

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

SESSION OF 2019 - 2020

(SECOND SESSION OF THE FORTY-NINTH PARLIAMENT)

# NOTICES OF MOTION AND ORDERS OF THE DAY

No. 57

WEDNESDAY, 3 JUNE 2020

(At 11.00 o'clock am)

## NOTICES OF QUESTION

- 33 Ms Webb to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government Given that face-to-face gambling venues are closed during the COVID-19 shutdown, and many habitual gamblers and those who have a problem with gambling will be experiencing an enforced pause to their face-to-face gambling activity:
- (1) What increased and/or additional risks have been identified by the Government during the COVID-19 crisis in relation to:
  - (a) levels of gambling activity;
  - (b) levels of gambling harm;
  - (c) impact on those who are in an at-risk gambling category; and
  - (d) impact on the families of those in at-risk gambling categories?
- (2) What initiatives have been developed under the Government's gambling support program to specifically address the changed circumstances and potential increased risks during the COVID-19 crisis?
- (3) Has additional funding been provided specifically to gambling support services for proactive outreach during the COVID-19 crisis?
- (4) Has additional funding been invested during the COVID-19 crisis in the Government's public health education campaigns relating to gambling?
- (5) Has there been an increase during the COVID-19 crisis in the frequency of media and online advertisements promoting the public health messaging on gambling and promoting gambling support services?
- (6) How are the Government's gambling-related web-based sites, e.g. the Know Your Odds website and Facebook page and the Communities Tasmania gambling webpage, being used to provide the Tasmanian public with information, advice or messages specifically relating to the COVID-19 crisis and gambling harm and gambling services?

(asked 7.05.20)

- 34 Ms Webb to ask the Honourable Leader of the Government Noting that there is concern expressed about an increase in online gambling during the time face-to-face gambling venues are closed, with many gambling-related activities such as racing having also ceased, and with people spending more time in isolation at home:
- (1) How does the Government measure the level of use and quantum of losses to online gambling in this state?

- (2) (a) Is there an accurate and credible measurement of the levels of use and quantum of losses to online gambling prior to the COVID-19 crisis in Tasmania; and
  - (b) If so, what are the pre-COVID-19 Tasmanian figures on use and losses to online gambling?
- (3) How is the Government monitoring or measuring the levels of use and quantum of losses to online gambling during the COVID-19 crisis in Tasmania?
- (4) Is the Government aware of an increase in the use of and losses to online gambling during the COVID-19 crisis?
- (5) (a) Is the Government monitoring or measuring changes in the amount of advertising for online gambling in Tasmania during to the COVID-19 crisis?
  - (b) (i) If so, has there been an increase in advertising; and
    - (ii) what is the data on that increase?

(asked 7.05.20)

### ORDERS OF THE DAY

- Premier's Address Adjourned Debate (Mr *Valentine*) on the Question proposed on 18 and 19 March 2020 That the Address be noted.
- Police Offences Amendment (Repeal of Begging) Bill 2019 (No. 49 of 2019): Second reading.
- 3 Marine-Related Incidents (MARPOL Implementation) Bill 2019 (No.37): Second reading.
- 4 Neighbourhood Disputes About Plants Amendment Bill 2019 (No.35): Second reading.
- 5 Justice Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments Bill 2019 (No.39): Second reading.
- 6 Police Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments Bill 2019 (No. 44): Second reading.
- 7 Brickmakers Point Landslip Bill 2020 (No. 15): (under suspension of standing orders) Adjourned Debate (Mr *Finch*) on the Question proposed on 25 March 2020 That the Bill be now read the Second time.
- 8 Sentencing Amendment (Assaults on Off-Duty Police) Bill 2018 (No. 6): Second reading.
- **9** Justice Legislation (Mandatory Sentencing) Bill 2019 (No. 57): Second reading.
- Workplaces (Protection from Protesters) Amendment Bill 2019 (No. 54): Second reading.
- 11 Consideration of the following Message from the House of Assembly MR PRESIDENT,

The House of Assembly having agreed to the following Resolution, begs now to transmit the same to the Legislative Council, and to request its concurrence therein —

Resolved, —

That the House of Assembly refers to the House Committee the matter of non-Government Members' access to 'Parliamentary Counsel' and that the matters pertaining to the location within Parliament House and access arrangements to the Parliamentary Counsel be a matter to be determined by the Committee and reported to both Houses

House of Assembly, 31 July 2019

SUE HICKEY, Speaker".

