining. Fair soil for grasses in the marshes. Upland poor sandy soil, and in parts very scrubby.
99 102	500 4500	3rd	P.	1000	•		per annum 6 per acre	C. Headlam Vacant	Two lots, 5000 acres. A large proportion of oper country. Belts of tea-tree scrub and quartz ranges. Very scrubby and heavily timbered
:					1 (V				Coarse herbage throughout. Some of the marsh land capable of improvement by drainage, &c.
${762 \atop 763 \atop 100}$	5000	3rd	Р.	1500	••		per annum 6 per acre	C. Headlam	Town of St. Albans and Public Reserve. Five lots, 6000 acres. Chiefly open undulating country; extensive plains and marshes. Not
(–	1000	••	••	••	,			Vacant	capable of much improvement. Lagoons inter- spersed. Coarse herbage throughout. Nume- rous veins of quartz running into quartz ranges with belts of scrub and tea-tree on the upland.
							··•·	e e energe e k	This and the adjoining country south has strong auriferous indications, and well deserves the attention of gold prospectors. The Town of St. Albans and Public Reserve are
				i.		:	į	į	not likely to be of any special value unless a mining population should settle in the locality. No other inducement to settlement for many

Part of DORSET. (Mr. Brown's District.)

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No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		ying acity.	aı	Annual nd Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
{ 113 { 226	Acres. 1000	3rd	Р.	Sheep. 400	Cattle.	£ 12 0	s. 0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Two lots, 1000 acres, with 1500 acres of similar land between the lots. 2500 acres in all. Chiefly forest land; in parts heavily timbered and scrubby, with quartz veins at short intervals. A proportion of good grazing land interspersed, and capable of improvement by ringing and
c 949 x	1000	01	D	500		20			barking the wattle. A considerable area is laid down (on the map) in this locality as an agricultural area, but a very small portion indeed could be selected for such a purpose. A few small lots on the banks of the river and at the branches might be selected, should the vicinity be settled upon by a mining population, auriferous indications being good.
${249 \brace 137}$	1000	3rd	Р.	500	•••	20 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Three lots, 3441 acres. Chiefly open undulating country. Generally poor sandy soil, covered
(14	2441		••		••			A. W. Brewer	with heath and fern, interspersed with rough marshes and swamps. Upland scrubby forest, and in parts heavily timbered. Coarse herbage throughout. Notcapable of much improvement.
274	500	2nd	A. & P.	100	••	5 0	0 per annum 5 per acre	Vacant.	A portion of this lot suitable for cultivation. Teatree scrub on the banks of the brook, with good soil. Back portion of the lot very stony, forest land, good soil.
16	640	••	A.	••	••	1	0 per acre	Vacant.	A considerable proportion of this block suitable for settlement as agricultural lots, and a much better position for a village reserve than that laid out on the opposite side of the river. I recommend that it should be so laid out. The main road to the Piper's River Gold Fields passes through the lot. The north-west angle of the lot scrubby and heavily-timbered land.
12	500	3rd	Р.	100			0 per annum	Vacant	Forest land, hilly, with hop scrub; poor soil;
1864	100	2nd	A.				2 6 per acre 10 per acre	Vacant	coarse her bage in bottom land adjoining the river. A small area of good land in the bend of the river.
258	500	3rd	P.	100	••	5 0	0 per annum 5 per acre	G. Priest	A reserved road to Piper's River runs through lot. Forest land, in part heavily timbered. A small portion of bottom land. Fair herbage. A large area of similar land adjoining.
$\begin{cases} 610 \\ 611 \\ 612 \\ 613 \end{cases}$	2000	3rd	Р.	300		12 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	W. P. Coulson	Four lots, 2000 acres. Inferior country, much broken up; rocky and poor soil throughout. In parts very scrubby, and heavily timbered. George Town Road from Launceston runs through Lot 611.
(305)	1000	3rd	Р.	600				W. P. Coulson	Five lots, 3000 acres. A considerable proportion
128 158 412 608	2000	••				0	2 6 per acre	Vacant .	hilly and stony throughout. Coarse herbage.
411	1000	3rd	Р.	100		4 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	E. Sothern	Rocky tier land chiefly, heavily timbered.
63 64	2000	2nd	Р.	500	••	25 0	o per annum o per acre	H. F. Neilley	A small proportion of tier country; generally hilly and stony, but well grassed throughout. A sound grazing block; warm she-oak hills.
${105 \atop 106 \atop 416}$	3000	2nd	Р.	1000		60 0	0 per annum 5 per acre	W. W. Faucett	105, 106, 416, 207, 62, including Town of Melcombe Regis. Four lots, 4000 acres. A large proportion of
207) 62	1000	••	••	••	••		••	ditto	rocky tier land, heavily timbered, and in part scrubby. Good sound grazing land throughout, although hilly and stony. A fair proportion of feeding land, she-oak hills, and bottoms. A small proportion of the Town Reserve fit for cultivation, along the frontega of the energy
$ \begin{cases} 10 \\ 29 \\ 413 \\ 414 \\ 415 \end{cases} $	3900	2nd	Р.	1200	••	60 0	0 per annum 5 per acre	C. C. Swan	cultivation, along the frontage of the creek. 10. 29. 413, 414, 415. 65, Town of Fraser. Six lots, 4400 acres. Sound grazing land. Generally very rocky, with patches of bottom land and she-oak hills interspersed. Shepherd's station on Lot 10, and also on the Town Reserve.
65 62 451	500 500 500	3rd	ř. 	600	or 100	18 0	o per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant John Aams J. J. Peck	Two lots, 1000 acres, to which could be added, of similar country adjoining, 3000 acres—4000 in all. Chiefly rocky forest land, interspersed by considerable marshes and bottoms of coarse herbage. Marshes capable of improvement by draining, and small patches of the bottom lands
20	450	3rd	Р.		••	2 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	W. Carr	could be cultivated. Forest land, very stony and rocky throughout. Chief value the timber. A small lot of inferior bottom land, at the north-west boundary line.

