Ilise Bourke

From:	Dennis Camplin <dcam13@internode.on.net></dcam13@internode.on.net>
Sent:	Wednesday, 16 January 2013 9:24 AM
To:	tfacommittee
Subject:	Further to my earlier Submission
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Please view the 3 jpegs copied from the Tasmanian Year Books 1967, 1977, 1981 which clearly shows the decline in the number of Tasmanian Sawmills. In later Tasmanian Year Books the the reference of the number of sawmills is not included. Today there is only about 50 sawmills left in Tasmania. The reduction of sawmills is directly corrolated to the reduction of available sawlog supply and the increase in woodchipping.

What has been the impact on regional communities with the loss of these sawmills?

The last image is from the Launceston Examiner showing the fire at Montumana. Look at all the rubbish left behind from a typical wood chipping operation. If you follow the Tour of France you see forest areas that are being harvested, what you don't see is waste left behind to fuel a fire like in Tasmania.

Regards

Dennis Camplin

Sawmill decline 1967.jpg

Employment

The next table shows the number of sawmills and the number of persons employed:

Particulars						1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
Number of Sav Average Numb			ed Du	ring Ye		326	327	322	305
Males .	•					2,661	2,548	2,560	2,701
Females .		• •				53	53	37	53
Persor	ns	••				2,714	2,601	2,597	2,754

Number of Sawmills and Persons Employed (a)

(a) In mills; excludes those engaged on logging operations.

Production of Wood Pulp and Paper

Details of paper and newsprint production are not available for publication but wood pulp figures are an indicator of activity.

Wood pulp is the basic material in the production of paper, newsprint, &c. and is made by any one of three processes, namely mechanical, chemical, or mechanical and chemical combined; the last process is referred to as "semichemical". The basic technological problem in producing satisfactory pulp from some eucalypt species, and from some other pulpwoods, was related to the relative shortness of their wood fibre; in the semi-chemical process, the preliminary chemical treatment of the wood reduces the amount of grinding required and thus prevents excessive fibre destruction. The following table shows production of this material over a four-year period, together with employment details for the industry:

P	rs		1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64		
Number of Establis Average Number H			ing Ve		3	3	4	4
Males	 				2,651	2,631	2,727	2,863
Females .					442	411	471	510
Persons	• •			22	3,093	3,042	3,198	3,373
Wood Pulp Produc	ed (a)		(T	ons)	116,785	116,082	136,188	157,413

Factor Class XII, Sub-Class 9-Paper Making

(a) Ground wood pulp, chemical and semi-chemical pulp.

In the previous table, figures for wood pulp should be regarded only as an index of production since the pulp is an "intermediate" product which has still to be converted to fine paper, newsprint, &c.

Sawmill decline 1977.jpg

Geographical Distribution of Sawmills

The next table records the absolute decline in the number of mills over recent years. The area with the heaviest incidence of closures has been the southern orcharding region.

Statistical divisions and sub-divisions		1969-70	1971-72	1972-73	1973-74	1974-75	
Hobart Southern			} 96 {	12 73	12 70	14 73	12 64
Northern— Tamar North Eastern			53 36	61 29	61 29	56 30	55 27
Total			89	90	90	86	82
Mersey-Lyell— North Western Western			45 8	39 8	37 8	38 7	36 7
Total			53	47	45	45	.43
Tasmania			238	222	217	218	201

Distribution of Operative Sawmill and Plywood Mill Locations by Statistical Divisions and Sub-divisions

Sawmill decline 1981.jpg

Geographical Distribution of Sawmills

The next table records the overall decline in the number of mills over recent years. The areas with the heaviest incidence of closures have been the north-eastern and southern regions.

Distribution of Operative Sawmill and Plywood Mill Locations by Statistical Divisions and Sub-divisions

Statistical divisions and sub-divisions	1973-74	1974-75	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79
Hobart Southern	14 73	12 64	13 56	12 43	12 48	11 43
Northern— Tamar North Eastern	56 30	55 27	52 25	48 21	43 19	39 19
Total in the second second in the	86	82	77	69	62	58
Mersey-Lyell— North Western Western	38 7	36 7	34 7	30 7	36 8	34 7
Total	45	43	41	. 37	44	41
Tasmania	218	201	187	161	166	153

Forest-as-left-after-woodch.jpg