- Public Health Amendment (Prevention of Sale of Smoking Products to Under-Age Persons) Bill 2018 (No. 45): Adjourned Debate (Mr Dean) on the Question proposed on 6 August 2019 That the Bill be now read the Second time. (Private Member's Bill)
- 13 Adjourned Debate (Ms Forrest) on the Question proposed on 17 March 2020 -
- (1) That the Legislative Council notes:

- (a) Australia (with the exception of Western Australia), has an approach to poker machine policy and regulation that is significantly different to virtually all similar countries globally, resulting in Australia having:
  - (i) a disproportionately high number of poker machines per capita;
  - (ii) a typical style of poker machine that is regarded as 'high intensity'; and
  - (iii) a comparatively high level of harm due to the use of poker machines.
- (b) Poker machines typically in use in Australia are designed and programmed to include features that increase the likelihood of addiction, with evidence suggesting that normal use of Australian poker machines is likely to cause addiction in one in six users, these features relate to:
  - (i) spin speed;
  - (ii) bet limits:
  - (iii) maximum jackpot;
  - (iv) near misses;
  - (v) losses disguised as wins; and
  - (vi) return to player.
- (c) It is possible to modify the design and programming features of poker machines to decrease the likelihood of addiction, and such modifications would have little impact on the recreational use of poker machines by Tasmanians.
- (d) The impact of harm caused by poker machine use on Tasmanian health and mental health services, family support services, welfare services, criminal justice system, domestic violence services, housing and homelessness services, productivity and level of unemployment, is not currently measured and monitored by the Tasmanian Government so as to effectively inform policy development and regulation relating to poker machines.
- (e) Data available on poker machine use indicates:
  - (i) at least 23,000 Tasmanians are in at-risk groups (low, moderate and problem gambling);
  - (ii) one in three Tasmanians personally know someone with a serious problem with gambling on poker machines;
  - (iii) 79 per cent of Tasmanian Gamblers Help clients have poker machines as their primary form of gambling; and
  - (iv) 40-60 per cent of the money taken by poker machines comes from people addicted to the machines or are classified as at-risk.
- (f) The Social and Economic Impact Study (SEIS) 2017 notes limitations to the collection of accurate and reliable data in Tasmania on:
  - (i) the use of poker machines, including accurate frequency and expenditure; and
  - (ii) employment figures related to poker machines in hotels and clubs.
- (g) To date, the Tasmanian Government has not released and made available for public scrutiny and discussion, modelling on the social and economic impact of the proposed new poker machine licensing arrangements to be introduced in Tasmania in 2023.
- (2) The Legislative Council calls on the Tasmanian Government to undertake and publicly release modelling on the social and economic impact of the proposed new poker machine licensing arrangements to be introduced in Tasmania in 2023.
- 14 Report of the Legislative Council Government Administration Committee 'A' Short Inquiry Process Report on Services and Supports Available to Tasmanians not Eligible for the NDIS. Consideration and noting. (Ms *Forrest*)
- **15** Report of the Legislative Council Select Committee Final Report on AFL in Tasmania: Consideration and noting (Mr *Dean*)
- **16** Partition Bill 2019 (No. 2): Second reading.