Parts of the Counties of-

DORSET,
CORNWALL,

MR. HURST'S DISTRICT.

SUMMARY of Pastoral Crown Lands. Part of the County of DORSET. Mr. Hurst's Survey District, as classed and valued March, 1870.

	CL	ASS AND A	REA.	CARRYING	CAPACITY.		
NO. OF LOT OR LOTS.	First.	Second.	Third.	Sheep.	Cattle.	ANNUAL VAL	UE.
216. 53. 400. 402, and Town of St. Maur 40, 41. 206 6. 19. 108. 243. 268		3390 — 2000	1950 3000	800 300 — 500	<u>-</u>	£ s. d. 32 0 0 9 0 0))
71 70. 83. 114. 825. 831, and Town of	_	_	1000	200		6 0 0	
Swanage 820, 827 828. 829, 830 832. Town of Corfe Castle 397, &c. 118, 119, 765 436, 115, 214 435, 447, 246, 245, 88, 117 409, 408, 410 393, Town of Ringarooma 114, 425, 434 142A, 142, 272			5000 1280 640 1280 1500 800 4000 4640 5000 10,000 3000 1100 12,000 11,800	1000 300 100 200 300 200 1000 1000 2000 500 2000 2000 1500	50 	40 0 0 9 0 0 3 0 0 6 0 0 9 0 0 6 0 0 30 0 0 30 0 0 70 0 0 15 0 0 80 0 0 60 0 0)))))))
141. 146. 96, 97 191. 165. 75, 76 138, 138A. 228. 95 370, 371. 448. 248. 367. 198. 293. 213 358 440. 355. 364. 441. 277. 48, and Town of Poole, and Public Reserve	10		9330 8950 8000 8000 5000	1500 1000 1000 1000 1000	50 100 50	45 0 0 40 0 0 30 0 0 50 0 0 40 0 0))))
394, 395. 150 401. 426. 454. 393			6000 6000	1000	50 50	40 0 0	
Total Dorset		5390	134,270	22,600	7 00	826 0 0)
Part of Cornvall— 5 3415. 4266, 4267, and adjoining lot 177. 9. 455. 294. 286 126, 126A. 287 404, 405			1000 2220 <u>1</u> 240 1150 1000 1500 1000	200 500 55 200 150 200	50 50	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$)
Total Cornwall	_	5390	8110½ 134,270	1305 22,600	100 700	73 4 0 826 0 0	
TOTAL		5390	142,380	23,905	800	£899 4 0	-)

ROBERT CRAWFORD, Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands.

DORSET AND CORNWALL. (Mr. Hurst's District.)

No of						1	<u> </u>		
No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	ar	Annual ad Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
	Acres.			Sheep.	Cattle.	£	<i>s</i> .		
(216)	2390	2nd	Р.	800		32	0 per annum	C. C. Swan	The Town of St. Maur, from the configuration
53 400 402	1000	••	••,			0	5 per acre	J. Cornish	and character of the surrounding country, is not likely to be settled upon to any extent. Rocky forest land with she-oak hills interspersed, in part capable of improvement by ringing and burning off. Shepherd's station on the Town of St. Maur.
$\begin{cases} 40 \\ 41 \\ 206 \end{cases}$	1950	3r d	Р.	300		9	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	C. C. Swan	Chiefly rocky tier-land, coarse herbage. A valuable belt of timber runs throughout.
$ \begin{cases} 429 \\ 453 \\ 431 \\ 268 \\ 6 \end{cases} $	3000	3rd	• •	·				Vacant .	Rugged tier-land throughout of little value but for the timber.
19 217 218	500 500	2nd	Р.	500			0 per annum 10 per acre	Vacant C. Headlam	Two lots, 1000 acres, to which add 1000 acres of similar country unsurveyed, from the south boundary line of the Town of Bridport and Brid River easterly.
				·					Sound grazing land, capable of improvement by ringing and burning off, and portions fit for
	· · · .						•		cultivation. From these lots south, towards Myrtle Bank and Mount Arthur (and between Scottsdale, Springfield, and Piper's River agricultural settle-
••	••	,	••	••	••		••	··	ments), a fine stretch of auriferous country. Town of Bridport. The surrounding country, for many miles, is comparatively barren, and almost wholly devoted
									to pastoral pursuits; but as the port of ship- ment for the products of the rich agricultural lands of the Scottsdale and Ringarooma districts, with the probability of a mining population settling upon the auriferous country in the im- mediate vicinity, the town will, when these sources of wealth are developed, become of
•				,			••		importance. At present a very small portion is taken up, the local shipping requirements being very limited, and there is little inducement for settlement
 . :						,			otherwise. The south-eastern portion (along the Brid River) has limited areas for cultivation, and a considerable proportion of fair grazing land (Sheoak hills), and from configuration of the country
			_		}				most suitable for settlement. The north- western section chiefly open heathy land, broken up on coast-line by barren sand-hills.
71	1000	3rd	P.	200	:	0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	J. Stephenson	One lot, 1000 acres, but a large area of similar country could be added. Chiefly open heathy country, interspersed with coarse marsh land
•									and swamps. Poor sandy soil generally. Upland scrubby; forest land with belts of tea-tree scrub along creeks and streamlets. Not capa-
$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 70 \\ 83 \\ 114 \\ 825 \end{array} \right. $	4920	3rd	P.	.1000	50	40	0 per annum	Vacant	ble of much improvement. Town of Swanage. Six lots, 4920 acres, to which add, of similar character, about 1100 acres of unsurveyed land adjoining; in all about 6000 acres.
(831									The reserve for a town is of no value as such. The block of country would be most profitably occupied as grouped; along the coast line continuous sand hills and coarse herbage; in-
· 820	1280	3rd	Р.	300		·	0 per annum		land, in part, scrubby forest land; chiefly low-lying heathy country, with marshy bottoms and lagoons interspersed.
827							5 per acre	37	A fair block of grazing land; good upland shelter. Sandy soil generally. Patches of good bottom soil.
828	640	3rd	P.	100		0	o per annum 5 per acre	Vacant	This block, from its situation, on the gold-fields, would be a suitable reserve for the town herd.