### **NOTICES OF MOTION**

- Mr *Dean* to move That the Report of the Integrity Commission No. 4 of 2017: An investigation into allegations of misconduct in the Fox Free Taskforce and Fox Eradication Program, be considered and noted.
- Mrs *Hiscutt* to move That the Council approve, in accordance with subsections 11(7) and 12(4) of the *Public Account Act 1986*, additional Recurrent Services and Works and Services expenditure in 2018-19 for the purposes detailed in the Section 19 Return for the June Quarter 2019.
- 3 Ms *Rattray* to move That the Tasmanian Irrigation Annual Report 2018-2019 be considered and noted.
- 4 Mr *Dean* to move That the Department of Police, Fire and Emergency Management Annual Report 2018-2019 be considered and noted.
- 5 Ms Forrest to move That the Legislative Council notes:
- (1) Family violence is evidenced by any of the following types of conduct committed by a person, directly or indirectly against that person's spouse or partner:
  - (a) economic abuse;
  - (b) emotional abuse;
  - (c) intimidation;
  - (d) breaching any existing orders relating to Family Violence;
  - (e) assault (including sexual assault);
  - (f) threats;
  - (g) coercion;
  - (h) verbal abuse;
  - (i) abduction;
  - (j) stalking; or
  - (k) an attempt to do any of those things.
- (2) The Government's ongoing commitment to the prevention of family violence with Premier Gutwein holding the portfolio of Minister for the Prevention of Family Violence;
- (3) The need for a whole of Parliament, non-partisan, whole of government approach to:
  - (a) raising awareness of family violence and violence against women in all settings and challenge attitudes that promote the status quo;
  - (b) the consideration of further law reform to promote and support the safety of victims, predominantly women and children;
  - (c) provide whole of community, evidence based, appropriate and targeted education programs in all areas of the Tasmanian community that;
    - (i) support gender equality;
    - (ii) increase awareness and understanding of the need for cultural change;
    - (iii) improve accountability mechanisms; and
    - (iv) reduce the stigma and silencing of those who have experienced family violence;
  - (d) promote gender equality awareness and training in workplaces;
  - (e) provide adequate resourcing to support the victims of family violence, predominantly women and children, to access;
    - (i) safe shelter,
    - (ii) financial support;
    - (iii) social support;
    - (iv) access to justice and legal aid; and
    - (v) psychological and therapeutic support;
  - (f) provide support for and access to evidence based programs for perpetrators to modify behaviour; and
  - (g) role-modelling of respectful relationships.

- (4) The important role of police and emergency services as first responders to incidents of family violence and domestic abuse.
- **6** Ms *Forrest* to move —
- (1) That the Legislative Council notes:
  - (a) The World Health Organisation has declared 2020 as the International Year of the Nurse and Midwife:
  - (b) Nurses and midwives make a significant contribution to all areas of health care, wellness promotion and illness prevention, often working in challenging circumstances;
  - (c) Nursing and midwifery care is predominantly provided by women;
  - (d) Nurses and midwives constitute more than 50% of the health workforce in many countries;
  - (e) The world needs 9 million more nurses and midwives if it is to achieve universal health coverage by 2030;
  - (f) In remote areas, nurses and midwives are often the first and only point of care in their communities;
  - (g) Strengthening nursing and midwifery will assist in promoting and achieving the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDG's) 5 (Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls) and 8, (Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all), and support other SDG's; and
- (2) That the Legislative Council recognises, highly values and thanks all Tasmanian nurses and midwives for their hard work, dedication and commitment in all areas of practice.
- Ms *Rattray* to move That the Government Businesses Scrutiny Committee 'B' 2019 Report be considered and noted.
- 8 Mr Dean to move That the 'Review of the effectiveness of electronic monitoring as a condition for perpetrators in Family Violence Orders, under section 16 (3)(c) of the Family Violence Act 2004'report be considered and noted.

D.T. PEARCE, Clerk of the Council.

#### PAPERS ISSUED

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Notice Paper No. 56 Bills Nos. 18 & 29 Paper Nos. 4

### SUMMARY OF BILLS

Read First Time

Bill No. 6 of 2018	Sentencing Amendment (Assaults on Off-Duty Police).
Bill No. 2 of 2019	Partition (pro forma).
Bill No. 35 of 2019	Neighbourhood Disputes About Plants Amendment.
Bill No. 37 of 2019	Marine-Related Incidents (MARPOL Implementation).
Bill No. 49 of 2019	Police Offences Amendment (Repeal of Begging).
Bill No. 39 of 2019	Justice Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments.
Bill No. 44 of 2019	Police Legislation Miscellaneous Amendments.
Bill No. 54 of 2019	Workplaces (Protection from Protesters) Amendment.
Bill No. 57 of 2019	Justice Legislation (Mandatory Sentencing).

Second Reading Debate Adjourned

Bill No. 45 of 2018 Public Health Amendment (Prevention of Sale of Smoking Products to Under-Age Persons).
Bill No. 15 Brickmakers Point Landslip.

#### Agreed to by Both Houses

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Bill No. 15 of 2018
                          Corrections Amendment (Prisoner Remission) (Act No.32 of 2019).
Bill No. 40 of 2018
                          Gas Industry (Act No.1 of 2019).
Bill No. 41 of 2018
                          Gas Safety (Act No.2 of 2019).
Bill No. 42 of 2018
                          Gas (Consequential Amendments) (Act No.3 of 2019).
Bill No. 43 of 2018
                          Mental Health Amendment (Act No.8 of 2019).
Bill No. 47 of 2018
                          Justice and Related Legislation (Marriage Amendments) (Act No.7 of 2019).
Bill No. 51 of 2018
                          Security and Investigations Agents Amendment (Act No.9 of 2019).
Bill No. 52 of 2018
                          Supreme Court Civil Procedure Amendment (Act No. 14 of 2019).
Bill No. 57 of 2018
                          Energy Co-ordination and Planning Amendment (Act No.4 of 2019).
Bill No. 58 of 2018
                          Community, Health, Human Services and Related Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Act
                          No.13 of 2019).
Bill No. 59 of 2018
                          Land Acquisition Amendment (Act No.31 of 2019).
Bill No. 60 of 2018
                          Litter Amendment (Act No.30 of 2019).
Bill No. 61 of 2018
                          Forest Practices Amendment (Act No.25 of 2019).
Bill No. 63 of 2018
                          Criminal Code and Related Legislation Amendment (Child Abuse) (Act No.29 of 2019).
Bill No. 64 of 2018
                          Electricity Supply Industry Restructuring (Savings and Transitional Provisions) Amendment (Act
                          No.24 of 2019).
Bill No. 65 of 2018
                          Registration to Work with Vulnerable People Amendment (Act No.18 of 2019).
Bill No. 66 of 2018
                          Short Stay Accommodation (Act No.12 of 2019).
Bill No. 3 of 2019
                          Electoral Amendment (Act No.5 of 2019).
Bill No. 4 of 2019
                          Motor Accidents (Liabilities and Compensation) Amendment (Act No.6 of 2019).
Bill No. 5 of 2019
                          Criminal Code Amendment (Bullying) (Act No.34 of 2019).
Bill No. 6 of 2019
                          Fruit and Nut Industry (Research, Development and Extension Trust Fund) Repeal (Act No.35 of
Bill No. 7 of 2019
                           Workers Rehabilitation and Compensation Amendment (Presumption as to Cause of Disease) (Act
                          No.11 of 2019).
Bill No. 9 of 2019
                          Consolidated Fund Appropriation (Supplementary Appropriation for 2018-19) (Act No.10 of
                          2019)
Bill No. 10 of 2019
                          Disability Services Amendment (Act No.17 of 2019).
Bill No. 11 of 2019
                          Greater Hobart (Act No.21 of 2019).
Bill No. 12 of 2019
                          Health Miscellaneous Amendments (Act No.15 of 2019).
Bill No. 14 of 2019
                          Right to Information Amendment (Applications for Review) (Act No.26 of 2019).
Bill No. 15 of 2019
                          Biosecurity (Act No.22 of 2019).
Bill No. 16 of 2019
                          Disposal of Uncollected Goods (Act No. 2 of 2020).
Bill No. 17 of 2019
                          Local Government (Highways) Amendment (Act No.28 of 2019).
Bill No. 19 of 2019
                           Vehicle and Traffic Amendment (Act No.37 of 2019).
Bill No. 20 of 2019
                           Workers Rehabilitation and Compensation Amendment (Act No.23 of 2019).
Bill No. 21 of 2019
                          Appropriation Bill (No. 1) (Act No.19 of 2019).
Bill No. 22 of 2019
                          Appropriation Bill (No. 2) (Act No.20 of 2019).
Bill No. 23 of 2019
                          Government Procurement Review (International Free Trade Agreements) (Act No.27 of 2019).
Bill No. 24 of 2019
                          First Home Owner Grant Amendment (Act No.16 of 2019).
                          Roads and Jetties Amendment (Validation) (Act No.39 of 2019).
Bill No. 25 of 2019
                          Roads and Jetties Amendment (Works in Highways) (Act No.38 of 2019).
Bill No. 26 of 2019
Bill No. 27 of 2019
                          Magistrates Court (Criminal and General Division) (Act No.43 of 2019).
Bill No. 28 of 2019
                          Magistrates Court (Criminal and General Division) (Consequential Amendments) (Act No.44 of
Bill No. 29 of 2019
                          Restraint Orders (Act No.47 of 2019).
Bill No. 30 of 2019
                          Civil Liability Amendment (Act No.33 of 2019).
                          Historic Cultural Heritage Amendment (Act No.36 of 2019).
Bill No. 31 of 2019
Bill No. 32 of 2019
                          Public Works Committee Amendment (Act No.42 of 2019).
Bill No. 33 of 2019
                          Genetically Modified Organisms Control Amendment (Act No.40 of 2019).
Bill No. 34 of 2019
                          Legal Profession Amendment (Validation) (Act No.41 of 2019).
Bill No. 36 of 2019
                          Justice Legislation Amendment (Organisational Liability for Child Abuse) (Act No.48 of 2019).
Bill No. 38 of 2019
                          Place Names (Act No. 1 of 2020).
Bill No. 41 of 2019
                          Public Sector Superannuation Reform Amendment (Act No.52 of 2019).
Bill No. 42 of 2019
                          Burial and Cremation (Act No.50 of 2019).
Bill No. 43 of 2019
                          Dog Control Amendment (Act No.53 of 2019).
Bill No. 45 of 2019
                          Poisons Amendment (Act No.51 of 2019).
Bill No. 46 of 2019
                          Inland Fisheries Amendment (Royalties) (Act No.46 of 2019).
Bill No. 47 of 2019
                          Long Service Leave (State Employees) Amendment (Act No.49 of 2019).
Bill No. 51 of 2019
                          Gaming Control Amendment (Wagering) (Act No.45 of 2019).
Bill No. 56 of 2019
                          Duties Amendment (Act No. 3 of 2020).
Bill No. 3
                          Justice Legislation Amendments (Criminal Responsibility) (Act No. 10 of 2020).
Bill No. 4
                          Evidence Amendment (Act No. 7 of 2020).
Bill No. 5
                          Criminal Code Amendment (Sexual Abuse Terminology) (Act No. 8 of 2020).
Bill No. 10
                          Appropriation (Supplementary Appropriation for 2019-20) (Act No. 4 of 2020).
Bill No. 11
                          Supply Bill (No. 1) (Act No. 5 of 2020).
Bill No. 12
                          Supply Bill (No. 2) (Act No. 6 of 2020).
Bill No. 13
                          Taxation and Related Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) (Act No. 9 of 2020).
Bill No. 14
                          COVID-19 Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Act No.11 of 2020).
Bill No. 17
                          COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Miscellaneous Provisions) (No.2) (Act No. 12 of 2020).
Bill No. 19
                          COVID-19 Disease Emergency (Commercial Leases).
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#### STANDING COMMITTEES AND MEMBERS