Part of the Counties of DORSET and CORNWALL. (Mr. Hurst's District.)

No. q Lot.		Class.	Descrip- tion.		ying icity.	an	Annual d Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
\$ 829 \$ 830	Acres, 1280	3rd	Р.	Sheep. 200	Cattle.	6	s. 0 per annum 5 per acre	Vacant .	Alternate sandy ridges; coarse swamps and lagoons; portions capable of improvement by drainage. From proximity to the town of Lyndhurst and gold-fields, I am of opinion that this area could be leased to advantage, in blocks of 200 acres each, as grazing paddocks.
832	640	3rd	Р.	300	••	9	0 per annum 5 per acre	Vacant	One lot 640 acres—and unsurveyed block adjoining; in all about 1500 acres. Much broken up by sandy ridges; coarse herbage; a considerable area of good bottom land, which would be much improved by draining and laying down in grasses; a suitable site to be had for a homestead, and would form a good dairy farm.
•• ·	800	3rd	P.	200		6 0	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Town of Corfe Castle. Chiefly open country; poor sandy soil; heath and coarse herbage throughout. Surrounded by purchased land and otherwise from its position on the coast, and character of the back country, never likely to be taken up for settlement.
397	1000	3rd	P.	800	••		0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	One lot, 1000 acres, and about 3000 acres, (from the eastern boundary to lot 119) unsurveyed land adjoining. Open undulating country generally; heathy sandy ridges interlacing coarse swamps and lagoons; portions capable of improvement by draining.
{ 118 119 765	1640	3rd	р.	1000	••	30	0 per annum 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Three lots, 1640 acres, and about 3000 acres of similar country, unsurveyed, between lots 119 and 765; 4640 acres in all. Much broken by sand-hills on the coast line; inland, alternate sand-banks, coarse wet marshes and lagoons. Several of the marshes of considerable extent, and good soil capable of great improvement by draining.
••	••	3rd	P.					••	Town of Du Cane That portion of the reserve laid out on the eastern side of the Tomahawk River is unsuitable for the site of a town. Chiefly open heathy land, and wet swamps; very much exposed to the N. W. gales, and destitute of timber. The country on the western bank of the river somewhat better as to shelter and timber. Poor sandy soil, part wet marshy land, but can be readily drained.
436 § 115 { 214	1000	3rd	P	1000	::		0 per annum 2 6 per acre	D. Campbell Vacant	Three lots, 2000 acres, and of similar country, adjoining, 3000; in all 5000 acres. Chiefly sandy heathy country, in parts very scrubby. Coarse marsh land interspersed
87 435 447		3rd	P.	2000	-50		0 per annum 2 6 per acre	D. Campbell	throughout. Seven lots, 5030 acres, and unsurveyed land, hemmed in by and surrounding the several lots; in all about 10,000 acres. A large pro-
246 245 88 117	1640		• •					Vacant	portion of open heathy land; poor soil, interspersed with coarse marshes; upland scrubby forest, with belt of she-oak hills, having fair grazing capabilities. A homestead could be formed upon lot 87, with small area of land for cultivation. Numerous veins of quartz running through the block.
409 { 408 } 410	1000	3rd	P	500	::	15	0 per annum 2 6 per acre		Three lots, 2000 acres, to which add 1000 acres intervening land of similar character; 3000 acres in all. Chiefly open heathy land, and peaty mush. Forest upland very scrubby. Soil chiefly sand, with veins of quartz at short intervals.

Part of the County DORSET and CORNWALL. (Mr. Hurst's District.)

No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity.	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
392	Acres. 1100	3rd	P.	Sheep.	Cattle.	£ s. 6 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre		Part of the town of Ringarooma. This reserve is never likely to be occupied as a town. Chiefly barren sand-hills and heathy country, with a few coarse bottoms interspersed.
\[\begin{cases} 114 \\ 425 \\ 434 \end{cases} \]	8740	3rd	Р.	2000	100	80 0 per annum 0 5 per acre	H. H. Gill	That portion on the south-west of the Ringa- rooma River amply sufficient as a shipping port. Three lots, 8740 acres, to which add the town of Charmouth; unnumbered lot, 640 acres, and block on coast line; in all say 12,000 acr s.
202								As these lots are at present laid down on the chart, they can only be profitably occupied as now grouped. A division, however, could be could be made by an alteration of the boundary lines, so as to make two good lots of nearly
								equal extent and capability. Along the coast line land broken up by barren sand-hills, except a portion of the town of Charmouth, upon which a homestead might be formed. Inland heathy plains, and coarse marshes, with a fair proportion of sound feeding
142A § 142	2100 9700	3rd	P. 	1500	100	60 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	J. Foster Vacant	country on eastern face of the she-oak hills. Western side very scrubby and ferry. A portion of the marsh land of good quality, and capable of much improvement by draining. 11,800 acres. Heathy plains and marsh land, with belts of forest and tea-tree scrub inter-
272	3							laced. A few she-oak hills along the north-western line. A portion of the marsh land could be reclaimed with advantage at a moderate outlay, and laid down in grasses. A good site for home station near the Great Muscle Roe River.
\$ 141 \$ 146 \$ 96 \$ 97	4830 4500 8950	3rd 3rd	P P.	1500	50	45 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre 40 0 per annum	J. Foster Vacant S. Bowen	Four lots, 9330 acres. Alternate marsh and forest land, and heathy plains. A few she-oak feeding hills interspersed, and a considerable proportion of the marsh land capable of improvement by draining. A large proportion open heathy land, interspersed
165 75 76 138 138A 228	4200	3rd	Р.	1000	••	2s. 6d. per acre 30 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre		with coarse marshes. Forest land very scrubby. Four lots, 4200 acres, to which add say 3800 acres, hemmed in by these lots. Principally open heathy country. Sand-hills
95 370 371 448 367	4500	3rd	Р.	1000	100	50 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	F. E. Allport W. Lade	along coast line. Generally poor sandy soil throughout, incapable of much improvement. Eight lots, 4500 acres, which should be made up to 8000 acres from surrounding country; upwards of that area is really made use of. Principally open heathy country, with consider-
198 293 213 248 358	500	3rd	р.	1000	50	40 0 per annum	Vacant	able marshes capable of improvement by draining, and some portion having good soil for grasses. This block has a good cottage on a favorable site for a station. This lot of 500 acres can be made up to 5000 acres
	·					0 2 6 per acre		from the surrounding country and west of Mount William. A large proportion of marsh land, capable of great improvement by draining and laying down in grasses. Marshes, peaty soil, heathy sandy plains, scrubby forest land.
364 440 441 277 365 48	2500 1280 1000	3rd	P	2000	100	80 0 per annum 0 5 per acre ••	F. E. Allport Vacant Vacant	Town of Poole public reserve. Seven lots, 4780 acres, to which add the unsurveyed land surrounding, in all 10,000 acres. From the configuration and character of the country, most desirable in one lot for sale or lease. The town of Poole is never likely to be taken up in small lots; a small reserve for Police and shipping purposes would be sufficient. The block generally open heathy country, inter-
				, ,				spersed with extensive marshes, coarse herbage, but capable of considerable improvement by draining. Some of the marshes have good soil for English grasses.

Part of the County DORSET and CORNWALL. (Mr. Hurst's District.)

	7	 -					···	
No. of Lot.	Area.	Class.	Descrip- tion.		rying acity	Annual and Sale Value.	Lessee.	Remarks.
394 395 150	Acres 1500	3rd	P.	Sheep. 1000	Cattle. 50	£ s. 40 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre	Vacant	Three lots, 1500 acres, to which add unsurveyed land north-east of lot 150 and 395, and west of lot 394, &c., making in all 6000 acres. Principally open heathy country, interspersed with coarse marshes, capable of improvement by
401 426 454	500 1000	3rd	P	1000	50	40 0 per annum 2s. 6d. per acre		draining. Four lots, 2000 acres, to which add the towns of Eddystone and Abbotsbury, and unsurveyed land north and south, making in all 6000 acres.
393	500		••		••		Vacant	Inferior grazing country throughout; heathy plains and coarse marshes, with sand-hills along coast line, and belts of scrubby forest upland.
5	1000	3rd	Р.	200	• • ·	12 0 per anuum 0 5 per acre	John Ralston	The towns unlikely to be occupied as such. Marshes capable of improvement by draining, and upland by burning off. Vicinity of the Town of Evandale. Chiefly scrubby forest land, inferior soil. A continuation of the south-east boundary line of W. Gunn's grant would give (on the south south the south seasons of the late.)
$\begin{cases} 3415 \\ 4266 \\ 4267 \end{cases}$	15803 about	2nd	P. & A.	500	50	30 0 per annum 5 0 per acre	Vacant	east) the most valuable portion of the lot, and in such form most valuable for sale. Unnumbered lot adjoining. Four lots, 2100 acres. A large proportion rugged upland, heavily timbered, and in part
••	640			• • 	••		J. Gibson	scrubby. Generally well grassed, and capable of considerable improvement by ringing and burning off. A suitable position for a homestead with fine marsh land to be had on the south-east boundary of the unnumbered lot. A block of 500 acres at this point would be
177	240	3rd.	Α.	••	••		Vacant	worth 10s. per acre, but the value of the remainder would be considerably reduced. Greater part heavily timbered, scrubby, forest land, much broken and rocky. Small areas fit for cultivation, with good splitting timber.
·						4.		Sandy soil of good quality, and being contiguous to a settlement of small holdings, should be thrown open to free selection at a reduced price.
9 455	150 1000	3rd	P. & A.	200	:	8 0 per annum 0 5 per acre	Vacant J. Williatt	These lots and surrounding country of little value in its present state for pastoral purposes: heavily timbered and scrubby forest land, much broken with rocky upland. Small areas of good soil interspersed throughout, and would be most advantageously occupied by small agricultural settlers. The entire area
\$ 294 286 \$ 126 126A	1000 - 500 1000	3rd 3rd	P. P.	150 200	•	6 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre 10 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant W. Whittle Vacant	might be thrown open for selection. Rugged forest land, heavily timbered, and in part scrubby. Scrubby forest land, and in part heavily timbered. Inferior soil throughout.
287 404 405	. 1000	3rd	Р.]	50	5 0 per annum 0 2 6 per acre	Vacant	Scrubby forest land, coarse herbage, and inferior soil.