Committee of Privileges: Mr Dean, Mr Farrell (The President), Mr Finch, Ms Forrest (Chair of Committees) and Mrs Hiscutt. Standing Orders Committee: The President (Mr Farrell), The Chair of Committees (Ms Forrest), Mrs Hiscutt, Ms Rattray and Mr Valentine.

Parliamentary Standing Committee on Public Works (Joint): Ms Rattray and Mr Valentine.

Parliamentary Standing Committee on Subordinate Legislation (Joint): Ms Forrest, Ms Rattray and Ms Webb.

Parliamentary Standing Committee of Public Accounts (Joint): Mr *Dean*, Ms *Forrest* and Mr *Willie*. Parliamentary Standing Committee on Integrity (Joint): Ms *Armitage*, Mr *Dean* and Mr *Valentine*.

### SESSIONAL COMMITTEES AND MEMBERS

House Committee (Joint): The President (Mr Farrell), Ms Forrest, Mrs Hiscutt Library Committee (Joint): Ms Armitage, Mr Farrell, Mr Finch, Ms Forrest, Ms Rattray and Mr Valentine. Government Administration A: Mr Finch, Ms Forrest, Mr Gaffney, Ms Lovell, Mr Valentine and Ms Webb.

- Horizontal Fiscal Equalisation System
- Finfish Farming in Tasmania

Government Administration B: Ms Armitage, Mr Armstrong, Mr Dean, Ms Rattray, Ms Siejka and Mr Willie.

#### SELECT COMMITTEES AND MEMBERS

Production of Documents: Mr Dean, Ms Forrest, Ms Webb and Mr Willie. Greater Hobart Traffic: Mr Armstrong, Ms Siejka, Mr Valentine and Ms Webb.