ROBERT CRAWFORD, Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the following report, condensed from the several reports which I have forwarded during the progress of my inspection of the Crown Lands in the counties of Cornwall and Dorset. I take the agricultural areas as the first in order. Commencing at the village of Patersonia, (12 miles from Launceston), onwards, for about $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles, towards the settlement of Myrtle Bank, the country is generally open forest land, lightly timbered, inferior clayey loam, and gravelly soil, except small patches on the St. Patrick's River and Patersonia Rivulet; area remaining, suitable for settlement, from 2000 to 3000 acres, 1000 of which are capable of improvement by draining, ringing of trees, and sowing down in grasses; most suitable as dairy farms; proximity to Launceston gives exceptional advantages and value; well watered throughout.

Myrtle Bank Settlement.—About 1300 acres sold; inconsiderable area broken up, and but three homesteads occupied; good rich soil, but stony and heavily timbered. Crown Land remaining, of equal quality, limited and in detached lots; on the western side, towards Mount Arthur, the country is less hilly but heavily timbered and scrubby, with inferior soil. An area of from 2000 to 3000 acres of second-class may be estimated as capable of occupation, but not likely to claim attention at present. On the eastern side of the main road and towards Diddledum for 3 miles rugged barren ranges, heavily timbered, and difficult of access from the road; except a few strips of good land, chiefly on the banks of the St. Patrick's River, soil very inferior.

Agricultural area around St. George's Plain, (represented on the map as about 13,000 acres). About 800 acres sold, but no person resident upon the lots: a few acres recently scrubbed. The who area is very inferior, chiefly myrtle flats, surrounded by rocky barren. upland, heavily timbered, entailing heavy outlay for roads to give access. The so-called St. George's and St. Mary's Plains, of insignificant area, poor gritty soil, with coarse wiry herbage and granite rock cropping up continually. Not more than 2000 acres worth settlement, and in detached areas. On the north-west side, and along the main road on either side, rugged ranges heavily timbered, valleys densely covered with scrub, inaccessible from the present road for eight miles, and unlikely to be taken up. Two miles from the Brid River the country becomes comparatively level, north-west of which and trending towards the Blue Tier and Bridport Road a fine section of probably from 4000 to 5000 acres of good land can be opened up, having easy access from the main line of road. The land east of this and town of Springfield, chiefly low-lying myrtle flats, with cathead fern and prickly wattle scrub, not very heavily timbered; from 3000 to 4000 acres may be classed as good second-class agricultural land, capable of raising fine grasses, and would be most profitably occupied as grazing and dairy farms, for which, indeed, the whole district—termed Scottsdale—is better adapted than for raising cereals: for the past three years the grain crops have been almost total failures, from rust, &c., too great a dependence upon which is the primary cause of the present unsatisfactory state of the community at Scottsdale. From this to the town of Kay, (a distance of 13 miles by the main road), barren, sandy soil generally, heathy marshes and button grass swamps, until the Billycock granite ranges are reached; then much broken up, land difficult of access from the road, heavily timbered and scrubby. Around the town of Kay, (no part of which is settled upon), from 1000 to 1500 acres, in detached lots, of good second-class land can be had, having easy access from a good road. Onwards, easterly, towards the Ringarooma River, the soil rapidly improves; all the fir area is very inferior, chiefly myrtle flats, surrounded by rocky barren upland, heavily timbered, entailing heavy outlay for roads to give access. The so-called St. George's and St. Mary's Plains, of insignificant tracks taken in several directions and, so far as I penetrated, first-class soil; white gum of immense size, yet thinly scattered, not heavily timbered but densely covered with the stinging nettle, bush and tree fern, dogwood, &c. of most luxuriant growth, no stringy bark and but little myrtle; both of which are indications of inferior soil generally. This is the most extensive area of really rich soil which I have passed over in these parts, and will probably be found to be of an area from 10,000 to 15,000 acres, but further exploration is necessary to form an accurate estimate. I am of opinion that access into this large area of good land can be most easily gained by taking the marked tree line (Burgess') from Parr's Rivulet, on the Bridport main road, which leads into the lower surveyed lots, and from thence continued easterly into the land described, instead of as it does now northerly, through barren land, to the town of Ringarooma on the coast line. This and the preceding sections (except a portion of the Scottsdale settlement) well watered, streams and streamlets abounding throughout. The next considerable area is the Piper's River settlement—as coloured on the chart, it may be computed at 36,000 acres: of this 8000 acres have been taken up. As a whole it cannot be set down as first-class land. That portion west of the Piper's River and up to Mount Dismal is almost continuous and its of relyes the appropriate principally beared, where the land is of relyes the appropriate principally beared. entirely located, where the land is of value, the remainder principally barren, heathy land, or, as ascending the mount, rugged tier land, on the face of which small lots only could be selected. East of the Piper

and on either side of Hall's Track the soil varies much, from the south end on to Paterson's selection; generally a clay loam soil running into sand, with small areas of better quality in the valleys and on the creek banks. Besides traversing Hall's Track and those made by sawyers and splitters I had three lines cut, to determine more accurately the area of good land, and run well out into barren, rugged tier land, heavily clothed with stringy bark and gum timber. I cannot compute more than from 4 to 5000 acres of second-class agricultural land in this extensive area remaining for settlement; yet with the nucleus of an advancing community of industrious settlers, already settled, proximity to Launceston, and valuable beds of timber, if a good bush road was given through it I have no doubt but that a considerable proportion would be speedily taken up.

The foregoing takes note of all the chief areas of agricultural lands in these Survey Districts (Messrs. Hurst's and Brown's).

There are isolated lots of small extent scattered throughout the timbered lands, as on the Piper's Brook, Forestier, Piper, Boobyalla, and Tomahawk Rivers, which, from local and exceptional causes, will be selected from time to time, but in the aggregate of no great extent.

The whole may be summarised as follows:—First, and taken in the order of merit, as to soil only, 10,000 to 15,000 acres vicinity of Mount Horror; 3000 to 4000 acres south and east of Isaacs' and Fry's selections, Ringarooma; 500 acres in detached lots, Scottsdale Proper. Of good second class 4000 to 5000 acres west of the River Brid and towards the Blue Tier, Springfield. Of second class, 3000 to 4000 acres east of the Town of Springfield and Main Road; 1000 to 1500 vicinity Town of Kay; 2000 acres south east of Isaacs' and Fry's; 1000 acres on the Dorset; 4000 to 5000 acres Piper's River, Hall's Track; 2000 acres vicinity of Myrtle Bank and towards Mount Arthur. Third class, 2000 acres Diddledum, vicinity of Patersonia. Totals of all say,—15,000 to 20,000 acres rich first class; 4000 to 5000 good second class; 13,000 to 14,000 second class; 2000 third class. Of the above, having best advantage of proximity to existing roads, may be taken respectively the area east and west of the Brid River, vicinity of Springfield and Scottsdale, from 8000 to 9000 acres of both classes; next, about 1500 acres vicinity Town of Kay, and 6000 acres Ringarooma (adjoining Fry's and Isaacs' selections). These areas I recommend as most eligible for immediate sale, and to selectors for first inspection. The large first class block, vicinity of Mount Horror, would require a good bush road being opened up (about 10 to 12 miles) from the main road before it would be available. Of the roads affecting these agricultural settlements I note generally that a fair main line from the shipping port at Bridport runs to the Scottsdale and Ringarooma lands, but that the important line giving an outlet to Launceston via Patersonia is practically shut up for vehicles,—a section of some 10 miles, from the River Brid to Myrtle Bank, (7 miles of which, along the sideling hill, is but a four-feet track), being incomplete. I am informed that this part could be opened for from £3000 to £3500; if so, and it was carried out, an outlet would be given for the

The settlers of Scottsdale agitate for a direct route from thence to the Waterhouse Gold Fields (some 17 miles through an almost barren country, none of which is likely to be settled upon); and, presuming upon the advancement and permanency of the Gold Fields, (which at this date, March, 1870, I consider, so far as this Waterhouse District, extremely problematical). As it would only and specially benefit the sections of Scottsdale and Ringarooma (already enjoying a main line to their shipping port), I am of opinion that the work should be carried out by a special rate levied upon the property of the District; but, if taken in connection with a main line from Launceston to Waterhouse via Scottsdale, the Government might reasonably contribute without prejudice to strong claims for aid elsewhere. The route from Launceston to Waterhouse via the Piper's River Settlement, (Hall's Track), as advocated by many, would be shorter, but it would not open out so large an area of good crown land,—by far the greater part of the line through very inferior land,—and, as a whole, much more costly in construction. So also from Launceston via Mount Direction, although of advantage to existing interests and Gold Fields that may be developed, neither would confer the immediate and tangible benefits of the first named. As giving a good line from Launceston to Waterhouse, even under present exigencies, as opening up a rich agricultural country available for present settlement,—there cannot be a question as to the superior claims of the route via Patersonia and Scottsdale, and the sound policy of opening it out at an early date.

Next in order of importance is the road through the Piper's River Settlement. A considerable population is settled down in this area, grievously held in check for want of even a fair bush main line to convey their produce to market. The road, or rather bush track, for the greater distance through the area, is the worst I have travelled over, and must be impassable in winter time. A fair road, over which vehicles could travel at all seasons, from the finger-posts on the George Town Road to Bridport, a distance of about 26 miles, could be opened out I am informed for an average of £100 per mile. A distance of 10 miles from Bridport would require but little clearing or forming, the country being naturally favourable.

The small area of Diddledum (vicinity of Patersonia) has selections taken up to the extent of 800 acres, but the conditions of settlement cannot be carried out for want of a road to the main line. A careful survey of the country would, I think, give a much better route than the present tracks show, and probably get into the main line from the selected lots in four or five miles.

The present selectors consider they are entitled to aid in the formation of roads according to the terms of purchase: the land cannot be occupied without.

The two first main lines are the most essential for the development of the agricultural areas upon which I am reporting. Carried out, an impetus would be given to existing interests which would beneficially affect the Revenue, and unquestionably cause numerous selections of Crown Land to be made.

The reclamation of thousands of acres of fine land, public and private, now lying idle, would be entered upon, which (before long), covered with an industrious revenue-contributing population, must advance the general interests of the Colony. Without this special aid to "main lines of roads," I see no hope for the advancement of these sections of the country; and the sale of crown lands therein must remain exceptional and of insignificant amount, as at present. The internal roads should be carried out by the judicious application of the fund arising from the sale of these lands to the special advantage of the land from the sale of which the fund is derived,—not, as is generally the case at present, on existing roads under the control of Road Trusts,—as, from the numerous complaints made, and my own observations of the byeroads, it seems essential for the legitimate application that a supervision should be exercised by a properly qualified officer of the Government, in conjunction with the local Boards.

Pastoral Lands.—Parts of the Counties of Cornwall and Dorset, Survey Districts of Messrs. Hurst and Brown. This inspection takes a coast line from Anson's Bay to the River Tamar, and inland to the spurs and ranges of Mounts Victoria, William, Cameron, Horror, &c., and Rivers St. Patrick, Ford, and Nile. From Anson's Bay (under the ranges of Mounts Victoria and William) to the Muscleroe River there are extensive marshes and open heathy land, with considerable belts of scrub and timber, poor sandy soil generally (especially near the coast), quartz grit, and occasionally quartz veins, coarse herbage with heath and fern predominating, marshes, peaty soil, and very wet in winter, but many could be greatly improved by draining.

From the Muscleroe to the Ringarooma Rivers, coast-line similar to the foregoing, with barren, broken sand-hills; marshes and open country inland of better character, as also the forest land, having belts of she-oak hills, with fair pasture: the auriferous indications more distinct, especially under the ranges. From the Ringarooma to the Tomakawk River, low coast line, undulating inland country; poor soil, and marshes very inferior; towards Mounts Cameron and Horror belts of scrub and forest more frequently, and auriferous indications still better defined. From the Tomahawk to the Great Forestier River the country opens out again, having considerable areas of heathy ferny plains and low-lying marshes, until the granite ranges which intercept the agricultural areas of Scottsdale and Ringarooma are reached. Near the coast-line and around Waterhouse undulating country gridironed east and west, with sandy ridges, having extensive marshes and lagoons interspersed. Many of these marshes have good soil, and are capable of great improvement by draining and sowing down in grasses. Some of the lagoons could also be drained with advantage to the surrounding country, as also getting rid of the fluke disease.

From the Great Forestier to the Brid River the scrubby and timbered belts come nearer the coast-line; the inland flats and swamps very inferior. From the Brid to the Piper's River the coast-line has considerable areas of open, sandy; heathy plains, interspersed with marsh and lagoon. From the Brid River, through Lot 113, to the Town of Weymouth, and towards the coast, the auriferous indications are very good. From Weymouth to Beechford (coast towns) the configuration of the country changes rapidly,—quartz, slate, and sand shale ranges, and narrow scrubby bottoms crossed continuously. This section of the Country (south east from the Town of Beechford to the George Town Road, and south west from the Town of Weymouth to Mount Direction) is the vein of auriferous land in which the Back Creek, Springs, and Den Gold Diggings are situated. A line drawn from the Black Rock on the coast to Mount Direction would cut the centre of this auriferous area; and for miles on either side the country has that decided auriferous character which practical miners recognise as their field of operations, and, in my opinion, will eventually prove the most remunerative on the north-east coast. The whole area of no pastoral value. From Sugarloaf Hill and Mount George (vicinity of George Town), following the course of the River Tamar a short distance inland towards Mount Direction and the St. Patrick's River, the configuration and character of the country again changes—chiefly rugged forest land, between which and the coast-line as described in the foregoing paragraphs the agricultural areas of Patersonia, Piper's River, Scottsdale, and Ringarooma are situated.

From this sketch of the pastoral lands in these Survey Districts you will note that such as remains to the Crown are of a low character generally. I estimate 187,309 acres as third class, 14,290 second class, and first class nil. No sufficient pastoral area of the latter that could be profitably occupied, although upon all the blocks (as grouped) there are suitable positions for shepherds' stations and homesteads. The carrying capacity I estimate at 34,700 sheep and 800 head of cattle, with an annual rental of £1315, against £369 8s. 3d. as per last returns.

A few years ago extensive flocks and herds ranged over this country; but of late they have very much decreased, in consequence of the fluke disease: large areas of country have been abandoned. Drainage is the chief requirement, and from the favourable lay of the land generally, and light soil, extensive blocks of marsh and low-lying country could be reclaimed at a moderate outlay.

Of the Huon District I reported at length 18th ultimo, and it may suffice to note here that it contains (so far as explored or known) no considerable area of good agricultural land at any point: the largest and best class, from the east bank of the Huon River on to Port Cygnet and Brown's River. From the south

and west banks of the Huon on to Recherche Bay and far inland, the country is chiefly valuable for its fine timber, and the facilities for shipment which the Huon River and various ports and bays afford. On this section pastoral lands may be set down as nil, and agricultural land of first-class quality very much scattered in small areas throughout the timbered lands. Second-class agricultural more abundant, but no such extent in the whole as will ever sustain a large population dependent upon agricultural produce only. The district might be more properly designated a timber area, and, in my opinion, requires special legislation to encourage the establishment of saw-mills, splitting companies, and such other enterprises as its natural resources demand. The configuration of the country is such as to require numerous readways, and the past system of slab roads seems to me to have altogether failed. With the exception of the Port Cygnet slab road (and this was constructed after the heavy timber traffic had ceased), all the roads are in a very bad state. As an example, the Port Esperance and Southport Roads, constructed at a cost of from £3000 to £4000, into fine beds of splitting timber, and a rush made by the splitters, &c., the area demuded of the best splitting timber for miles, and there are not 1000 acres of land sold, and still less settled upon,—the population dwindling away so soon as the cream is taken off. This is nothing less than giving a bonus for the destruction of the forests, and to encourage a migratory population of splitters. I would suggest that the granting of timber licences should cease; large areas of fine splitting timber are weeded out for a paltry consideration, and the land left to the crown in a worse condition for sale or settlement than in its original state. Competent judges calculate that not more than one-fourth of the timber is duitised. The timber industry is an important one, employing, as it does, a large neamoner of non-producers from the soil; and to establish it upon a more

This District, as also the several agricultural settlements which I have gone through, are not in a satisfactory state of progress, rather retrograding. This arises chiefly from want of even fair bush roads to convey their produce at a reasonable cost to market, and the pecuniary embarrassments of the great majority of the settlers. I have been credibly informed by many of themselves, that probably not one in ten are the real owners of the land on which they reside and expend their energies. As a rule the lot has been too dearly purchased at the outset, and the cost of clearing the heavily timbered land is beyond their capital, so that they have become indebted to the merchant and trader, to whom the land is virtually pledged. Although the land passes from the crown, and the instalments may be raked up by much pinching and borrowing, it does not conduce to the healthy settlement of the Colony, nor is the land so sold, under such circumstances, brought into profitable bearing with the desired speed. It must strike every intelligent observer passing through these settlements how comparatively small an area is worked. In my Report of last year, page 68, on the George's Bay area, I took the liberty of suggesting a more liberal disposal of the heavily timbered land. Extended observations confirm that view; but if such cannot financially be considered expedient at the present time, I would respectfully suggest that these agricultural lands should be of two classes, first and second: 20s. per acre upset price for first class, and 10s. per acre for second class. Of the first, such as parts of Scottsdale, Ringarooma, and Mount Horror; of the second, as at Piper's River and elsewhere. Considerable areas of second class would be taken up at the lower rate, at least if put up to auction at that price; if worth more it would be realised. That in both cases at least one-half of the purchase money should be extended to 14 years at least, the first two years to be easy payments; and to relieve present struggling occupiers who

The inspection of the pastoral lands in the settled districts of the Colony may be considered all but completed; and in closing my Report thereon I respectfully press upon your notice one of the most important facts which this inspection of the country discloses, and perhaps the chief reason of the falling off of late years of the crown land rentals. In my Report, January, 1869, on the New Country, I note:—
"These lands form a fine pastoral country which would be greatly enhanced in value by a proper system of drainage being set about. The country cannot be profitably occupied until effectually drained. I fear at the present juncture no scheme, however liberal as to tenure of lease, will induce the crown tenants to engage in such improvement: as a class they have not the means to do so. It is not desirable, as a rule, that the crown should undertake such works; yet, as the proprietor of so fine an estate, the subject is worthy of serious consideration." Again, August, 1869, on Lake Country:—"Improvement on this head (drainage) is very important, as affecting the revenue derived from the crown lands." And as to private lands also, "any scheme of drainage, therefore, to benefit the pastoral interests generally should include relief, by loan or otherwise, to proprietors of such land." "Drainage, by a proper system, can alone prevent the Fluke scourge." And the practical conclusion of the Commission appointed by the Legislature last year to enquire into the causes, &c. of this Fluke disease, and for the special purpose of assisting the

sheepowners in the matter, was, that drainage of the affected lands could alone effectually eradicate the disease. The inspection this year still further shows the necessity of attention being given to this question. The very large area of rich grazing land in the New Country, equally extensive areas of good pastoral lands in the Lake District, East and North-east Coast, and elsewhere, which was formerly occupied and returning a goodly rental, now utterly abandoned, is a very serious matter, affecting the crown revenue and material wealth of the Colony. A case came under my observation a short time ago: a lessee of 5000 acres paying £50 per annum, and (a quiet enjoyment block) having a fixed term still to run, in consequence of heavy losses the land has been unoccupied for two years, no rent paid for that time. The Government cannot make any allowance, and he abandons it. The Crown here loses £100, which, had the lessee been enabled to drain the land by a loan of capital at a moderate rate of interest, he would probably have set about it and continued his occupation. Another, from a flock of 2400 sheep sent up last year cannot now muster 400. Again, a large lessee of crown lands writes: "I shall give up all my crown lands on the Coast; the sheep sent there last year are all dead." An old property in the same District formerly having good flocks had to be abandoned from inability of the owner to improve, and sold a short time ago for 5s. per acre: very many similar cases could be enumerated. Although fixity of tenure and extension of lease, with proper grouping of the lots of the pastoral lands, will, most probably, improve the Crown rentals from such land as can be occupied, yet there must remain a very considerable loss of revenue, unless relief can be given on this head.

I recommend, as last year, that the lands should be blocked, where practicable, into such areas and in accord with quality, configuration of country, &c. as will depasture so much stock as to enable the run to be profitably occupied: 14 years fixed tenure of lease for first and second class, 21 years for third class, with power to purchase. That upset sale price of first class should be 10s. per acre; second class 5s., and third class 2s. 6d. Of the latter class, scattered throughout the several old settled Districts, and surrounded by private property, there is a very considerable area, in the aggregate; in most cases it is not really worth that sum intrinsically. The crown derives no revenue from such, and I believe if lots of this description were offered at the lowest upset price a considerable area would be got rid of with advantage; if worth 5s. it would be got by commencing the competition at the lesser sum.

The maps now being compiled, with the particulars of each lot attached, and which you purpose distributing to the several Municipal Offices, will give desirable information, and greatly facilitate the occupation of the pastoral lands. I would suggest that similar information on the several agricultural areas should be made up and freely distributed.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

ROBERT CRAWFORD,

Commissioner Inspecting Crown Lands.

The Hon. the Minister of Lands and Works, Hobart Town.